



## Rich's lesson module checklist

***Last updated 1/31/2017***

- ☐ Slides and lab posted
- ☐ WB converted from PowerPoint
- ☐ Print out agenda slide and annotate page numbers
  
- ☐ Flash cards
- ☐ Properties
- ☐ Page numbers
- ☐ 1<sup>st</sup> minute quiz
- ☐ Web Calendar summary
- ☐ Web book pages
- ☐ Commands
  
- ☐ Opus accounts made (with TBDs for walk-ins) and populated
- ☐ Accounts made: Aryas, Scavenger Hunt systems, Lights XC
- ☐ Last forum archived, new forum created with welcome post
- ☐ Canvas LMS setup with website links and welcome letter
- ☐ Scavenger Hunt Lab 1 tested (fix Mac Freedom and log rotate issues)
- ☐ Lesson 1 supplemental videos updated and posted
- ☐ CIS 90 VMs created and configured
- ☐ Surveys and PW sheet posted
- ☐ Login credentials document updated and secured
  
- ☐ Welcome letter sent in advance of first class
- ☐ Rosters printed
- ☐ Add codes printed
  
- ☐ Backup slides, whiteboard slides, CCC info, handouts on flash drive
- ☐ Spare 9v battery for mic
- ☐ Key card for classroom door



## Student checklist for attending class

simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php

Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes  
CIS 90 Calendar

CIS 90 (Fall 2014) Calendar

Calendar

Lesson	Date	Topics	Link
Lesson 1	9/2	<p><b>Class and Linux Overview</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how the course will work</li> <li>High-level overview of computers, operating systems, and virtual machines</li> <li>Overview of UNIX/Linux kernel and architecture</li> <li>Using SSH for remote network access</li> <li>Using terminals and the command line</li> </ul> <p><b>Materials</b></p> <p><b>Presentation slides (download)</b></p> <p><b>Supplemental</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PowerPoint: Logging into Opus (download)</li> </ul> <p><b>Assignments</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Student Survey</li> <li>Lab 1</li> </ul> <p><b>CIS Confer</b></p> <p><b>Enter virtual classroom</b></p>	<p>Download</p> <p>Download</p> <p>Download</p>

1. Browse to:  
**<http://simms-teach.com>**
2. Click the **CIS 90** link.
3. Click the **Calendar** link.
4. Locate today's lesson.
5. Find the **Presentation slides** for the lesson and **download** for easier viewing.
6. Click the **Enter virtual classroom** link to join CCC Confer\*
7. Log into Opus with Putty or ssh command.

\* First time online students should use:  
<http://www.cccconfer.org/support/Readiness>  
to verify their computer is ready for CCC Confer.

Note: Blackboard Collaborate Launcher only needs to be installed once. It has already been downloaded and installed on the classroom PC's.



## Student checklist for suggested screen layout

☐ Google

☐ CCC Confer

☐ Downloaded PDF of Lesson Slides

The screenshot displays a virtual classroom interface with several overlapping windows. A central window shows a Google map of San Jose, CA, with the title 'Class Activity - Where are you now?'. To the left is a Blackboard course page for 'Rich's Cabrillo College CIS 90 Calendar'. Overlaid on this is a 'CCC Confer' window showing a video feed of a person and a list of participants. To the right is a PDF viewer showing 'cis90lesson01.pdf - Adobe Acrobat Pro'. Below the PDF is a terminal window displaying login information for 'Opus' and 'Cabrillo College'. At the bottom left, a small window shows a calendar page for 'CIS 90 (Spring)'. Blue arrows point from the checklist items to these specific windows.

☐ CIS 90 website Calendar page

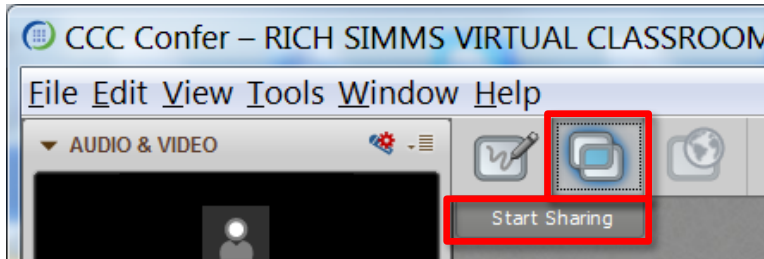
☐ One or more login sessions to Opus



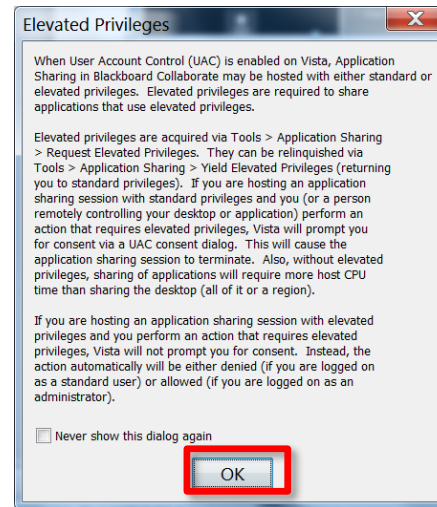


# Student checklist for sharing desktop with classmates

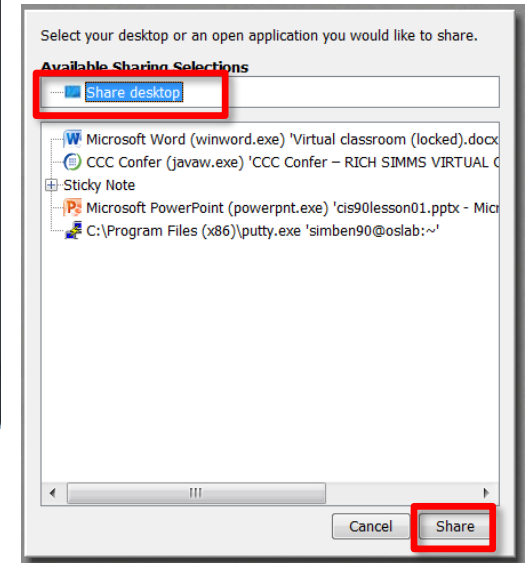
1) Instructor gives you sharing privileges.



2) Click overlapping rectangles icon. If white "Start Sharing" text is present then click it as well.



3) Click OK button.



4) Select "Share desktop" and click Share button.

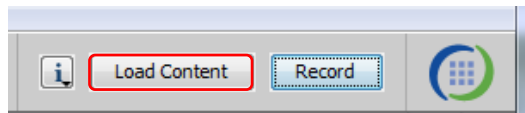




## Rich's CCC Confer checklist - setup

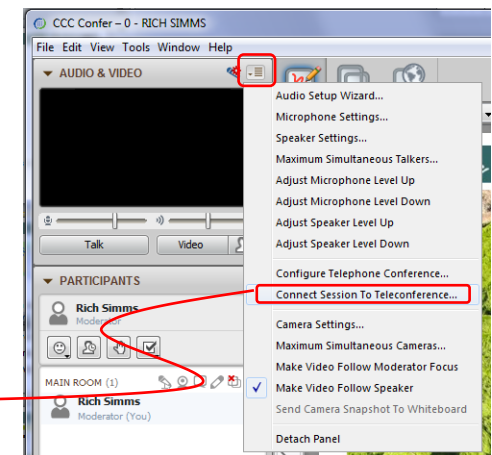
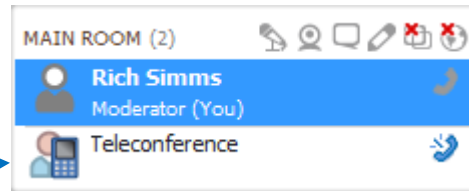


[ ] Preload White Board

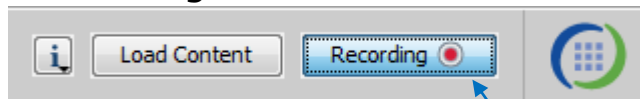


[ ] Connect session to Teleconference

*Session now connected to teleconference*



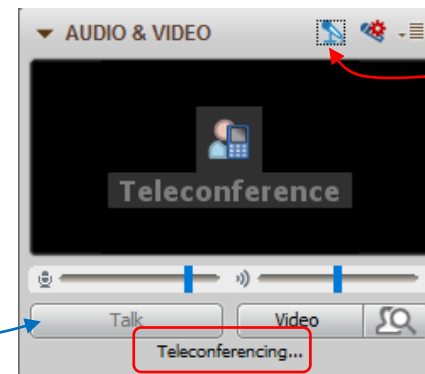
[ ] Is recording on?



*Red dot means recording*

[ ] Use teleconferencing, not mic

*Should be grayed out*



*Should change from phone handset icon to little Microphone icon and the Teleconferencing ... message displayed*



## Rich's CCC Confer checklist - screen layout



The screenshot displays a Windows desktop environment during a CCC Confer session. The desktop includes several open applications:

- CCC Confer - 0 - RIC...:** A window showing the conferencing interface with sections for AUDIO & VIDEO, PARTICIPANTS (listing Rich Simms as Moderator), and CHAT.
- simms-teach.com/docs/cis90/cis-90-TEST-1-Fall-12.pdf:** A web browser window displaying a quiz titled "Part 1 - Flashc (1 point each)". The quiz questions are:
  - [Q1] What command shows the other users logged in to the computer?
  - [A1]
  - [Q2] What environment variable is used by the shell to determine which directories to search when locating a command?
  - [A2]
- Terminal Window:** A Putty terminal window showing a login session for 'simben90@oslab:~'. The output includes:
 

```
login as: simben90
simben90@oslab.cabrillo.edu's password:
Access denied
simben90@oslab.cabrillo.edu's password:
Last login: Mon Oct 8 18:58:43 2011 from 10.10.10.10
d.com
```
- vCenter - vSphere Client:** A window showing the vSphere Client interface, displaying a list of virtual machines under the 'CIS 192' host, including 'p01-arw', 'p01-cpl', 'p01-elo', 'p01-fro', and 'p01-legolas'.

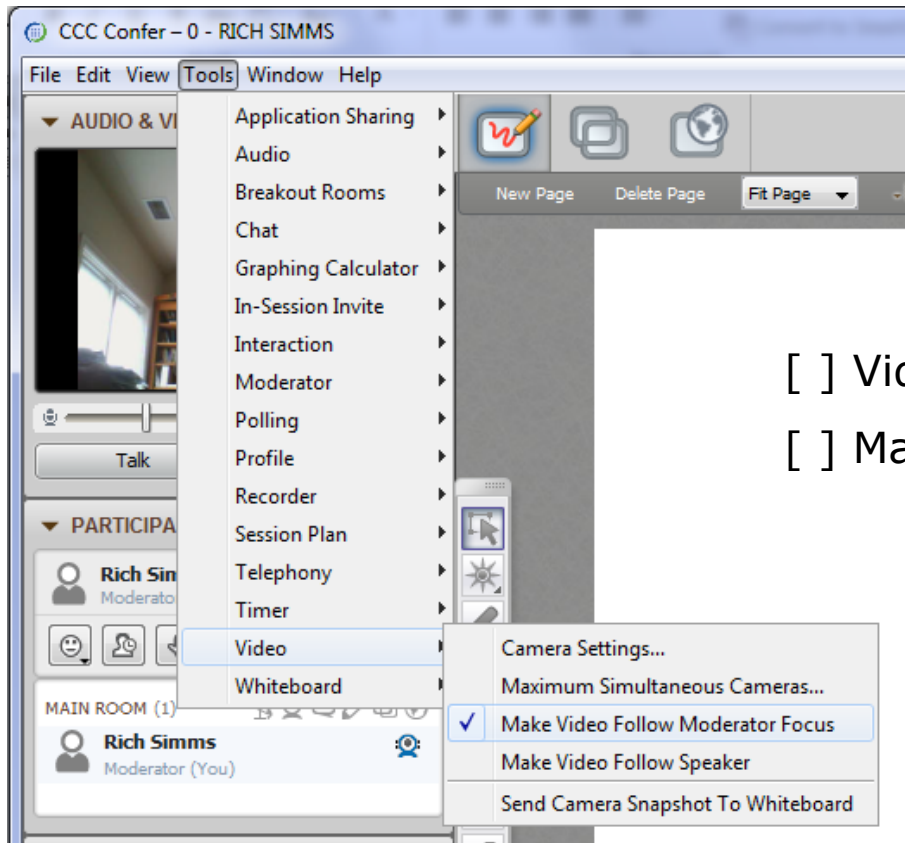
Red callout boxes with white text identify the applications: 'foxit for slides' points to the PDF viewer, 'chrome' points to the browser, 'putty' points to the terminal, and 'vSphere Client' points to the virtualization management tool.

[ ] layout and share apps





## Rich's CCC Confer checklist - webcam setup



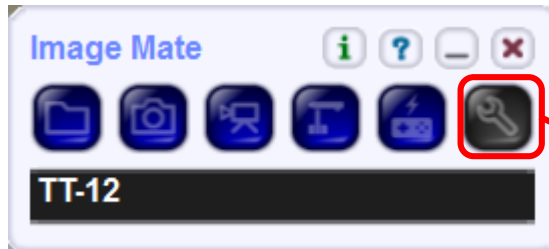
[ ] Video (webcam)

[ ] Make Video Follow Moderator Focus





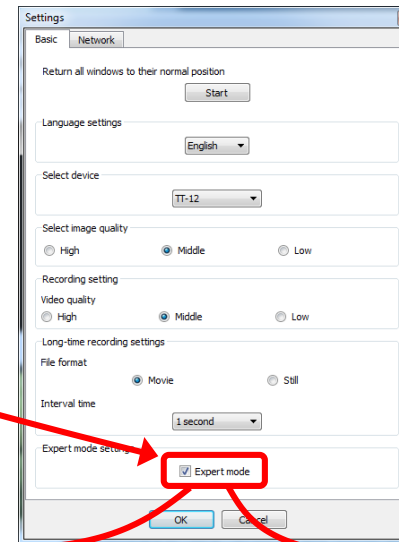
## Rich's CCC Confer checklist - Elmo



Elmo rotated down to view side table



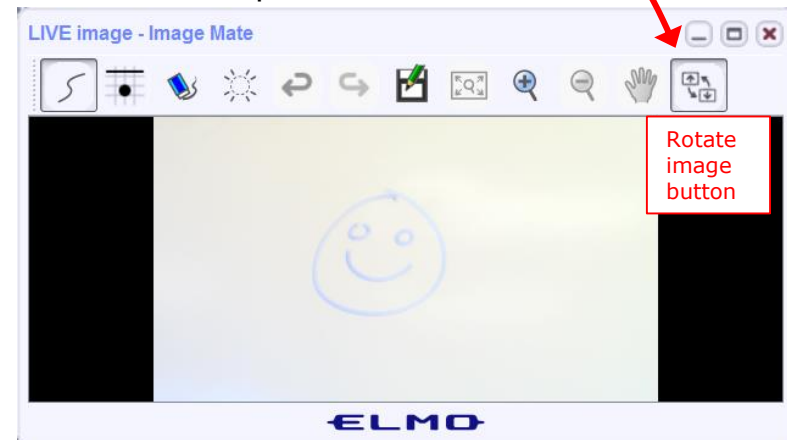
*Run and share the Image Mate program just as you would any other app with CCC Confer*



*The "rotate image" button is necessary if you use both the side table and the white board.*

*Quite interesting that they consider you to be an "expert" in order to use this button!*

Elmo rotated up to view white board



## Rich's CCC Confer checklist - universal fixes

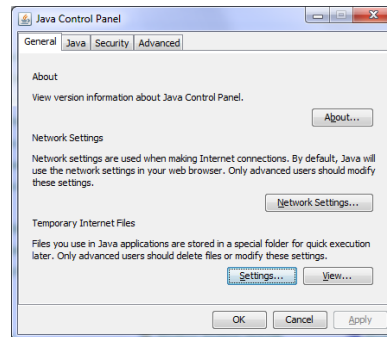
Universal Fix for CCC Confer:

- 1) Shrink (500 MB) and delete Java cache
- 2) Uninstall and reinstall latest Java runtime
- 3) <http://www.cccconfer.org/support/technicalSupport.aspx>

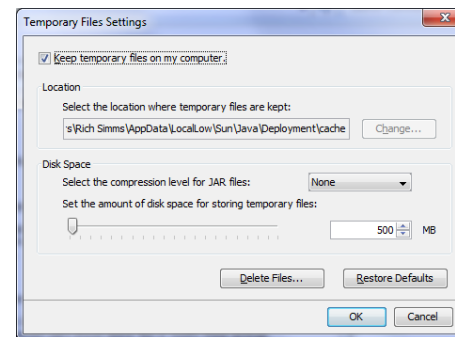
Control Panel (small icons)



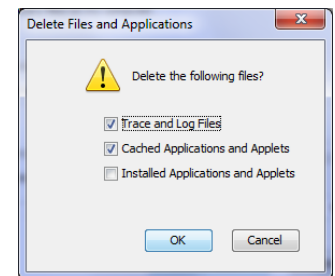
General Tab > Settings...



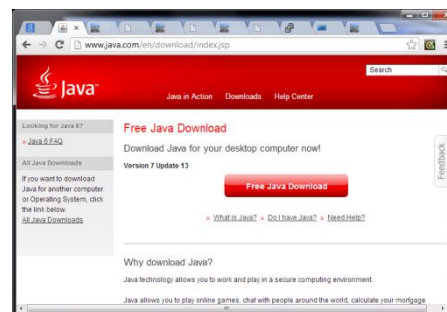
500MB cache size



Delete these



Google Java download



# Start



# Sound Check

*Students that dial-in should mute their line using \*6 to prevent unintended noises distracting the web conference.*

*Instructor can use \*96 to mute all student lines.*

## *Volume*

*\*4 - increase conference volume.*

*\*7 - decrease conference volume.*

*\*5 - increase your voice volume.*

*\*8 - decrease your voice volume.*

# Introductions

# Introductions and Credits



Jim Griffin

- Created this Linux course
- Created Opus and the CIS VLab
- Jim's site: <http://cabrillo.edu/~jgriffin/>



Rich Simms

- HP Alumnus
- Started teaching this course in 2008 when Jim went on sabbatical
- Rich's site: <http://simms-teach.com>

And thanks to:

- John Govsky for many teaching best practices: e.g. the First Minute quizzes, the online forum, and the point grading system (<http://teacherjohn.com/>)





Instructor: **Rich Simms**

Dial-in: **888-886-3951**

Passcode: **136690**



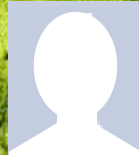
Gabriel



Melissa



Tess



Alex



Daniel



Ian J.



Harold



Victor



Jasen



Dillon



Sam



Steven



Cameron



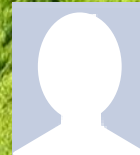
Roberto



Hans



Cristian



MacKinzie



Christopher



Luis



Nigel



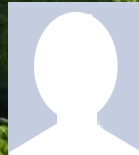
Philip



Joshua M.



Ian K.



Gracie



James



Julian



Ken



Joshua V.



Samantha



Justin



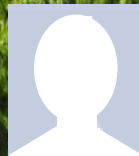
Ryan



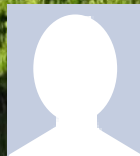
Nicholas



Ian C.



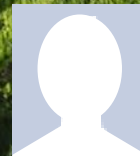
tbd



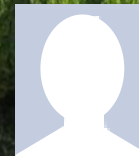
tbd



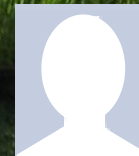
tbd



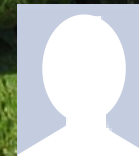
tbd



tbd



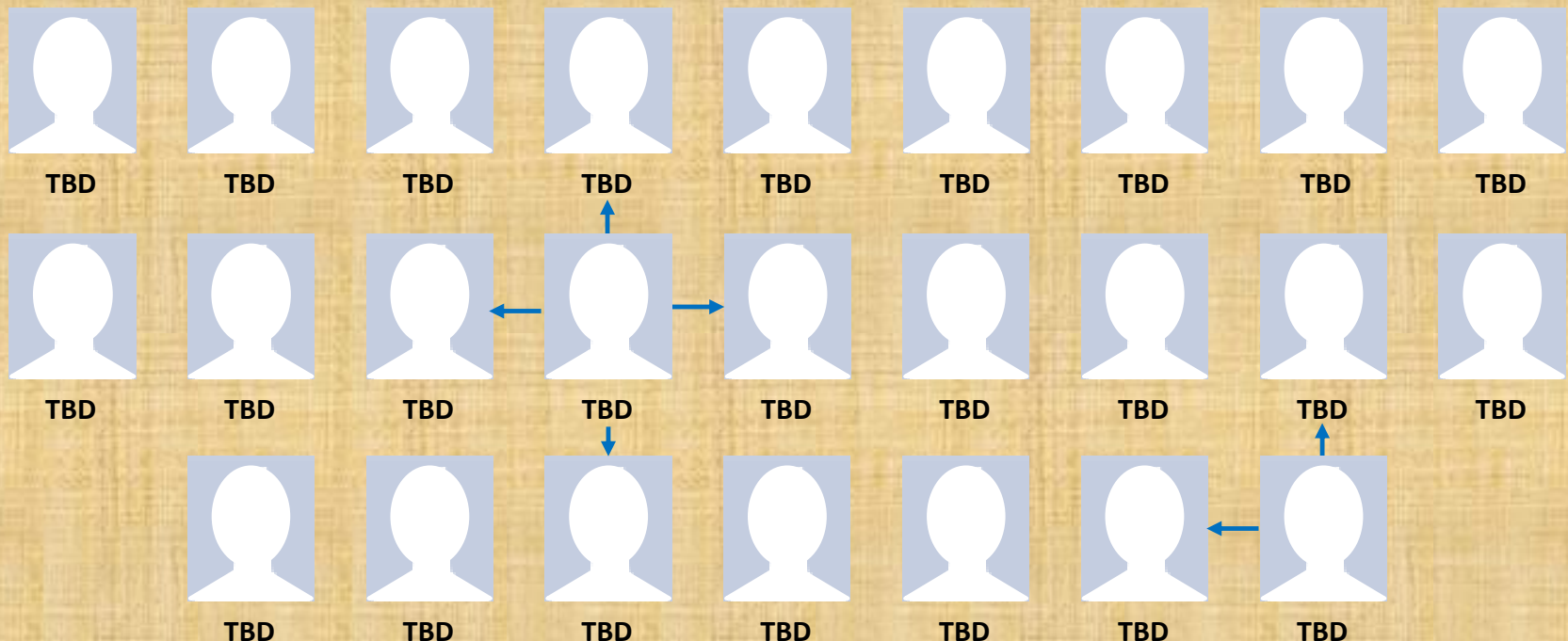
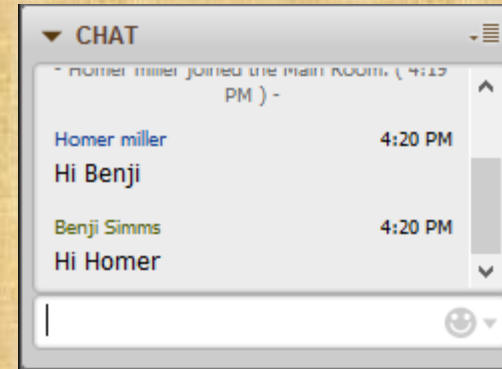
tbd



tbd

## First Activity

Use the chat window in CCC Confer to say Hi to your adjacent "virtual classmates"

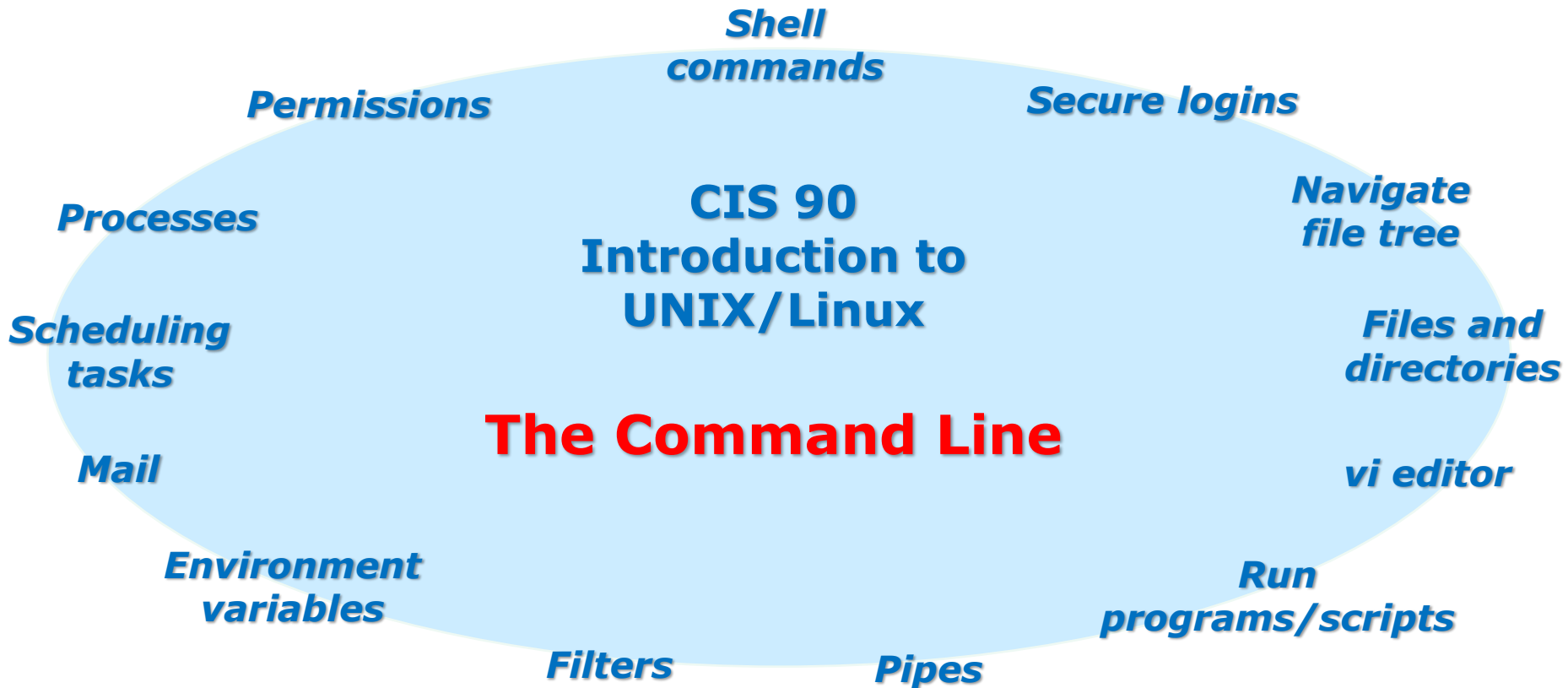


*If your name is not listed above you can chat Hi to anyone you want!*



# Why take this class



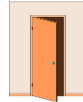


### **Student Learner Outcomes**

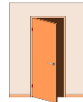
1. Navigate and manage the UNIX/Linux file system by viewing, copying, moving, renaming, creating, and removing files and directories.
2. Use the UNIX features of file redirection and pipelines to control the flow of data to and from various commands.
3. With the aid of online manual pages, execute UNIX system commands from either a keyboard or a shell script using correct command syntax.

**Why learn the UNIX/Linux command line?**  
**Answer: Opens up more career path options**

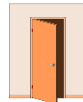
**CIS 90**  
**Introduction to**  
**UNIX/Linux**



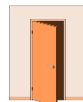
System administration



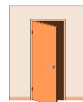
Cyber security



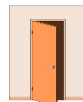
Entrepreneur



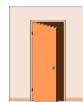
Technical sales and/or services



Help desk (technical support)



Software developer (programmer)



Many more

## Class and Linux Overview

### Objectives

- Understand how this course works
- Overview of computers and UNIX/Linux
- Learn how to login via ssh
- Learn first UNIX/Linux commands

### Agenda

- Introductions
- Why take this class
- How this class works
- Lab resources
- Computers
- UNIX/Linux Overview
- Logging in via SSH
- First login
- First commands
- Housekeeping
- Navigating systems
- Assignment
- Wrap up

# How this class works

# Attending class



## How to attend class each week

Wednesdays - 9:00AM to 12:05PM

- Section 95746 meets online in this virtual classroom
- Section 95747 meets simultaneously in room 828 on the Aptos Main Campus

Option 1: **Online “synchronous”** - from anywhere connect online to the "live" virtual classroom using CCC Confer. Use the “Enter virtual classroom” link on:

<http://simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php>

Option 2: **Traditional** - drive to campus, find parking, walk to the 800 building and take a seat in the classroom.

Option 3: **Online archives “asynchronous”** - watch the archived class recording online using CCC Confer at a time that works for you. Use the “Class archives” link on:

<http://simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php>

*It doesn't matter which section you enrolled in. You can use **any** method of attending for **any** of the classes.*

# Attending Class

(supplemental)

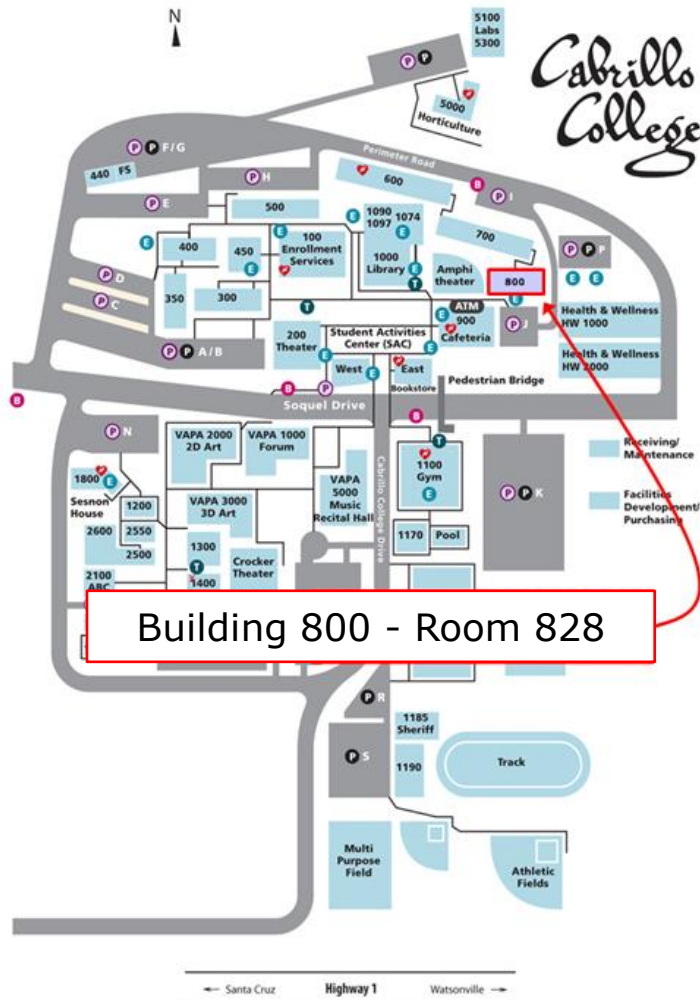
Option 1: **Online (synchronous)** - from anywhere connect online to the "live" virtual classroom using CCC Confer.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying [simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php](http://simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php). The page title is "Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes CIS 90 Calendar". The sidebar on the left contains links: Home, CIS 90, CIS 90A, CIS 90B, CIS 90C, CIS 90D, CIS 90E, CIS 90F, CIS 90G, CIS 90H, CIS 90I, CIS 90J, CIS 90K, CIS 90L, CIS 90M, CIS 90N, CIS 90O, CIS 90P, CIS 90Q, CIS 90R, CIS 90S, CIS 90T, CIS 90U, CIS 90V, CIS 90W, CIS 90X, CIS 90Y, CIS 90Z, CIS 90AA, CIS 90AB, CIS 90AC, CIS 90AD, CIS 90AE, CIS 90AF, CIS 90AG, CIS 90AH, CIS 90AI, CIS 90AJ, CIS 90AK, CIS 90AL, CIS 90AM, CIS 90AN, CIS 90AO, CIS 90AP, CIS 90AQ, CIS 90AR, CIS 90AS, CIS 90AT, CIS 90AU, CIS 90AV, CIS 90AW, CIS 90AX, CIS 90AY, CIS 90AZ, CIS 90BA, CIS 90BB, CIS 90BC, CIS 90BD, CIS 90BE, CIS 90BF, CIS 90BG, CIS 90BH, CIS 90BI, CIS 90BJ, CIS 90BK, CIS 90BL, CIS 90BM, CIS 90BN, CIS 90BO, CIS 90BP, CIS 90BQ, CIS 90BR, CIS 90BS, CIS 90BT, CIS 90BU, CIS 90BV, CIS 90BW, CIS 90BX, CIS 90BY, CIS 90BZ, CIS 90CA, CIS 90CB, CIS 90CC, CIS 90CD, CIS 90CE, CIS 90CF, CIS 90CG, CIS 90CH, CIS 90CI, CIS 90CJ, CIS 90CK, CIS 90CL, CIS 90CM, CIS 90CN, CIS 90CO, CIS 90CP, CIS 90CQ, CIS 90CR, CIS 90CS, CIS 90CT, CIS 90CU, CIS 90CV, CIS 90CW, CIS 90CX, CIS 90CY, CIS 90CZ, CIS 90DA, CIS 90DB, CIS 90DC, CIS 90DD, CIS 90DE, CIS 90DF, CIS 90DG, CIS 90DH, CIS 90DI, CIS 90DJ, CIS 90DK, CIS 90DL, CIS 90DM, CIS 90DN, CIS 90DO, CIS 90DP, CIS 90DQ, CIS 90DR, CIS 90DS, CIS 90DT, CIS 90DU, CIS 90DV, CIS 90DW, CIS 90DX, CIS 90DY, CIS 90DZ, CIS 90EA, CIS 90EB, CIS 90EC, CIS 90ED, CIS 90EE, CIS 90EF, CIS 90EG, CIS 90EH, CIS 90EI, CIS 90EJ, CIS 90EK, CIS 90EL, CIS 90EM, CIS 90EN, CIS 90EO, CIS 90EP, CIS 90EQ, CIS 90ER, CIS 90ES, CIS 90ET, CIS 90EU, CIS 90EV, CIS 90EW, CIS 90EX, CIS 90EY, CIS 90EZ, CIS 90FA, CIS 90FB, CIS 90FC, CIS 90FD, CIS 90FE, CIS 90FF, CIS 90FG, CIS 90FH, CIS 90FI, CIS 90FJ, CIS 90FK, CIS 90FL, CIS 90FM, CIS 90FN, CIS 90FO, CIS 90FP, CIS 90FQ, CIS 90FR, CIS 90FS, CIS 90FT, CIS 90FU, CIS 90FV, CIS 90FW, CIS 90FX, CIS 90FY, CIS 90FZ, CIS 90GA, CIS 90GB, CIS 90GC, CIS 90GD, CIS 90GE, CIS 90GF, CIS 90GG, CIS 90GH, CIS 90GI, CIS 90GJ, CIS 90GK, CIS 90GL, CIS 90GM, CIS 90GN, CIS 90GO, CIS 90GP, CIS 90GQ, CIS 90GR, CIS 90GS, CIS 90GT, CIS 90GU, CIS 90GV, CIS 90GW, CIS 90GX, CIS 90GY, CIS 90GZ, CIS 90HA, CIS 90HB, CIS 90HC, CIS 90HD, CIS 90HE, CIS 90HF, CIS 90HG, CIS 90HH, CIS 90HI, CIS 90HJ, CIS 90HK, CIS 90HL, CIS 90HM, CIS 90HN, CIS 90HO, CIS 90HP, CIS 90HQ, CIS 90HR, CIS 90HS, CIS 90HT, CIS 90HU, CIS 90HV, CIS 90HW, CIS 90HX, CIS 90HY, CIS 90HZ, CIS 90IA, CIS 90IB, CIS 90IC, CIS 90ID, CIS 90IE, CIS 90IF, CIS 90IG, CIS 90IH, CIS 90II, CIS 90IJ, CIS 90IK, CIS 90IL, CIS 90IM, CIS 90IN, CIS 90IO, CIS 90IP, CIS 90IQ, CIS 90IR, CIS 90IS, CIS 90IT, CIS 90IU, CIS 90IV, CIS 90IW, CIS 90IX, CIS 90IY, CIS 90IZ, CIS 90JA, CIS 90JB, CIS 90JC, CIS 90JD, CIS 90JE, CIS 90JF, CIS 90JG, CIS 90JH, CIS 90JI, CIS 90JJ, CIS 90JK, CIS 90JL, CIS 90JM, CIS 90JN, CIS 90JO, CIS 90JP, CIS 90JQ, CIS 90JR, CIS 90JS, CIS 90JT, CIS 90JU, CIS 90JV, CIS 90JW, CIS 90JX, CIS 90JY, CIS 90JZ, CIS 90KA, CIS 90KB, CIS 90KC, CIS 90KD, CIS 90KE, CIS 90KF, CIS 90KG, CIS 90KH, CIS 90KI, CIS 90KJ, CIS 90KK, CIS 90KL, CIS 90KM, CIS 90KN, CIS 90KO, CIS 90KP, CIS 90KQ, CIS 90KR, CIS 90KS, CIS 90KT, CIS 90KU, CIS 90KV, CIS 90KW, CIS 90KX, CIS 90KY, CIS 90KZ, CIS 90LA, CIS 90LB, CIS 90LC, CIS 90LD, CIS 90LE, CIS 90LF, CIS 90LG, CIS 90LH, CIS 90LI, CIS 90LJ, CIS 90LK, CIS 90LL, CIS 90LM, CIS 90LN, CIS 90LO, CIS 90LP, CIS 90LQ, CIS 90LR, CIS 90LS, CIS 90LT, CIS 90LU, CIS 90LV, CIS 90LW, CIS 90LX, CIS 90LY, CIS 90LZ, CIS 90MA, CIS 90MB, CIS 90MC, CIS 90MD, CIS 90ME, CIS 90MF, CIS 90MG, CIS 90MH, CIS 90MI, CIS 90MJ, CIS 90MK, CIS 90ML, CIS 90MM, CIS 90MN, CIS 90MO, CIS 90MP, CIS 90MQ, CIS 90MR, CIS 90MS, CIS 90MT, CIS 90MU, CIS 90MV, CIS 90MW, CIS 90MX, CIS 90MY, CIS 90MZ, CIS 90NA, CIS 90NB, CIS 90NC, CIS 90ND, CIS 90NE, CIS 90NF, CIS 90NG, CIS 90NH, CIS 90NI, CIS 90NJ, CIS 90NK, CIS 90NL, CIS 90NM, CIS 90NN, CIS 90NO, CIS 90NP, CIS 90NQ, CIS 90NR, CIS 90NS, CIS 90NT, CIS 90NU, CIS 90NV, CIS 90NW, CIS 90NX, CIS 90NY, CIS 90NZ, CIS 90OA, CIS 90OB, CIS 90OC, CIS 90OD, CIS 90OE, CIS 90OF, CIS 90OG, 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CIS 90ZV, CIS 90ZW, CIS 90ZX, CIS 90ZY, CIS 90ZZ.

The main content area shows the "CIS 90 (Fall 2014) Calendar" with a table of lessons. The "Calendar" link is highlighted in the sidebar. The "Enter virtual classroom" link is highlighted at the bottom of the page.

1. Browse to **<http://simms-teach.com>**
2. Click the **[CIS 90](#)** link
3. Click the **[Calendar](#)** link
4. Click the **[Enter virtual classroom](#)** link

Option 2: **Traditional** - drive to campus, find parking, walk to the 800 building and take a seat in the classroom.



Enjoy the ocean view from the classroom windows!



Option 3: **Online archives (asynchronous)** - watch the archived class recording online using CCC Confer at a time that works for you.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying [simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php](http://simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php). The page title is "Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes CIS 90 Calendar". The sidebar on the left contains links: "Home", "Cabrillo College", "CIS 90", "CIS 90 (Fall 2014) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2015) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2015) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2016) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2016) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2017) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2017) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2018) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2018) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2019) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2019) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2020) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2020) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2021) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2021) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2022) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2022) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2023) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2023) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2024) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2024) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2025) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2025) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2026) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2026) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2027) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2027) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2028) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2028) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2029) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2029) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2030) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2030) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2031) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2031) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2032) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2032) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2033) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2033) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2034) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2034) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2035) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2035) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2036) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2036) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2037) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2037) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2038) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2038) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2039) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2039) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2040) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2040) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2041) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2041) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2042) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2042) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2043) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2043) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2044) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2044) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2045) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2045) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2046) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2046) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2047) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2047) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2048) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2048) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2049) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2049) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Spring 2050) Calendar", "CIS 90 (Fall 2050) Calendar". The main content area has a "Calendar" link highlighted. Below it is a table with columns "Lesson", "Date", "Topics", "Prerequisites", "Supplemental", "Assignment", "CCC Confer", and "Class archives". The "Class archives" link is highlighted at the bottom.

1. Browse to **<http://simms-teach.com>**
2. Click the **[CIS 90](#)** link
3. Click the **[Calendar](#)** link
4. Click the **[Class archives](#)** link



# CCC Confer

## CCC Confer - Attending class online

CCC Confer - 0 - RICH SIMMS

File Edit View Tools Window Help

AUDIO & VIDEO

Rich Simms

Fit Page Slide1

Cabrillo College est. 1959 CIS Linux Classes

Instructor: Rich Simms  
Dial-in: 888-450-4821

*Show your state of mind, let others know you stepped away, raise your hand, and indicate responses using these controls*

PARTICIPANTS

Benji

MAIN ROOM (2)

Rich Simms  
Moderator

Benji  
(You)

CHAT

- You joined the Main Room. ( 2:23 PM ) -  
- Rich Simms joined the Main Room. ( 2:24 PM ) -

*Ask and answer questions using the chat area*

photo of your face for 3 points extra credit

## CCC Confer - Attending class online

When dialed in by phone you can use:

- \*0 Contact the operator for assistance.
- \*6 Mute/unmute your individual line with a private announcement.

*This only applies if you dialed in using a phone*

## Help the Instructor with CCC Confer

Students who attend class on the Aptos campus should still use CCC Confer.

- If you notice **an online student with their electronic hand up that the instructor missed** please let the instructor know.
- If you notice the instructor **forgot to Share the presentation** material please let the instructor know.
- If you notice the instructor **forgot to turn on recording** please jump up and down and wave your arms to let the instructor know!

# CCC Confer (supplemental)



## Enter the CCC Confer virtual room

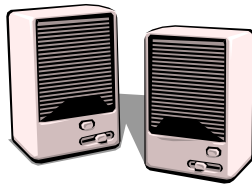
The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying [simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php](http://simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php). The page title is "Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes CIS 90 Calendar". The sidebar on the left contains links: Home, CIS 90, CIS 90A, CIS 90B, CIS 90C, CIS 90D, CIS 90E, CIS 90F, CIS 90G, CIS 90H, CIS 90I, CIS 90J, CIS 90K, CIS 90L, CIS 90M, CIS 90N, CIS 90O, CIS 90P, CIS 90Q, CIS 90R, CIS 90S, CIS 90T, CIS 90U, CIS 90V, CIS 90W, CIS 90X, CIS 90Y, CIS 90Z, CIS 90AA, CIS 90AB, CIS 90AC, CIS 90AD, CIS 90AE, CIS 90AF, CIS 90AG, CIS 90AH, CIS 90AI, CIS 90AJ, CIS 90AK, CIS 90AL, CIS 90AM, CIS 90AN, CIS 90AO, CIS 90AP, CIS 90AQ, CIS 90AR, CIS 90AS, CIS 90AT, CIS 90AU, CIS 90AV, CIS 90AW, CIS 90AX, CIS 90AY, CIS 90AZ, CIS 90BA, CIS 90BB, CIS 90BC, CIS 90BD, CIS 90BE, CIS 90BF, CIS 90BG, CIS 90BH, CIS 90BI, CIS 90BJ, CIS 90BK, CIS 90BL, CIS 90BM, CIS 90BN, CIS 90BO, CIS 90BP, CIS 90BQ, CIS 90BR, CIS 90BS, CIS 90BT, CIS 90BU, CIS 90BV, CIS 90BW, CIS 90BX, CIS 90BY, CIS 90BZ, CIS 90CA, CIS 90CB, CIS 90CC, CIS 90CD, CIS 90CE, CIS 90CF, CIS 90CG, CIS 90CH, CIS 90CI, CIS 90CJ, CIS 90CK, CIS 90CL, CIS 90CM, CIS 90CN, CIS 90CO, CIS 90CP, CIS 90CQ, CIS 90CR, CIS 90CS, CIS 90CT, CIS 90CU, CIS 90CV, CIS 90CW, CIS 90CX, CIS 90CY, CIS 90CZ, CIS 90DA, CIS 90DB, CIS 90DC, CIS 90DD, CIS 90DE, CIS 90DF, CIS 90DG, CIS 90DH, CIS 90DI, CIS 90DJ, CIS 90DK, CIS 90DL, CIS 90DM, CIS 90DN, CIS 90DO, CIS 90DP, CIS 90DQ, CIS 90DR, CIS 90DS, CIS 90DT, CIS 90DU, CIS 90DV, CIS 90DW, CIS 90DX, CIS 90DY, CIS 90DZ, CIS 90EA, CIS 90EB, CIS 90EC, CIS 90ED, CIS 90EE, CIS 90EF, CIS 90EG, CIS 90EH, CIS 90EI, CIS 90EJ, CIS 90EK, CIS 90EL, CIS 90EM, CIS 90EN, CIS 90EO, CIS 90EP, CIS 90EQ, CIS 90ER, CIS 90ES, CIS 90ET, CIS 90EU, CIS 90EV, CIS 90EW, CIS 90EX, CIS 90EY, CIS 90EZ, CIS 90FA, CIS 90FB, CIS 90FC, CIS 90FD, CIS 90FE, CIS 90FF, CIS 90FG, CIS 90FH, CIS 90FI, CIS 90FJ, CIS 90FK, CIS 90FL, CIS 90FM, CIS 90FN, CIS 90FO, CIS 90FP, CIS 90FQ, CIS 90FR, CIS 90FS, CIS 90FT, CIS 90FU, CIS 90FV, CIS 90FW, CIS 90FX, CIS 90FY, CIS 90FZ, CIS 90GA, CIS 90GB, CIS 90GC, CIS 90GD, CIS 90GE, CIS 90GF, CIS 90GG, CIS 90GH, CIS 90GI, CIS 90GJ, CIS 90GK, CIS 90GL, CIS 90GM, CIS 90GN, CIS 90GO, 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CIS 90VZ, CIS 90WA, CIS 90WB, CIS 90WC, CIS 90WD, CIS 90WE, CIS 90WF, CIS 90WG, CIS 90WH, CIS 90WI, CIS 90WJ, CIS 90WK, CIS 90WL, CIS 90WM, CIS 90WN, CIS 90WO, CIS 90WP, CIS 90WQ, CIS 90WR, CIS 90WS, CIS 90WT, CIS 90WU, CIS 90WV, CIS 90WW, CIS 90WX, CIS 90WY, CIS 90WZ, CIS 90XA, CIS 90XB, CIS 90XC, CIS 90XD, CIS 90XE, CIS 90XF, CIS 90XG, CIS 90XH, CIS 90XI, CIS 90XJ, CIS 90XK, CIS 90XL, CIS 90XM, CIS 90XN, CIS 90XO, CIS 90XP, CIS 90XQ, CIS 90XR, CIS 90XS, CIS 90XT, CIS 90XU, CIS 90XV, CIS 90XW, CIS 90XX, CIS 90XY, CIS 90XZ, CIS 90YA, CIS 90YB, CIS 90YC, CIS 90YD, CIS 90YE, CIS 90YF, CIS 90YG, CIS 90YH, CIS 90YI, CIS 90YJ, CIS 90YK, CIS 90YL, CIS 90YM, CIS 90YN, CIS 90YO, CIS 90YP, CIS 90YQ, CIS 90YR, CIS 90YS, CIS 90YT, CIS 90YU, CIS 90YV, CIS 90YW, CIS 90YX, CIS 90YY, CIS 90YZ, CIS 90ZA, CIS 90ZB, CIS 90ZC, CIS 90ZD, CIS 90ZE, CIS 90ZF, CIS 90ZG, CIS 90ZH, CIS 90ZI, CIS 90ZJ, CIS 90ZK, CIS 90ZL, CIS 90ZM, CIS 90ZN, CIS 90ZO, CIS 90ZP, CIS 90ZQ, CIS 90ZR, CIS 90ZS, CIS 90ZT, CIS 90ZU, CIS 90ZV, CIS 90ZW, CIS 90ZX, CIS 90ZY, CIS 90ZZ.

The main content area shows the "CIS 90 (Fall 2014) Calendar" with a table of lessons. The table has columns for Lesson, Date, Topics, Header, and Footer. The first row shows Lesson 1 on 9/2. The "Enter virtual classroom" link is highlighted in the footer of the first row.

1. Browse to **<http://simms-teach.com>**
2. Click the **[CIS 90](#)** link
3. Click the **[Calendar](#)** link
4. Click the **[Enter virtual classroom](#)** link



- Listen using your computer's speakers/headset or with your phone using the dial-in number



- Ask questions using the chat window or just speak if dialed in with your phone (or Skype)

*Dialing in by phone (or Skype) is best because you can ask and answer questions by speaking rather than use the chat window*

## CCC Confer - Is your computer ready?

<http://www.cccconfer.org/support/Readiness>

The screenshot shows a web browser window with multiple tabs. The active tab is 'Readiness' at the URL 'www.cccconfer.org/support/Readiness'. The page features the 'CCC CONFER' logo and a 'MyConfer' button. Navigation links include Home, Meetings, Training, Support, MyConfer, MyMeetings, Request Meeting, More, and Log out. A banner image displays various devices (laptop, tablet, smartphone) showing the conferencing interface. Below this, a 'Support' section is active, leading to the 'Readiness' page. The main heading is 'Is Your Computer Ready?'. It lists three steps: 1. Run the Wizard to download the Blackboard Launcher on Windows and Mac Computers (10.8.4+). 2. Follow the prompts from Blackboard Collaborate to download the file and run the launcher. 3. Once the launcher is downloaded you can advance to opening the meeting.collab (file type for live sessions) and nativeplayback.collab (for recorded archives). Contact information for CCC Confer Client Services is provided: Telephone: 760-744-1150 ext 1537, 1554 or 1542; Email: clientservices@cccconfer.org. The footer contains links for Home, About Us, Products, Contact Us, Accessibility, Privacy & Terms, and social media links for Facebook and YouTube. A disclaimer states the site is provided as a service to administrators, staff, and faculty of the California Community Colleges system, funded by an e-conferencing grant. Copyright ©2016 CCC Confer. All Rights Reserved.

*Browse to the link above anytime before the first class. The first time setup for CCC Confer can take several minutes!*

CCC Confer - Java may be downloaded  
the first time you use CCC Confer



*CCC Confer uses Java which requires a download  
and installation of the Java Runtime Environment  
from [java.com](http://java.com) (Oracle)*

*Instructor Note:*

*Switch to  
preloaded  
whiteboard*



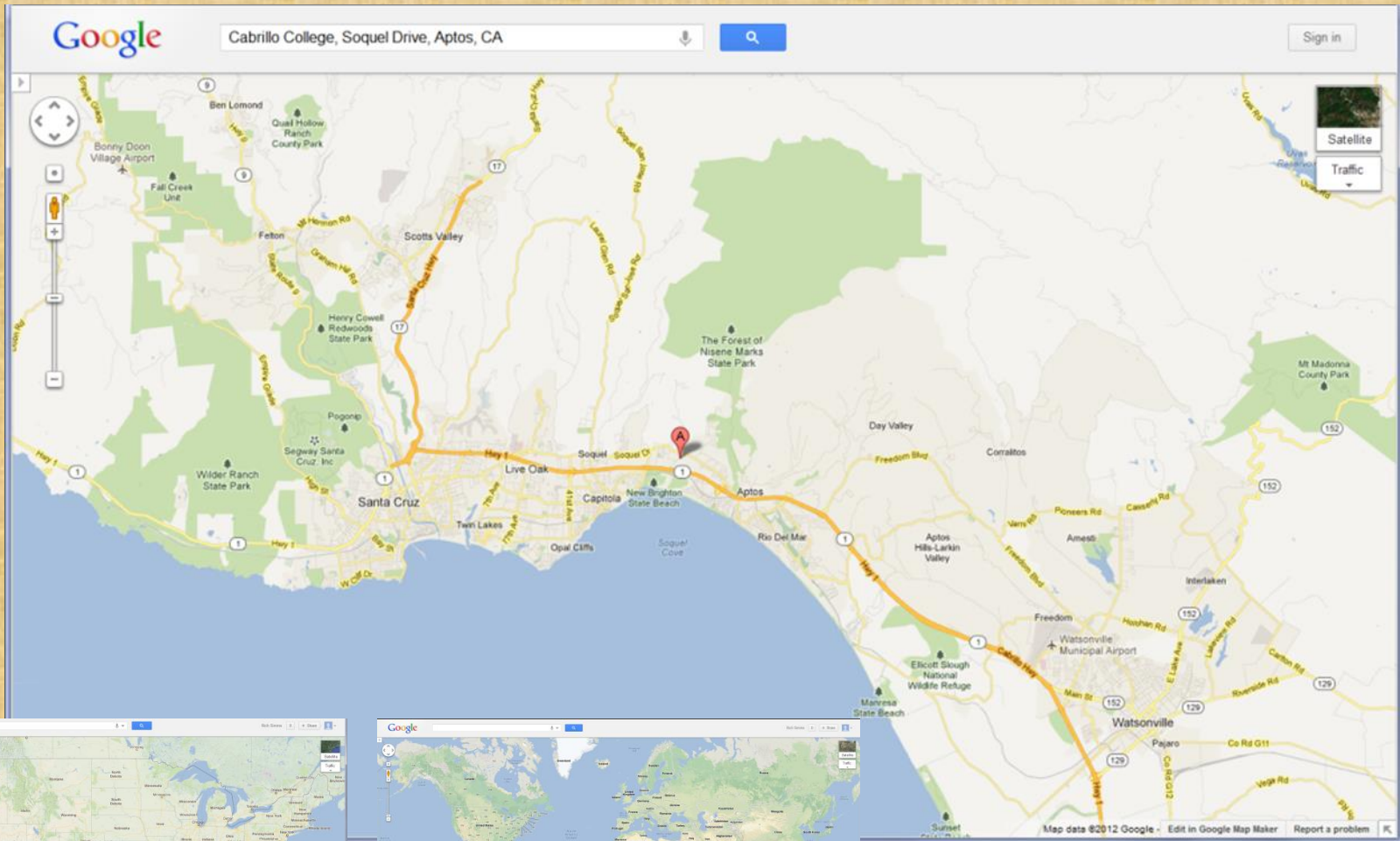


## Class Activity

**What kind of computer did you use to join CCC Confer?**

			Other

## Class Activity – Where are you now?



# Roll Call

*If you are attending class by watching the recordings in the archives email the instructor at: [risimms@cabrillo.edu](mailto:risimms@cabrillo.edu) to provide roll call attendance.*

# Login Credentials

Username and passwords



*The Login Credentials slides are not included in these lesson slides. To locate a copy:*

*1) See the Welcome email sent by the instructor to registered and wait-listed students.*

*2) Or login into Canvas  
(<https://cabrillo.instructure.com>) and read the Welcome announcement.*

*Instructor Note:*

*Turn Recording On  
Switch back to  
shared slides*

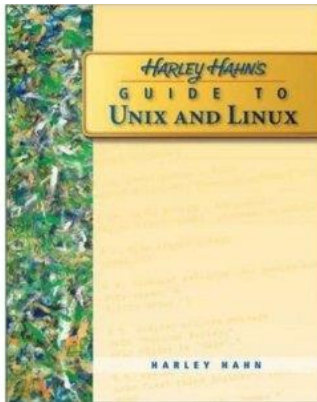
# Syllabus, Calendar and Grades

1) Click on **CIS 90**  
on left panel

2) Then click on **Course Home** to see the Syllabus

## Optional CIS 90 Textbook

*This textbook is **optional** but nice to have if you want to dig deeper into the material provided by the lesson slides.*



I really like the very first sentence in Harley Hahn's book:

*"This book will change your life."*

### **Optional Textbook:**

Harley Hahn's Guide to Unix and Linux  
by Harley Hahn  
McGraw-Hill ISBN: 0073133612



## Optional CIS 90 Gear

If you like "hands-on" you will love a Raspberry Pi

*If you find your really enjoy learning UNIX/Linux and want your own private server then you should consider:*



- |         |   |
|---------|---|
| \$39.95 | Raspberry Pi 2 - Model B - ARMv7 with 1G RAM            |
| \$7.95  | 5V 2A Switching Power Supply w/ 20AWG 6' MicroUSB Cable |
| \$11.95 | 8GB Card with NOOBS 1.4                                 |
| \$11.95 | Miniature WiFi (802.11b/g/n) Module                     |

# CIS 90 Spring 2016

Class meets in room **828** and **online** every **Wednesday morning**:

- 15 lessons: **9:00AM-12:05 PM**, from **Jan 25<sup>th</sup>** to **May 10<sup>th</sup>**
- Final exam: **7:00AM-9:50AM**, on **Monday May 15<sup>th</sup>**, in room **828**

January							February							March						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7				1	2	3	4				1	2	3	4
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
29	30	31					26	27	28					26	27	28	29	30	31	

April							May							June						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
						1		1	2	3	4	5	6					1	2	3
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	28	29	30	31				25	26	27	28	29	30	
30																				

## STARTING CLASS TIME/DAY(S)

## EXAM HOUR

## EXAM DATE

*Classes starting between:*

6:30 am and 8:55 am, MW/Daily.....	7:00 am-9:50 am.....	Wednesday, May 17
9:00 am and 10:15 am, MW/Daily.....	7:00 am-9:50 am.....	<b>Monday, May 15</b>

# The typical week

<http://simms-teach.com>



Use the

**Forum**

to collaborate  
with classmates  
at any time



Work on labs or practice tests  
during the week.

All assignments and due dates  
are on the **Calendar** page

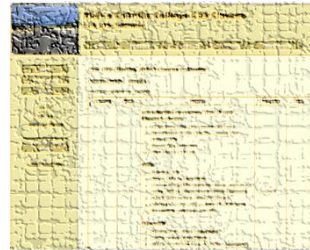
## Wednesday

"First minute" quiz

Lecture on new lesson material

Class activities

Previous week lab assignments  
due 11:59PM (Opus time)

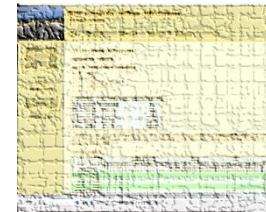


## **Calendar**

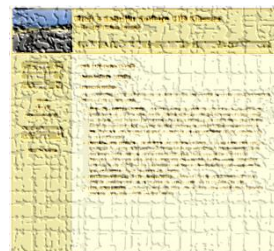
All due dates are  
found here



**Thursday**  
is grading day



Check the **Grades**  
page to see grades  
on labs, quizzes  
and tests



Peek at the **Extra Credit**  
page if you need more  
points

## Contacting the instructor

- Use the forum for the fastest response on technical or class related questions.
- Use email for personal matters. If it's not personal I will probably encourage you to post your question on the forum so I can answer it there. This is preferable because your other classmates can benefit from the answer.
- Weekly office hours:  
<http://babyface.cabrillo.edu/salsa/listing.jsp?staffId=1426>
- Avoid leaving a message on voice mail. Checked rarely so don't expect a fast response (if any)!





## Activity

### Find the Calendar page

Please browse to:

<http://simms-teach.com>

Click on **CIS 90**  
on left panel

The screenshot shows the website 'Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes' with the URL 'http://simms-teach.com/cis90/index.php'. The page title is 'CIS 90 Calendar'. On the left sidebar, 'CIS 90' is highlighted with a red box. A red arrow points from this box to the 'Calendar' link in the 'CIS 90 (Fall 2014) Calendar' section. Below this, there is a table with columns: Lesson, Date, Topics, Chapter, and Due.

Lesson	Date	Topics	Chapter	Due
1	9/2	<b>Class and Linux Overview</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how this course will work</li> <li>High-level overview of computers, operating systems and virtual machines</li> <li>Overview of UNIX/Linux market and architecture</li> <li>Using SSH</li> <li>Using term</li> </ul>		
		<b>Mathslink</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Presentable</li> <li>Login CRed</li> </ul>		
		<b>Supplemental</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HW100 #14</li> </ul>		
		<b>Assignment</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Student Su</li> <li>Lab 1</li> </ul>		
		<b>CCC Center</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enter virtual classroom</li> <li>Class archives</li> </ul>		
		<b>Quiz 1</b>		
		<b>Commands</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how the UNIX login operation works</li> <li>Meet John the Ripper and learn how vulnerable a poor password is</li> <li>Randomized, basic, customized, and...</li> </ul>		

Then click on **Calendar** to see dates for every class meeting, quiz, and test. The **"Due"** column indicates what assignments are due on those dates by 11:59PM (Opus time).



## Course Calendar

Lesson	Date	Topics	Chapter	Due*
		<b>Quiz 4</b>		
		<b>Review</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Review lessons 1-4</li> <li>Practice skills</li> <li>Learn about filename expansion characters</li> </ul>		
		<b>Materials</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Presentation slides (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> <li>Practice test (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> </ul>		
		<b>Assignment</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NA</li> </ul>		
		<b>CCC Confer</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Enter virtual classroom</a></li> <li><a href="#">Class archives</a></li> </ul>		
5	3/10			<a href="#">Lab 4</a>
		<b>Managing Files</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Creating</li> <li>Copying</li> <li>Moving</li> <li>Renaming</li> <li>Removing</li> <li>Linking</li> </ul>		
		<b>Materials</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Presentation slides (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> </ul>		
		<b>Test #1</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Test (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> </ul>		
		<b>Assignment</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Lab 5</a></li> </ul>		
		<b>CCC Confer</b>		
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Enter virtual classroom</a></li> <li><a href="#">Class archives</a></li> </ul>		
			5 8.13-8.16 (Gillay)	
			25 p715-729 (Hahn)	
6	3/17			

*First minute quiz*

*What is due by 11:59PM (Opus time) on that date (LATE WORK IS NOT ACCEPTED)*

*Links to virtual classroom and archived recordings*

*References to material in the textbook*

*Test*

*Lesson # and Date*

*Lesson slides, feel free to download during class for local viewing*

*Lab assignment*

*CCC Confer links to join class online or review archives*

## Activity

Find the Grades page

*Please browse to:*

<http://simms-teach.com>

Click on **CIS 90**  
on left panel

Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes

CIS 90 Grades

Home | CIS 90 | CIS 90 Grades | CIS 90 Syllabus | CIS 90 Assignments | CIS 90 Projects

**CIS 90 (Fall 2014) Grades**

**Course Home** **Grades** **Calendar**

Points can be earned from the following activities:

- First minute quizzes - 50 points (50%)
- Tests - 50 points (16%)
- Forum posts - 80 points (14%)
- Lab assignments - 300 points (54%)
- Project - 60 points (11%)

**How your grade is determined:**

A student can earn up to 550 total points doing the activities listed above. The course grade is based on the number of points earned.

Percentage	Total Points	Letter Grade	Pass
90% or higher	504 or higher	A	
80% to 89.9%	448 to 503	B	
70% to 79.9%	392 to 447	C	
60% to 69.9%	336 to 391	D	
0% to 59.9%	0 to 335	F	

For some flexibility, personal preferences or family

**Choice of Grade or Pass/No Pass**

You indicate your grading choice on the Student Survey form passed out during the first class. You can verify your grading choice selected on the table below. Contact the instructor by email with any questions or to request a change in grading choice.

**Recommendations**

The instructor may provide letters of recommendation upon request. When writing a recommendation the instructor will include both graded and non-graded areas of performance. Non-graded performance areas may include teamwork, helping others, quality, planning & organization skills, communication, documentation, motivation, and the desire to go above and beyond expectations. The forum is an excellent way to demonstrate teamwork and communication skills.

**Current Progress**

Code	Grading	Quizzes & Tests										Forum										Labs										Extra	Total	Grade																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
Name	Choice	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358

Then click on **Grades** to see the grading policy and monitor points earned



## Course Grading

*Monitor this page to track your progress in the course.*

**Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes**  
**CIS 90 Grades**

Course Home | Calendar

**CIS 90 (Spring 2014) Grades**  
Course Home | Calendar

**Points can be earned from the following activities:**

- First minute quizzes - 30 points (5%)
- Tests - 90 points (15%)
- Forum posts - 80 points (14%)
- Lab assignments - 300 points (54%)
- Project - 60 points (11%)

**How your grade is determined:**  
A student can earn up to 560 total points doing the activities listed above. The course grade is based on the number of points earned.

Percentage	Total Points	Letter Grade	Pass/No Pass
90% or higher	504 or higher	A	Pass
80% to 89.9%	448 to 503	B	Pass
70% to 79.9%	392 to 447	C	Pass
60% to 69.9%	336 to 391	D	No pass
0% to 59.9%	0 to 335	F	No pass

For some flexibility, personal preferences or family emergencies there is an additional 90 points available of **extra credit** activities.

**Choice of Grade or Pass/No Pass**  
You indicate your grading choice on the Student Survey form passed out during the first class. You can verify your grading choice selection on the table below. Contact the instructor by email with any questions or to request a change in grading choice.

**Recommendations**  
The instructor may provide letters of recommendation upon request. When writing a recommendation the instructor will include both graded and non-graded areas of performance. Non-graded performance areas may include teamwork, helping others, quality, planning & organization skills, communication, documentation, motivation, and the desire to go above and beyond expectations. The forum is an excellent way to demonstrate teamwork and communication skills.

**Current Progress**

Code	Grading	Quizzes & Tests										Forum				Labs										Project	Extra	Total	Grade			
Name	Choice	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	T1	T2	T3	F1	F2	F3	F4	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6	L7	L8	L9	L10		Credit		
Max Points		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	30	30	30	20	20	20	20	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	90	560	
adairnda	grade																															

*Your grade is based solely on the number of points you earn. It offers flexibility and gives you control.*

*Use extra credit to earn up to 90 additional points*

*Your default grading choice will be a letter grade. This can be changed to Pass/No Pass by emailing a request to the instructor.*

*Each student is assigned a secret LOR code name*

## More on Grading

[Course Home](#) [Calendar](#)

Points can be earned from the following activities:

- First minute quizzes - 30 points (5%)
- Tests - 90 points (16%)
- Forum posts - 80 points (14%)
- Lab assignments - 300 points (54%)
- Project - 60 points (11%)

**How your grade is determined:**

A student can earn up to 560 total points doing the activities listed above. The course grade is based on the number of points earned.

Percentage	Total Points	Letter Grade	Pass/No Pass
90% or higher	504 or higher	A	Pass
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For some flexibility, personal preferences or family emergencies there is an additional 90 points available of **extra credit** activities.

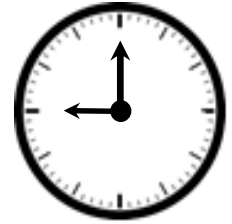
*You control your grade. The more points you earn the higher your grade will be.*

## Grading - Lab Assignments

- 10 labs, 30 points each
- Due at **11:59PM** (Opus time) on the date shown on the course Calendar.
- **Late work is not accepted.** There is no credit for any work turned in after the deadline. If you don't complete a lab assignment, please turn in what you have, by the due date, for partial credit.
- Students may work together and collaborate on labs but they must submit their own work to get credit.
- Lab resources, instructors, and assistants are available in the CIS lab. In addition the Linux Opus server and the CIS VLab may be accessed from anywhere over the Internet.

*A lab assignment due at 11:59PM will get **no credit** if turned in **one minute late** at 12:00AM which is midnight the next day!*

## Grading - First Minute Quizzes



- 10 quizzes, 3 points each
- The quiz questions are shown on CCC Confer at **9:00AM** sharp. Answers are emailed to the instructor. The **order of the questions will not be known** until the quiz is given! Emailed answers that are **not in order will be marked as incorrect.**
- The quiz questions are given out in advance and students can use the forum to collaborate on answers prior to class.
- Quizzes are open book/notes. Students may not give or ask others for assistance while taking a quiz.
- There are **no makeup's** for these quizzes and they **must be taken and turned in within the first few minutes of class.**
- Students that attend by watching the archives can do some extra credit work instead. In the past many working students have joined the class briefly at the start just to take the quiz and then return to work.

*An incentive to start class on time*



## Grading - Tests



- 3 tests, 30 points each
- Tests are timed. 😞
- A practice test will be made available a week before the actual test. 😊
- Test 1 and 2 will be held during the last hour of class on the days shown on the Calendar.
- Working students have the option to take test 1 and test 2 later in the day but they must be completed no later than 11:59PM (Opus time) on the day of the test.
- Test 3 is the final exam and is mandatory. The time of the final exam is shown on the Calendar.
- Tests are open notes, open book, and open computer.
- **Students may not give or ask others for assistance while taking a test.**
- Tests may be taken remotely online.

*Timed tests are more difficult due to the time pressure! They do help me understand what you have learned so I can adjust the course as needed.*

*If you get anxious, freeze up, or your mind just doesn't work on timed tests then come see me. I'll be happy to work with you on how to successfully take them.*

## Grading - Forum Posts

- 4 points per post, up to 20 points maximum per "posting quarter".
- The end date for each posting quarter is shown on the course calendar.
- The posts for the quarter will be due at **11:59PM** (Opus time) on the date shown on the course Calendar.
- Extra posts in one quarter do not carry over to the next quarter.
- Only posts in the CIS 90 class forum will be counted.

*As far as earning points, forum posts are "low hanging fruit" !!*

## Grading - Extra Credit

- Up to 90 points
- You need to attend to a family emergency and can't turn in a lab assignment on time ... don't worry!
- Your schedule/commute doesn't allow you to take any of the "first minute" quizzes .... don't worry!
- You get anxious, panic and forget everything you know on a test ... don't worry!
- You just don't like making forum posts ... don't worry!

*There are ample extra credit opportunities which provide you with the flexibility to get the grade you want.*

***There is a cap on extra credit points so plan carefully!***

## Making the fine print LARGE (and red)

Please remember:

- 1) **NO makeup's** for missed quizzes
- 2) Quiz answers in the **wrong order** or not emailed **in the first few minutes will not be accepted**
- 3) **Late work will not be accepted.** For example, a lab assignment due at 11:59PM will get no credit if turned in **one minute late** at 12:00AM (midnight) the next day

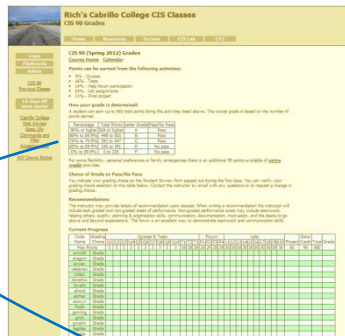
Tip: if you have not completed a lab assignment, **please turn in what you have done for partial credit.**

*Don't panic though -- there are ample extra credit opportunities for students wanting or needing any extra points.*

## Final word on Grading

- You control your grade for this course!
- Use the **Grades** web page to plan for the grade you wish to receive and track your progress.
- Use the **Calendar** web page to see due dates for ALL lab assignments, extra credit labs and forum posts. See when EVERY quiz and test is scheduled.

### Grades



### Calendar



Percentage	Total Points	Letter Grade	Pass/No Pass
90% or higher	504 or higher	A	Pass
80% to 89.9%	448 to 503	B	Pass
70% to 79.9%	392 to 447	C	Pass
60% to 69.9%	336 to 391	D	No pass
0% to 59.9%	0 to 335	F	No pass

*At the end of the course the instructor will count the number of points you have earned and use this table on the Grades web page to determine your grade.*

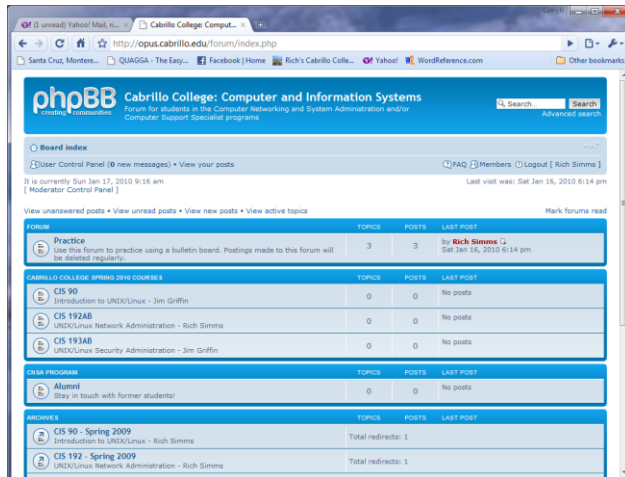




# Help Forum



## Online Help Forum



- Post questions and answers
- Get clarifications on assignments
- Collaborate with classmates on assignments, quizzes and practice tests.
- Share UNIX/Linux information and ideas
- Post class notes for classmates who miss class
- **Since this is a public forum on the Internet:**
  - **Never post passwords!**
  - **Be nice, be respectful, be professional.**



*As an incentive to use the forum - students can earn 4 points per CIS 90 forum post (capped at 20 points for each posting period)*

## Class Forum

### Textbook

POSTREPLY ↩

Search this topic...

Search

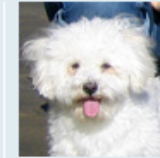
3 posts • Page 1 of 1

### Textbook

by Benji Simms on Thu May 15, 2008 2:57 pm

What is the textbook for this course? I want to get it ahead of time and start reading through it.

- Usernames cannot be anonymous and must be:
  - Your real **first** and **last name** separated by a **space** e.g. Rich Simms
  - During activation if your username matches a name on the roster, but is not your full first and last name **it will be modified** to be so.
  - During activation if your username does not match a name on roster **it gets deleted**.
- Uploading an avatar is optional. Identifying photos are preferred so students can get to know each other.



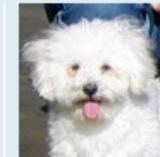
Benji Simms

Posts: 5  
Joined: Thu May 15, 2008 2:40 pm



Rich Simms  
Site Admin

Posts: 340  
Joined: Thu May 15, 2008 1:44 pm



Benji Simms

Posts: 5  
Joined: Thu May 15, 2008 2:40 pm

## Class Activity Forum Registration

Click the Forums link on  
<http://simms-teach.com>

### Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes CIS 90 Calendar

Home

Resources

Forums

CIS Lab

Canvas

#### : Computer and Information Systems

Computer Networking and System Administration and/or  
list programs

Search...

Search

Advanced search


FAQ

Register

Login

It is currently Sun Jan 17, 2010 9:43 am

To Register:

1. Browse to the forum
2. Click on  Register
3. Review and agree to terms
4. Your **Username** must:
  - be your **first and last name separated by a space**
  - e.g. Benji Simms
  - match a name on the class roster

*Note: If you have already registered for a previous CIS course you don't need to do it again.*

*Note: All registrations are manually approved by the instructor. If your username is incomplete or does not match a name of the class roster it will be modified or deleted.*

## Class Forum

Subscribe to the forum to get email notifications of new posts

After logging in:

1. Go to the CIS90 class forum.
2. Click the "Subscribe forum" box at the lower left. When subscribed you get email notifications when new posts are made.
3. To unsubscribe, click it again.

 Board index ☒ Subscribe forum

*Unsubscribed  
looks like this*

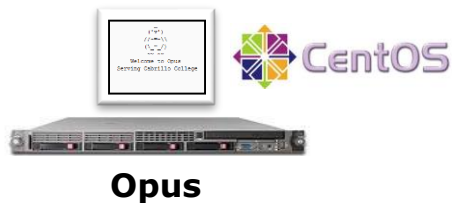
 Board index ☐ Unsubscribe forum

*Subscribed  
looks like this*

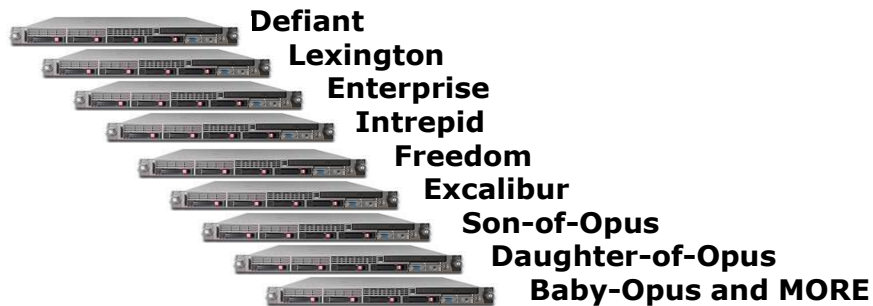
# Lab Resources

## The CIS 90 System Playground

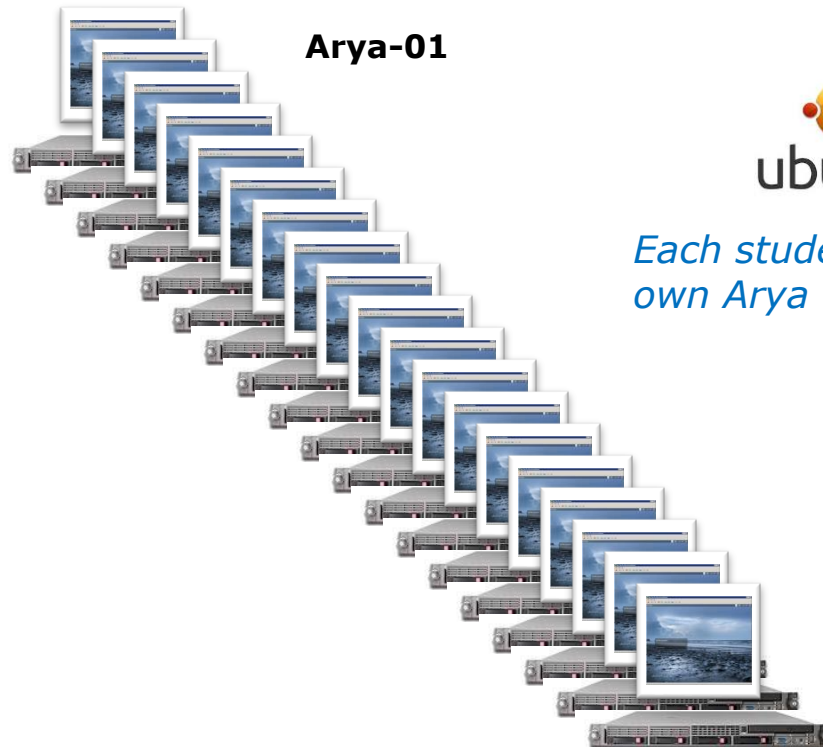
Configured for  
Command Line Only



Other UNIX/Linux servers



Configured for  
Graphics and Command Line

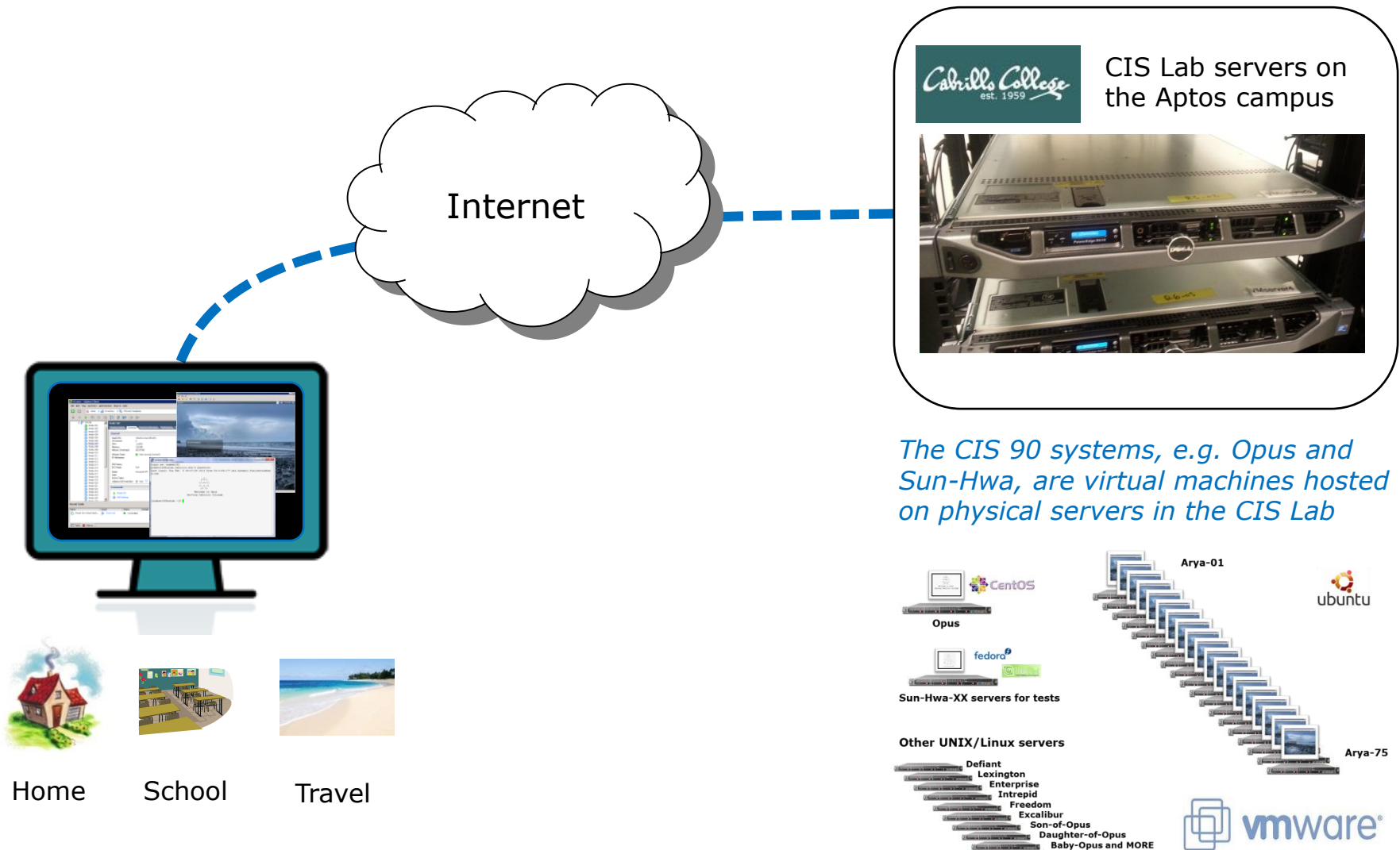


*Each student gets their  
own Arya VM for the term*

*All the systems are virtual machines  
(VMs) running on the CIS Lab servers.  
They are available from on or off-campus*

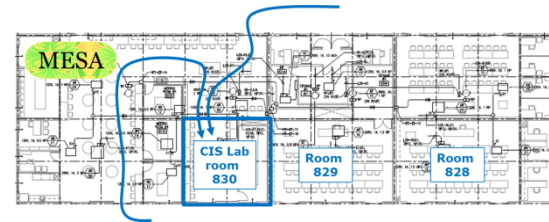
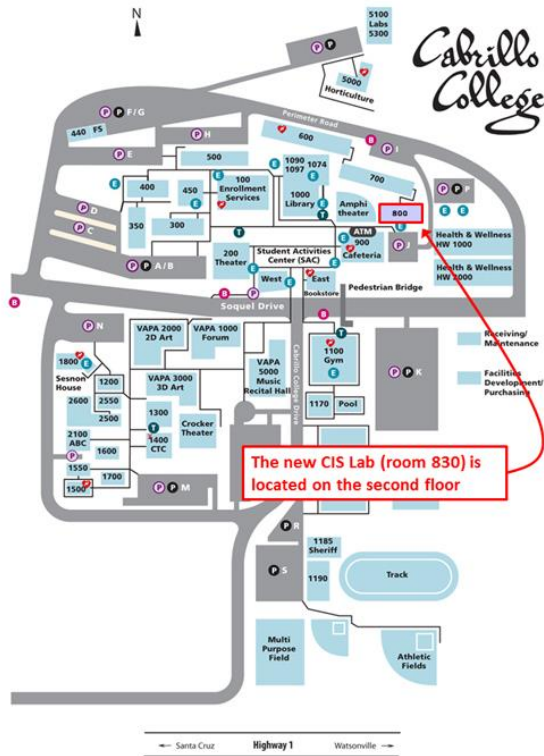


## Option 1: Work on assignments online from anywhere



## Option 2: Work on assignments in the CIS Lab

Building 800 - Room 830 (in the STEM Center)



### Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes CIS 90 Grades

Home

Resources

Forums

**CIS Lab**

Blackboard

*Instructors, lab assistants and equipment are available CIS students.*

*Great place to collaborate with classmates and a place for study groups to meet.*

*Use this link to see the schedule and location*

## The CIS 90 System Playground



*My micro lab on my desk at home. Watch the forum for an extra credit activity using this tiny lab.*

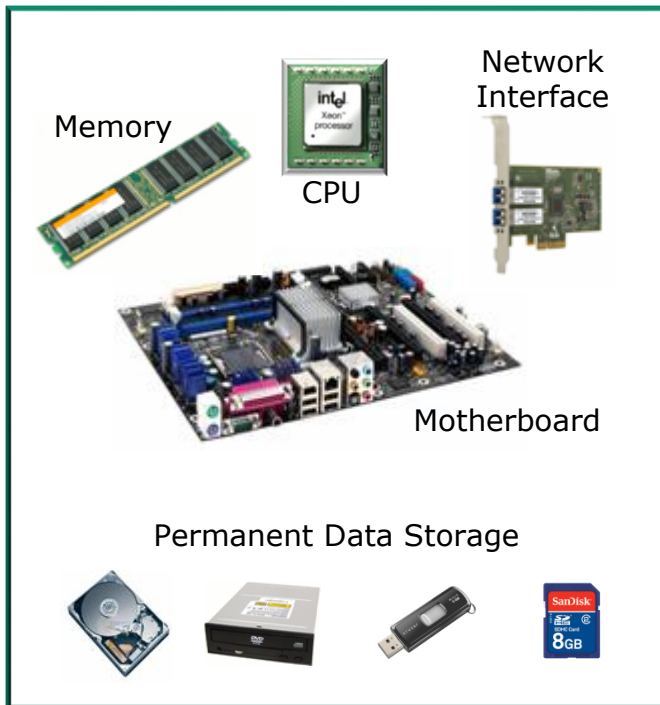


# Computers

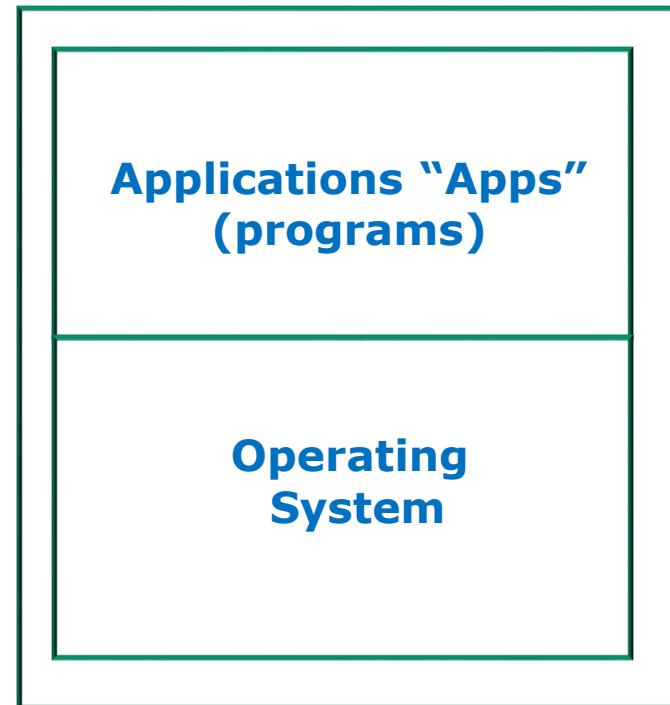
# What is a computer?



## Hardware



## Software



*At a high level all computers have the same basic hardware and software components*





# Hardware



## Computer hardware has many form factors



smart  
phone



tablet



Raspberry Pi



desktop



mobile  
"laptop"



blade  
server



"heavy iron"  
server



Virtual  
Machine



supercomputer



"pizza box" 1U  
rack server



smart watch

*Computers come in a wide variety of form factors*



Apple App Store



The Apache Software  
Foundation



Norton  
from symantec



# Software



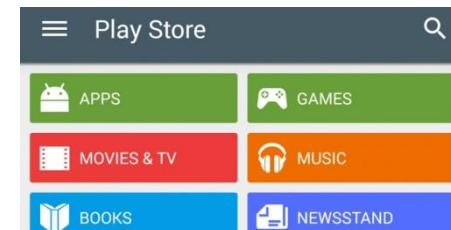
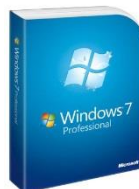
ORACLE®



GNU



McAfee®



# Software can be divided into programs (apps) and operating systems

## Users



### Applications "Apps" (programs)

- Interface to users via graphics (GUI) or command line (CLI)
- Use the OS for all access to hardware resources

Examples: word processors, spreadsheets, smartphone apps, web servers, compilers, games, email, web browsers, media players, databases, CAD/CAM, contact management, anti-virus, accounting, enterprise applications, custom software, and millions more!

### Operating System (OS)

- Shares hardware resources
- Loads and executes programs
- Manages processes (running programs)
- Manages memory
- Manages the file system
- Provides input/output services
- Monitors the system
- Network stack services

**Examples: Windows, Mac, Linux, Unix**

## Hardware



# Software Licensing

## Public Domain (paid for by the taxpayer)

- Source code is available
- No license, no copyright, maybe modified and redistributed
- Examples: USGS mapping software, NASA aerodynamics software

## Open Source

- See: <http://opensource.org>
- Source code is available
- Community of developers doing online collaboration
- Pragmatic redistribution licenses
- Examples: Apache, Firefox, Android, OpenOffice, OpenBSD, LibreOffice

## Free Software Foundation

- See: <https://www.fsf.org>
- Source code is available
- GNU ("GNU is not UNIX") General Public License, COPyleft
- Examples: GNU/Linux, gimp, emacs, nano, gcc, zebra, Files

## Proprietary (closed source)

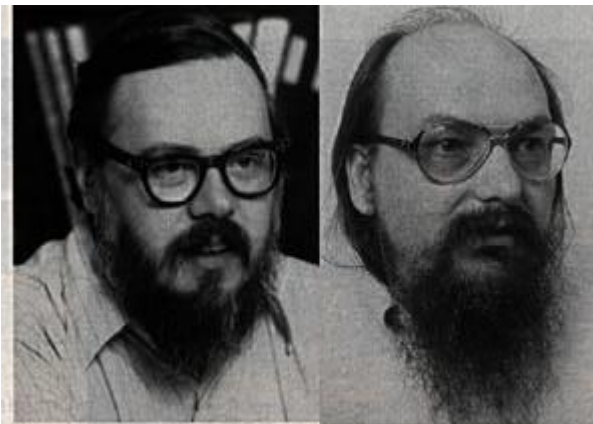
- Source code is not available
- Considered intellectual property
- Must be licensed to use
- Examples: Adobe Photoshop, Microsoft Windows, Mac OS X, AT&T UNIX System V, Cisco IOS



# UNIX/Linux overview

# In 1971 Ken Thompson and Dennis Ritchie developed Unix at AT&T's Bell Labs

In 1971 Ken Thompson and Dennis Ritchie developed Unix at AT&T's Bell Labs



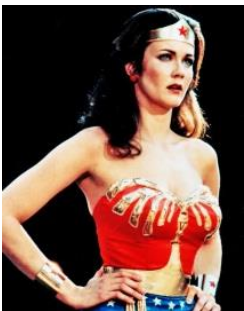
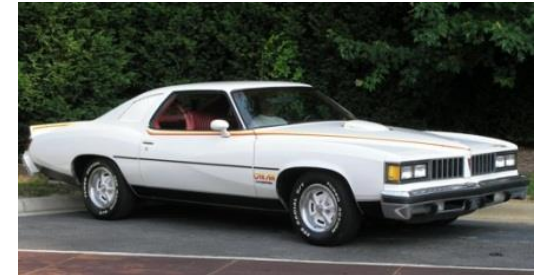
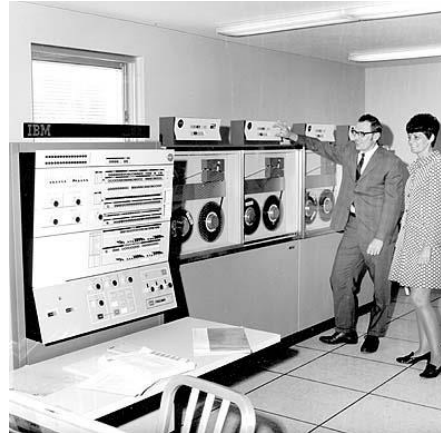
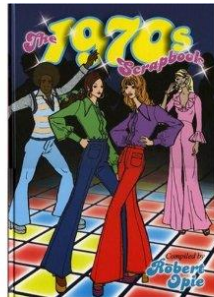
*Dennis Ritchie and Kenneth Thompson: they set the style for software development – and for software developers*



Bell Laboratories



**Isn't UNIX/Linux an antique  
Operating System dating back to the  
early 70's that belongs in a museum?**



## Heck NO !!

UNIX/Linux is widely used, constantly improved and growing fast!

- Cloud infrastructure – Amazon AWS, OpenStack, etc.
- Embedded in smartphones, tablets and many other appliances.
- Internet services - Web, DNS, DHCP, Net News, Mail, etc.
- Enterprise and mission critical applications - Large databases, Enterprise Resource Management (ERM), Customer Relationship Management (CRM), data warehouse, manufacturing, supply chain management, etc.
- Hollywood - feature animation, visual effects, rendering farms.
- Number-crunching super computers for research.
- Businesses like Amazon, Paypal, Facebook, NYSE, Google, Home Depot run their businesses on UNIX/Linux

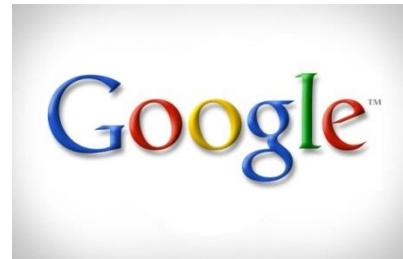
# UNIX/Linux Overview

## Supplemental





## Businesses and organizations that run on Linux



Internet service providers use UNIX/Linux to provide web, DNS, DHCP, Mail, etc. services to their customers.



## Film Studios



Film studios like DreamWorks have huge Linux "rendering farms" to produce the animation and special effects



## Televisions

## The Open-Source Car

**Summary:** Toyota is joining the Linux Foundation.



By Steven J. Vaughan-Nichols for Linux and Open Source |  
July 5, 2011 -- 10:13 GMT (03:13 PDT)

Follow @sjvn

Besides a V6 as your engine, your car is very likely to soon be running Linux under the hood. The Linux Foundation will be announcing today that Toyota is joining the Foundation.

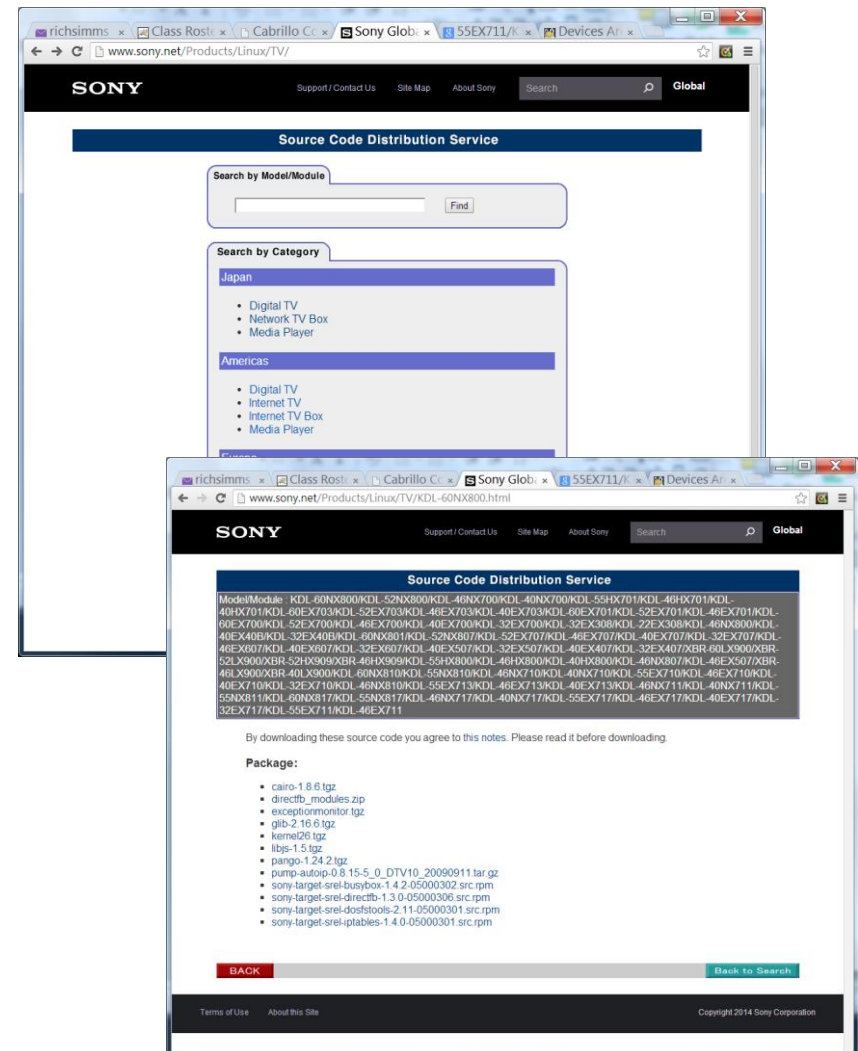


Some of you may be wondering, "What the heck is a car company doing joining the Linux Foundation?" The answer is easy. As the Foundation puts it, "A major shift is underway in the automotive industry. Car-makers are using new technologies to deliver on consumer expectations for the same connectivity in their cars as they've come to expect in their homes and offices. From dashboard computing to In-Vehicle-Infotainment (IVI), automobiles are becoming the latest wireless devices - on wheels."

And, what's one of the most popular systems for dashboard computing, heads-up driving displays and IVI? It's Linux, of course.


< snipped >

<http://www.zdnet.com/blog/open-source/the-open-source-car/9193>



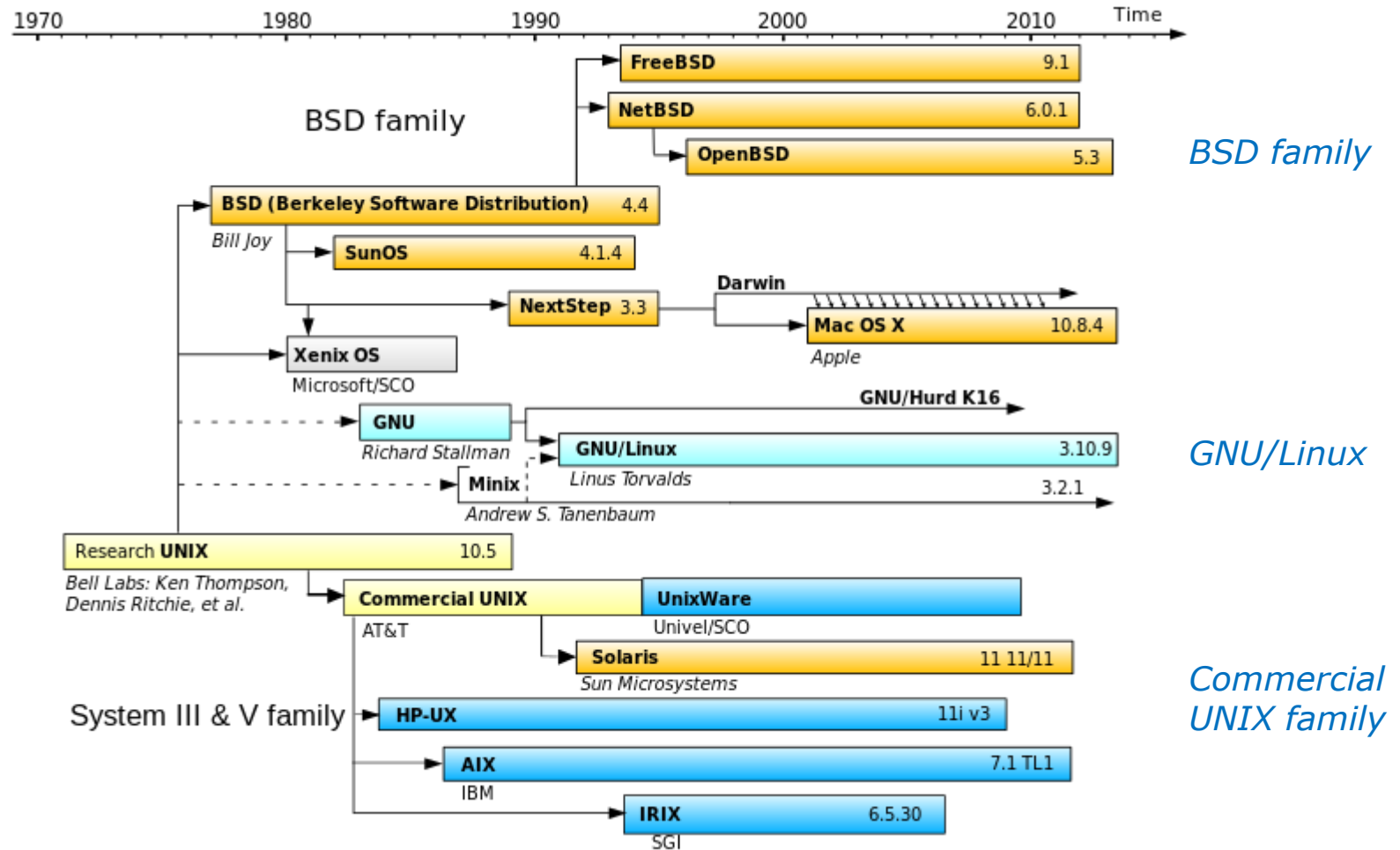
<http://www.sony.net/Products/Linux/common/search.html>





# Unix family trees





*It all started at Bell Labs*

*BSD family*

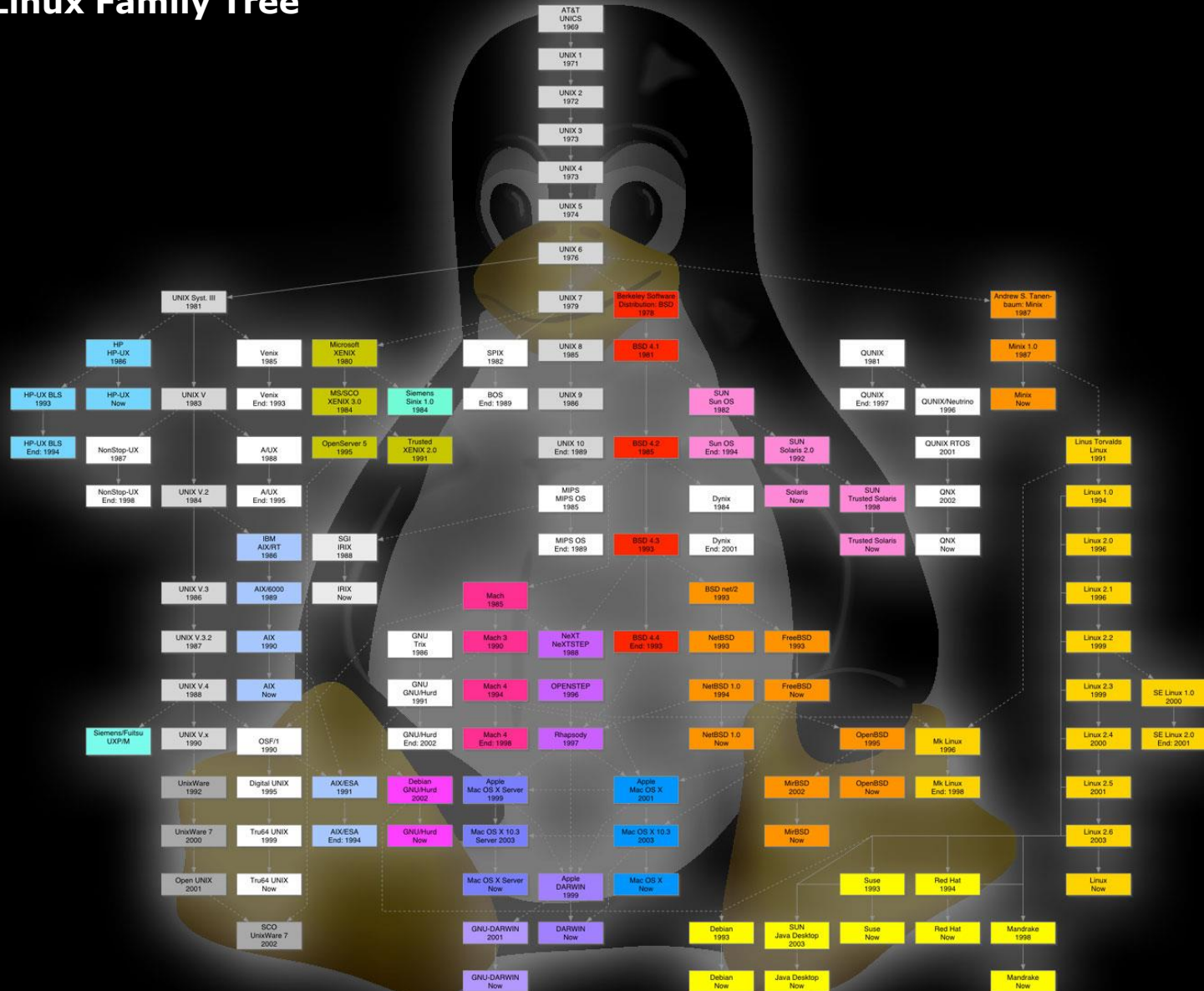
*GNU/Linux*

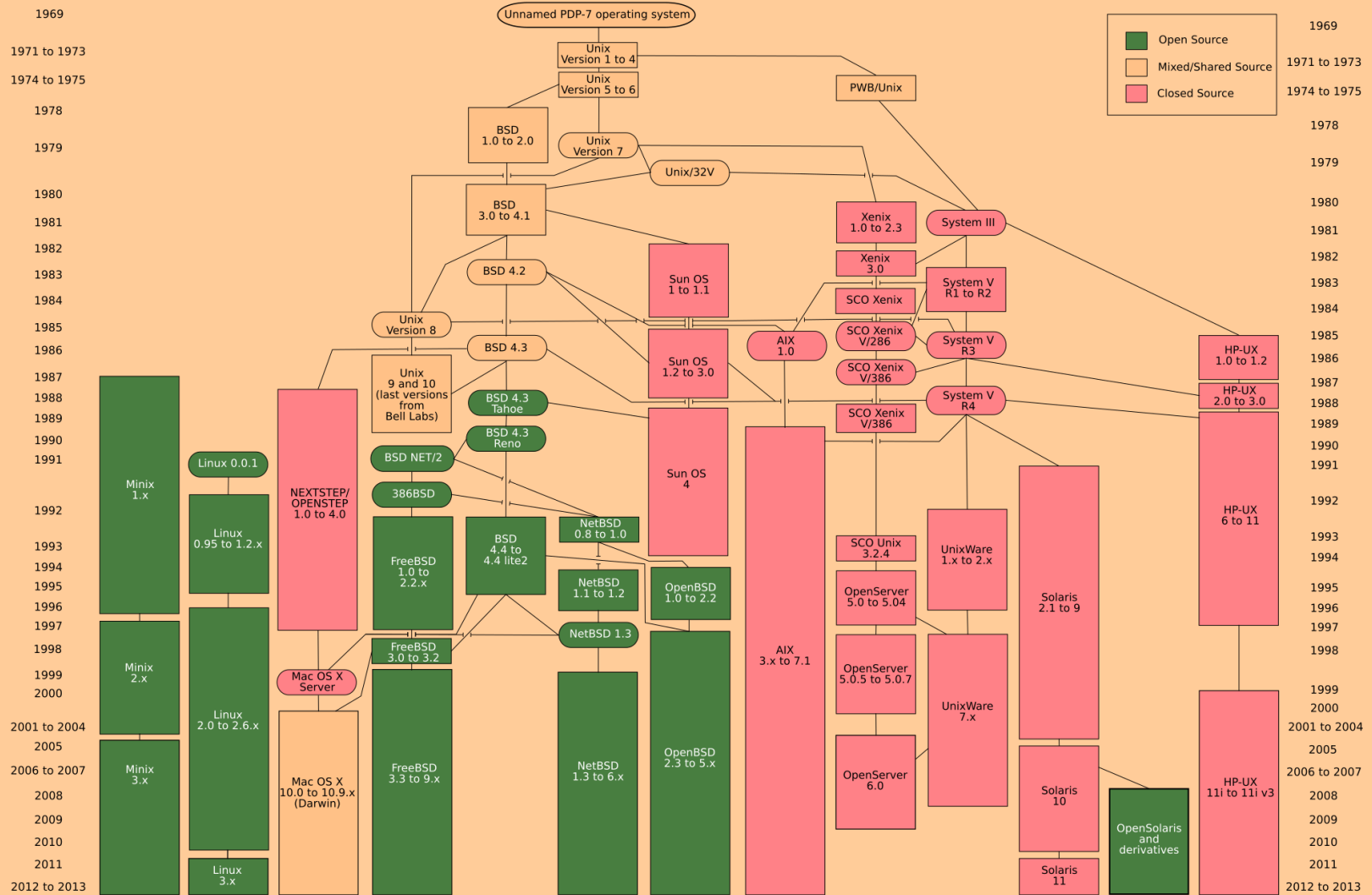
*Commercial UNIX family*

# Unix family Trees

## Supplemental

## UNIX/Linux Family Tree





Detailliertere Liste unter:  
<http://www.levenez.com/unix/>





www.levenez.com/unix/

## Unix History

### Unix Timeline

Below, you can see the preview of the **Unix History** (move on the white zone to get a bigger image):

This is a simplified diagram of unix history. There are numerous derivative systems not listed in this chart, maybe 10 times more! In the recent past, many electronic companies had their own unix releases. This diagram is only the tip of an iceberg, with a penguin on it ;-).

System	Version	Date
Oracle Solaris	11.1	October 4, 2012
Android	4.1.1 Jelly Bean	July 9, 2012
Android	4.1.2	Oct. 9, 2012
Android	4.2	Oct. 29, 2012
Android	4.2.1	November 27, 2012
Linux	3.5	July 21, 2012
Linux	3.6	September 30, 2012
Linux	3.7	December 10, 2012

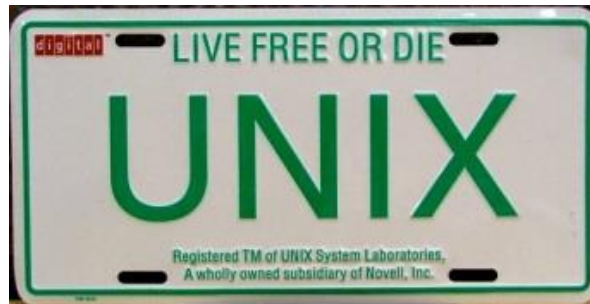
www.levenez.com/unix/redirect\_unix\_a4\_pdf.html

# UNIX

# Commercial UNIX

## The commercial "UNIX" descendants

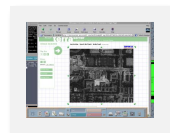
The UNIX trademark is owned and managed by The Open Group on behalf of the industry to signify products that are certified to conform to the Single UNIX Specification.



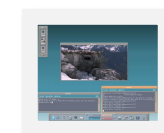
SCO UNIX  
PC servers



Sun Solaris  
Servers and workstations



IBM AIX  
Servers, mainframes and  
workstations



HP HP-UX  
Servers and workstations



Apple OS X  
Mac computers

# **BSD**

## **Berkeley**

## **Software**

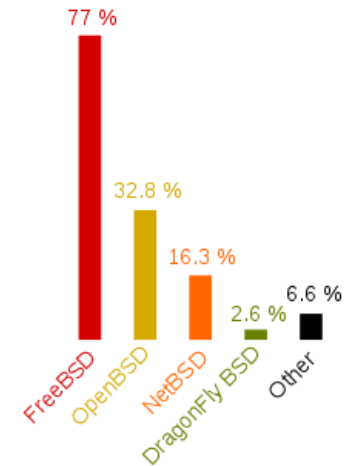
## **Distribution**

## BSD Unix and its "UNIX-like" Descendants

UC Berkeley had a source license from AT&T so they could make their own modifications and additions like TCP/IP which enabled Unix for the Internet. BSD Unix was very popular with university and government users.



*Because the original BSD Unix was based on ATT's UNIX code it had to be re-written from scratch so it could be distributed freely as open source. These "UNIX-like" descendants are not allowed to use the UNIX trademark.*



Source: <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/OpenBSD>

### Apple iOS



*The Apple iOS, internally known as Darwin, like Mac OS X, runs on a Unix-like kernel (Mach kernel + BSD components)*

Sources: [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Darwin\\_\(operating\\_system\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Darwin_(operating_system))  
[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IOS\\_\(Apple\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IOS_(Apple))



# **GNU/Linux**

**GNU is Not Unix**

# GNU/Linux



Shells  
System commands  
Utilities  
Libraries  
Much more ...



Richard Stallman started the GNU project in 1983 to create a free UNIX-like OS. He founded the Free Software Foundation in 1985. In 1989 he wrote the first version of the GNU General Public License



Kernel



Linus Torvalds, as a student, initially conceived and assembled the Linux kernel in 1991. The kernel was later re-licensed under the GNU General Public License in 1992.

## Various GNU/Linux "Distros" (Distributions)

Red Hat Enterprise Linux



CentOS



Fedora



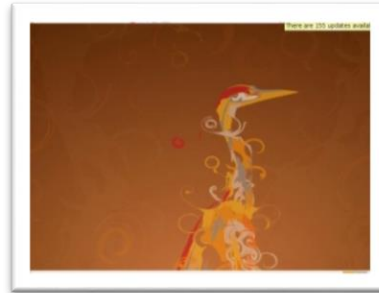
OpenSUSE



Debian



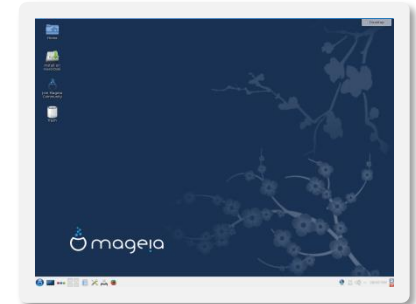
Ubuntu



Mint



Mageia




*Note: A distribution is built by a company or organization. They start with the **Linux kernel** then add a custom mix of open source components. They may then add some of their own unique software to differentiate their distribution.*



Tux, the penguin, is the Linux kernel mascot

# iso.linuxquestions.org

## 15 Most Popular Linux Distro Downloads

15 Most Downloaded Distribution Versions (last 30 Days)	 15 Most Downloaded Distributions (Ever)
1. <a href="#">BackTrack 5 R3</a> (563598)	1. <a href="#">Fedora</a>
2. <a href="#">CentOS 6.5</a> (24485)	2. <a href="#">Red Hat Enterprise Linux</a>
3. <a href="#">Linux Mint 17.1</a> (10509)	3. <a href="#">Mandriva</a>
4. <a href="#">Fedora 20</a> (7214)	4. <a href="#">Ubuntu</a>
5. <a href="#">Wifislax 4.9</a> (6778)	5. <a href="#">SUSE</a>
6. <a href="#">Puppy Linux 6.0 "Tahrpup"</a> (4429)	6. <a href="#">CentOS</a>
7. <a href="#">CentOS 7.0-1406</a> (4029)	7. <a href="#">Damn Small Linux</a>
8. <a href="#">KNOPPIX 7.4.2</a> (3455)	8. <a href="#">Knoppix</a>
9. <a href="#">linuX-gamers Live 0.9.7</a> (2675)	9. <a href="#">BackTrack</a>
10. <a href="#">FreeBSD 9.3</a> (2312)	10. <a href="#">Debian</a>
11. <a href="#">Puppy Linux 4.3.1</a> (1912)	11. <a href="#">Slackware</a>
12. <a href="#">Ubuntu 12.04.4</a> (1584)	12. <a href="#">Linux Mint</a>
13. <a href="#">Damn Small Linux 4.4.10</a> (1207)	13. <a href="#">PCLinuxOS</a>
14. <a href="#">Xubuntu 14.04.1</a> (1052)	14. <a href="#">Puppy Linux</a>
15. <a href="#">Zorin OS 6 "Lite"</a> (968)	15. <a href="#">MEPIS</a>

Jan 21, 2015

*There are hundreds of Linux distributions. The one thing they have in common is they all use the Linux kernel.*

## Embedded Linux (just a few)



Katana  
Robotic Arm



Erle-Copter  
drone



Nest Cam



Amazon  
Kindle



Stir smart desk



Asus RT-AC66U  
wireless router



Tivo



Yamaha Disklavier  
Mark IV



Android  
Cell Phones



Some TomTom  
GPS models



Garmin  
Nuvi 5000



Buffalo  
NAS storage



Virgin America  
Personal  
Entertainment



TripBPX  
Phone  
System



MikroTik  
Routers



Sony TVs



Android Tablets



Raspberry Pi



Polycom  
VOIP  
Phone





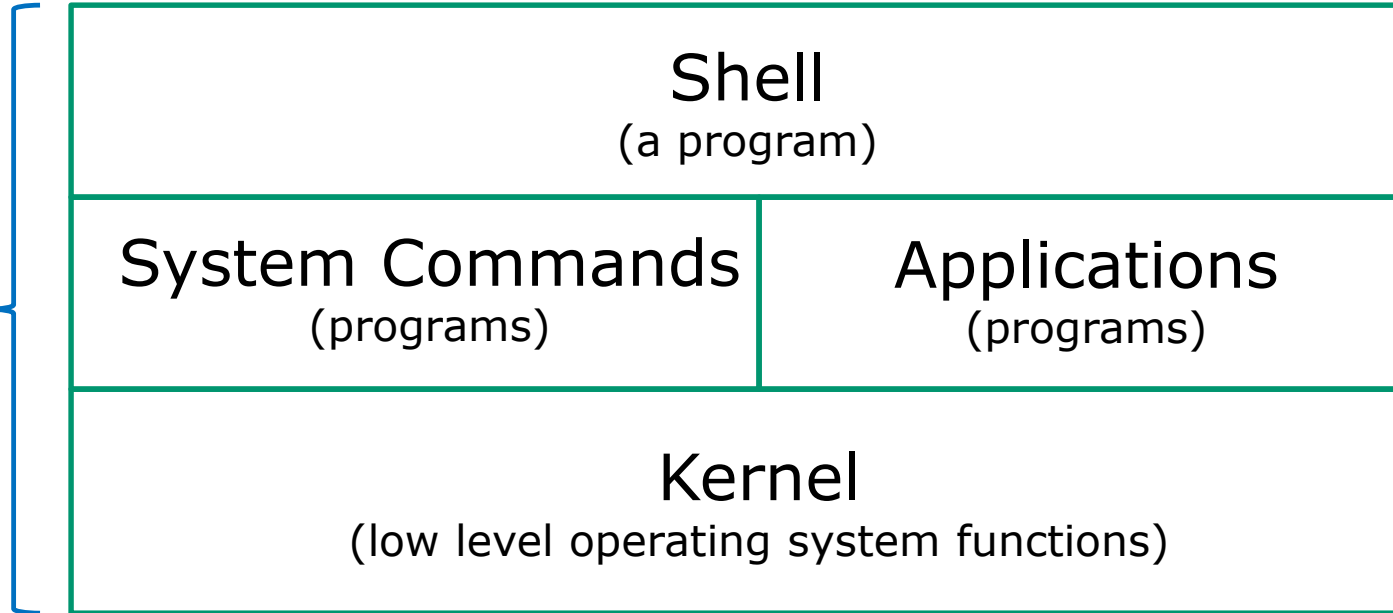
# Unix/Linux Architecture simplified

# UNIX/Linux Architecture Simplified View

**Users**



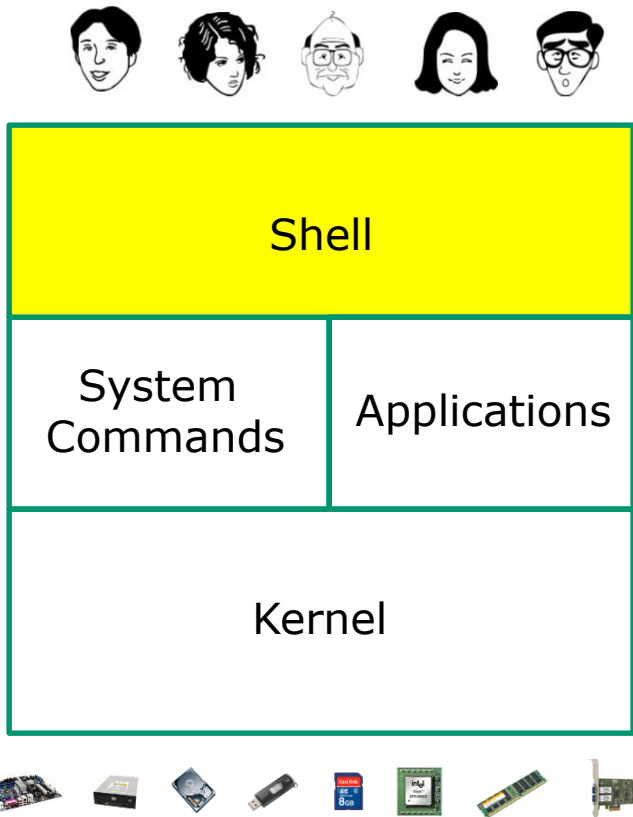
**Software**



**Hardware**

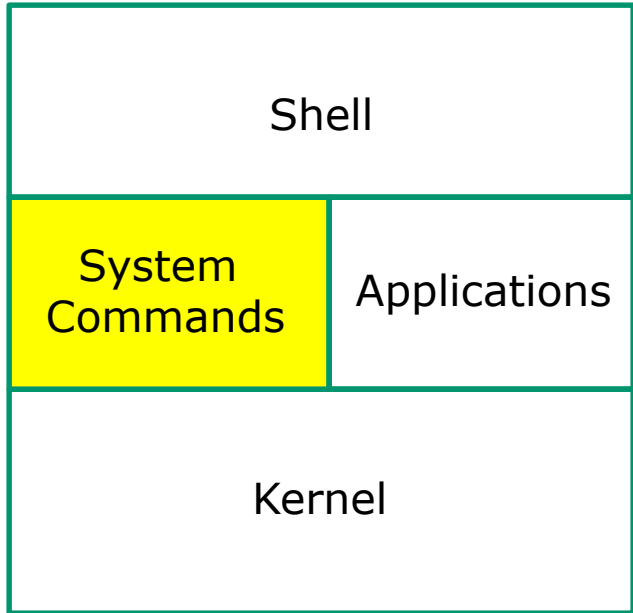


# The Shell (Command Line)



- Allows users to interact with the computer
- Called a “shell” because it hides the underlying operating system.
- Prompts user for a command, parses the command, then locates the command (a program or script) and runs it.
- Many shell programs are available: sh (Bourne shell), bash (Bourne Again shell), csh (C shell), ksh (Korn shell).
- The shell is a user interface and a programming language (scripts).
- GNOME and KDE desktops could be called graphical shells.

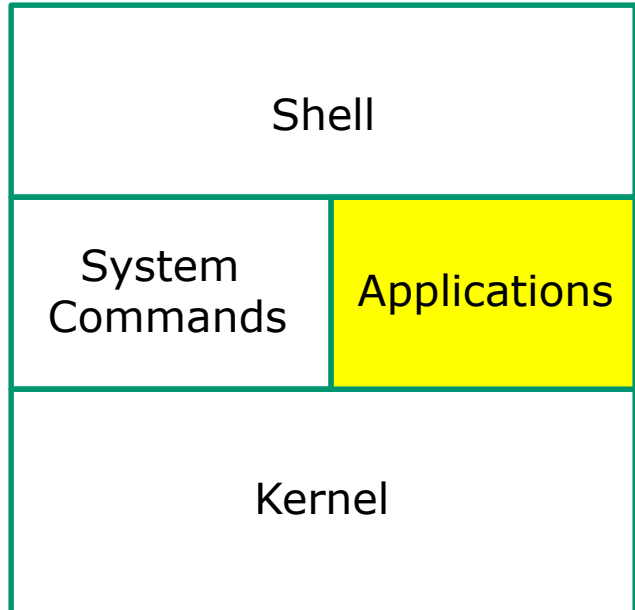
# System Commands



- 100's of system commands and utilities.
- We will learn how to use the following commands in this lesson:
  - cal
  - clear
  - date
  - exit
  - hostname
  - id
  - ps
  - ssh
  - tty
  - uname

# UNIX/Linux Architecture

## Applications

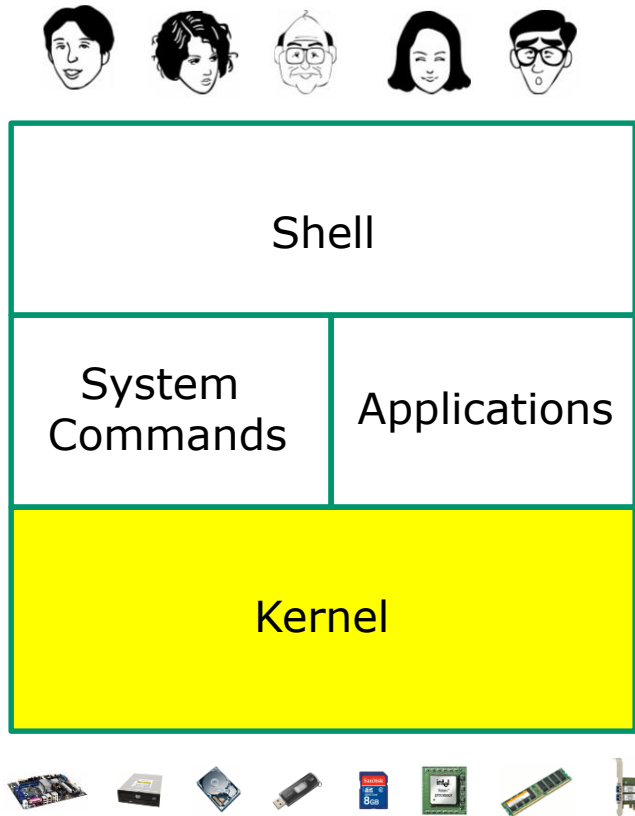


- Could be included in the distribution or optionally installed.
- Could be an add-on program developed by an ISV (Independent Software Vendor) or Open Source organization.
- Could be an in-house developed custom application.
- Examples are **Apache** (web server), **GIMP** (GNU image manipulation program), **OpenOffice** (word processing, spreadsheets, presentations), **Oracle** (commercial database), ... etc.





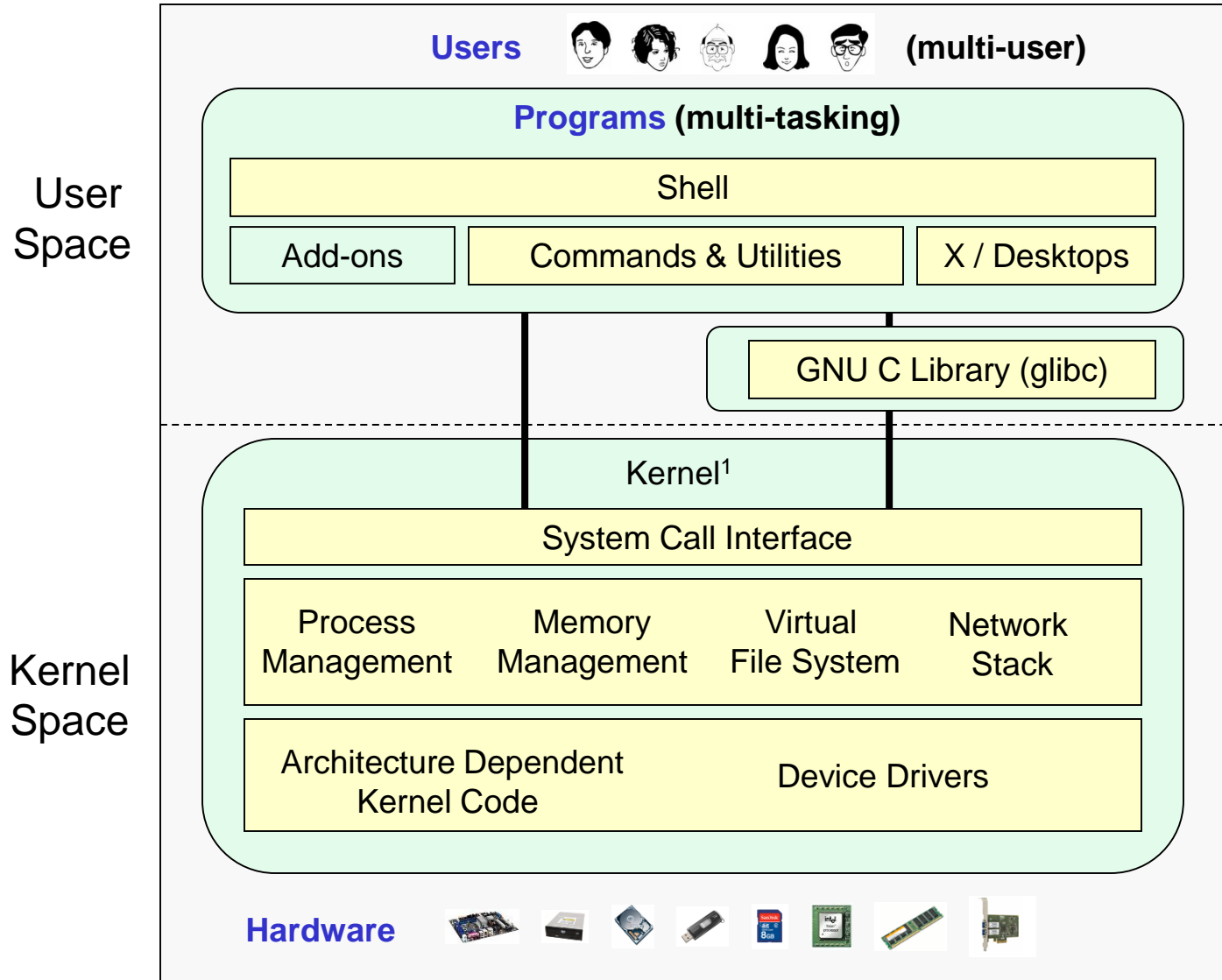
# The Kernel



- Lowest level, inner-most core of the operating system.
  - Process management - what programs are called when they are loaded and running.
  - Memory management - handles all the reads and writes to memory (RAM and virtual memory).
  - File System - handle all the reads and writes to files on drives.
  - Network stack - provides the communication layers to exchange packets with other computers.



## GNU/Linux Operating System Architecture



Richard Stallman started the GNU project in 1983 to create a free UNIX-like OS. He Founded the Free Software Foundation in 1985. In 1989 he wrote the first version of the GNU General Public License



Linus Torvalds, as a student, initially conceived and assembled the Linux kernel in 1991. The kernel was later re-licensed under the GNU General Public License in 1992.

<sup>1</sup>See "Anatomy of the Linux kernel" by M. Tim Jones at <http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/linux/library/l-linux-kernel/>

# UNIX/Linux Design “Observations”

- Multi-tasking and multi-user capabilities
- Unlike Windows, the GUI does not run in the kernel (adds stability)
- Unlike Windows, multiple graphical desktops available
- Linux kernel is “monolithic”, not a modular “microkernel”
- Dynamic - can load and unload modules on the fly
- Programs restricted to the privileges of the user running them (more secure)
- Scalable - scales up to handle the largest enterprise and mission-critical applications
- Portable - runs on a variety of hardware platforms
- Reliable and robust
- Powerful, **but NOT friendly !!**



# Market Share





## Worldwide Server Market



**FRAMINGHAM, Mass., June 1, 2016** – According to the International Data Corporation (**IDC**) **Worldwide Quarterly Server Tracker**, vendor revenue in the worldwide server market decreased 3.6% year over year to \$12.4 billion in the first quarter of 2016 (1Q16). This ended a seven quarter streak of year-over-year revenue growth as server market demand slowed due to a pause in hyperscale server deployments as well as a clear end to the enterprise refresh cycle. Worldwide server shipments decreased 3.0% to 2.2 million units in 1Q16 when compared with the same year-ago period.

Source: IDC, <https://www.idc.com/getdoc.jsp?containerId=prUS41424716>

Quarter	2012Q1	2012Q2	2012Q3	2012Q4	2013Q1	2013Q2	2013Q3	2013Q4	2014Q1	2014Q2	2014Q3	2014Q4	2015Q1	2015Q2	2015Q3
OS	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units	Units
i5/OS	376	376	479	560	348	303	394	452	172	201	220	278	317	154	171
Linux	552,776	580,481	704,734	731,987	633,291	748,081	764,935	882,012	755,867	821,566	953,219	995,669	867,441	881,780	1,019,325
NetWare															
OpenVMS	121	302	238	275	193	230	209	94	46	103	103	98	29	37	43
Others	1,260	1,099	1,010	1,013	1,071	911	1,039	825	696	469	535	580	417	300	360
Unix	44,831	45,290	40,209	41,593	31,063	34,446	31,035	32,064	24,739	27,022	25,303	26,571	19,969	22,855	21,994
Windows	1,434,667	1,444,014	1,524,330	1,520,144	1,367,995	1,413,723	1,456,832	1,557,954	1,295,665	1,373,838	1,404,824	1,519,288	1,365,814	1,391,140	1,448,711
z/OS	441	452	401	998	646	688	678	911	541	940	486	713	819	1,148	687
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,034,470</b>	<b>2,072,014</b>	<b>2,271,402</b>	<b>2,296,570</b>	<b>2,034,607</b>	<b>2,198,382</b>	<b>2,255,122</b>	<b>2,474,312</b>	<b>2,077,727</b>	<b>2,224,138</b>	<b>2,384,688</b>	<b>2,543,197</b>	<b>2,254,806</b>	<b>2,297,414</b>	<b>2,491,291</b>

Source: Jorge Vela at IDC



# Website hits by browser OS

Jul 2010<sup>1</sup>

Operating Systems		
1	Windows XP	48.17%
2	Windows 7	17.02%
3	Windows Vista	16.60%
4	Mac OS X	4.84%
5	Linux	1.45%
6	Windows 2003	1.02%
7	iPhone OSX	0.56%
8	Windows 2000	0.31%
9	WAP	0.12%
10	Android	0.08%

6.9%

Jan 2013<sup>2</sup>

Operating Systems		
1	Windows 7	44.13%
2	Windows XP	23.70%
3	iOS	8.79%
4	Apple OS X	8.52%
5	Windows Vista	5.48%
6	Android	3.75%
7	Windows 8	2.28%
8	Linux	1.74%
9	BlackBerry	0.61%
10	SymbianOS	0.23%

22.8%

Jun 2016<sup>3</sup>

Top 10 Platforms		
1	Windows 7	23.72%
2	iOS 9	14.16%
3	Android 4	12.16%
4	Windows 10	12.16%
5	Android 5	10.59%
6	Windows 8.1	5.10%
7	Android 6	4.41%
8	Mac OS X	3.82%
9	Windows XP	2.83%
10	Linux	2.48%

47.5%

1-This report was generated 07/31/2010 based on the last 15,000 page views to each website tracked by W3Counter. W3Counter's sample currently includes 38,996 websites. The browser market share graph includes data from all versions of the named browser families, not only the top 10 as listed below.

2-This report was generated 01/31/2013 based on the last 15,000 page views to each website tracked by W3Counter. W3Counter's sample currently includes 63,187 websites. The browser market share graph includes data from all versions of the named browser families, not only the top 10 as listed below.

3-This report was generated 06/30/2016 based on the past month's traffic to all websites that use W3Counter's free web stats.

```

▶ Frame 181: 357 bytes on wire (2856 bits), 357 bytes captured (2856 bits) on interface 0
▶ Ethernet II, Src: Vmware_b2:31:58 (00:0c:29:bb:31:58), Dst: AsustekC_85:3e:e8 (2c:56:dc:85:3e:e8)
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.56, Dst: 208.113.154.64
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 46618 (46618), Dst Port: 80 (80), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 303

```

## Hypertext Transfer Protocol

```
▶ GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n
```

```
Host: smilesantacruz.com\r\n
```

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux i686; rv:44.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/44.0 Icedweasel/44.0.2\r\n
```

```
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8\r\n
```

```
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5\r\n
```

```
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r\n
```

```
Connection: keep-alive\r\n
```

*Kali Linux (Icedweasel)*

```
▶ Frame 655: 627 bytes on wire (5016 bits), 627 bytes captured (5016 bits) on interface 0
```

```
▶ Ethernet II, Src: Apple_b2:aa:8b (ac:bc:32:b2:aa:8b), Dst: Netgear_5c:a7:cc (2c:30:33:5c:a7:cc)
```

```
▶ Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.30.1.55, Dst: 208.113.154.64
```

```
▶ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 49428, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 573
```

## Hypertext Transfer Protocol

```
▶ GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n
```

```
Host: smilesantacruz.com\r\n
```

```
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8\r\n
```

```
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1\r\n
```

```
▶ Cookie: __utma=222560537.1964456004.1485290514.1485290514.1485297432.2; __utmb=222560537.1.10.1485297432; __utmc=222560537; __utmt=1;
```

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_12_2) AppleWebKit/602.3.12 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/10.0.2 Safari/602.3.12\r\n
```

```
Accept-Language: en-us\r\n
```

```
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r\n
```

```
Connection: keep-alive\r\n
```

```
\r\n
```

```
[Full request URI: http://smilesantacruz.com/]
```

*Mac OS X 10.12 (Safari)*

```
> Frame 169: 591 bytes on wire (4728 bits), 591 bytes captured (4728 bits) on interface 0
```

```
> Ethernet II, Src: GoodWayI_7f:66:04 (00:50:b6:7f:66:04), Dst: AsustekC_85:3e:e8 (2c:56:dc:85:3e:e8)
```

```
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.237, Dst: 208.113.154.64
```

```
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 58706, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 537
```

## Hypertext Transfer Protocol

```
> GET / HTTP/1.1\r\n
```

```
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,image/jxr,*/*\r\n
```

```
Accept-Language: en-US\r\n
```

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/51.0.2704.79 Safari/537.36 Edge/14.14393\r\n
```

```
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r\n
```

```
Host: smilesantacruz.com\r\n
```

```
Connection: Keep-Alive\r\n
```

```
> Cookie: __utma=222560537.1126876212.1485282896.1485282896.1485282896.1; __utmb=222560537.2.10.1485282896; __utmc=222560537; __utmz=222560537.1485282896.1.1\r\n
```

```
[Full request URI: http://smilesantacruz.com/]
```

```
[HTTP request 1/2]
```

```
[Response in frame: 191]
```

```
[Next request in frame: 247]
```

*Windows 10 (Edge)*



*When you surf websites you leave information such as your IP address, operating system and browser app.*



## Smartphones



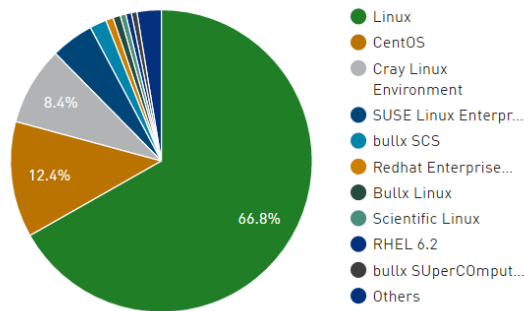
Worldwide Smartphone Sales to End Users by Operating System in 2Q16 (Thousands of Units)

Operating System	2Q16 Units	2Q16 Market Share (%)	2Q15 Units	2Q15 Market Share (%)
Android	296,912.8	86.2	271,647.0	82.2
iOS	44,395.0	12.9	48,085.5	14.6
Windows	1,971.0	0.6	8,198.2	2.5
Blackberry	400.4	0.1	1,153.2	0.3
Others	680.6	0.2	1,229.0	0.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>344,359.7</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>330,312.9</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Source: Gartner (August 2016)

## Operating System Share June 2016

Operating System System Share



## Linux dominates the Supercomputer market



Operating System	Count	System Share (%)	Rmax (GFlops)	Rpeak (GFlops)	Cores
Linux	334	66.8	247,434,891	385,940,626	18,527,451
CentOS	62	12.4	31,454,947	62,160,954	2,223,160
Cray Linux Environment	42	8.4	96,620,820	130,337,966	3,637,996
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11	23	4.6	30,651,690	42,727,804	1,203,092
bullx SCS	9	1.8	8,579,333	10,641,317	308,072
Redhat Enterprise Linux 6.4	4	0.8	3,668,262	5,040,438	132,410
Bullx Linux	4	0.8	5,912,187	7,642,599	218,112
Scientific Linux	3	0.6	1,714,761	2,031,552	73,384
RHEL 6.2	3	0.6	1,453,100	1,796,454	86,368
bullx SuperComputer Suite A.E.2.1	3	0.6	2,942,070	3,583,180	165,888
Redhat Enterprise Linux 6.5	3	0.6	3,393,110	4,528,051	122,416
AIX	3	0.6	1,201,135	1,405,914	49,504
Redhat Enterprise Linux 6	2	0.4	2,433,470	3,032,783	295,656
Kylin Linux	2	0.4	35,934,090	57,976,934	3,294,720
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 SP1	1	0.2	609,779	669,760	16,100
Sunway RaiseOS 2.0.5	1	0.2	93,014,594	125,435,904	10,649,600
Redhat Enterprise Linux 7.2	1	0.2	334,800	534,097	11,184



Tianhe-2  
supercomputer  
in China



Cray XK7  
Titan at Oak  
Ridge National  
Lab



Sequoia, IBM  
BlueGene/Q  
at Lawrence  
Livermore  
Lab



Fujitsu K  
computer in  
Japan



Mira, IBM  
BlueGene/Q  
at Argonne  
Lab

Source:

<http://www.top500.org/statistics/list/>

# Logging in via ssh



SSH  
(secure shell)



Getting the car keys

## Remote Server

**Problem:** We need a secure (encrypted) way to login and enter commands to a remote server over the network.



**Solution:** SSH is a network protocol that enables secure connections between computers

Picture credit: <http://www.cs.umd.edu/faq/ssh.html>

Old way: **telnet**

Sniffer view of a Telnet session

```

root@ server2-01:~
telnet-session - Ethereal
Contents of TCP stream
login: rrsiiimmmssrr
Password: nimbus2000rr
Last login: Sun Jul 6 18:47:03 from 192.168.1.254r
[rsimms@server2-01 rsimms]$ ccaatt sseeccrreett rr
The D-Day invasion is set for June 6th at Normandyr
[rsimms@server2-01 rsimms]$ eexxiitt rr
logoutr
z[H2[J
    
```

Telnet uses clear text

*With telnet, everything is transferred in clear text over the network (not good!)*

New way: **ssh**

Sniffer view of a SSH session

```

root@ server2-01:~
ssh-session - Ethereal
Contents of TCP stream
0000003E 1a 20 b1 b0 fa f3 03 2f 03 13 32 20 a3 32 b3 33 ...2..
0000005AE 80 72 2b 72 d4 3b 46 a6 7b 67 6b d4 df a2 b2 8c ,r+r.;F.
0000005BE 01 7c 39 78 bd c4 95 f2 61 93 73 a1 76 49 cf 00 ,l9x...
0000005CE 68 c2 85 71 b0 75 c6 72 b5 18 27 10 4b 57 ed 88 h.,q.u.r
0000005DE 17 df 2b a1 dd 81 4f 0a 58 51 f5 f7 54 3e cc 89 ...+.0.
0000005EE 55 70 e9 73 b4 0a 6f 3f af 5b f7 3c 4e 30 92 39 Up,s..o?
0000005FE 62 fc fd a6 fd b9 45 e2 56 12 d1 90 0c d9 ce 34 b.....E.
00000060E 6d 1f 8b 44 a7 50 3c 59 aa 0b 2a c2 04 c1 da 43 m..D.P<Y
00000061E 21 87 2d 32 67 48 d3 47 2f 43 25 5b ee 65 89 76 l,-2gH.G
00000062E 83 1c 74 91 b1 f5 3e 8b 57 ee d9 fc f5 45 e3 b6 ...t...>.
00000063E ef 9c f0 89 eb f7 1d c9 fd 29 69 44 a9 75 98 5a .....
00000064E b2 ba d5 62 9f 35 e1 1a ee 06 8b 79 fe e9 f0 0a ...b.5.
00000065E df
00000066E ea
00000067E 06
00000068E 8c 8f a3 07 6e 69 62 02 a7 3f e0 e1 9b ec af d0 ....nib.
    
```

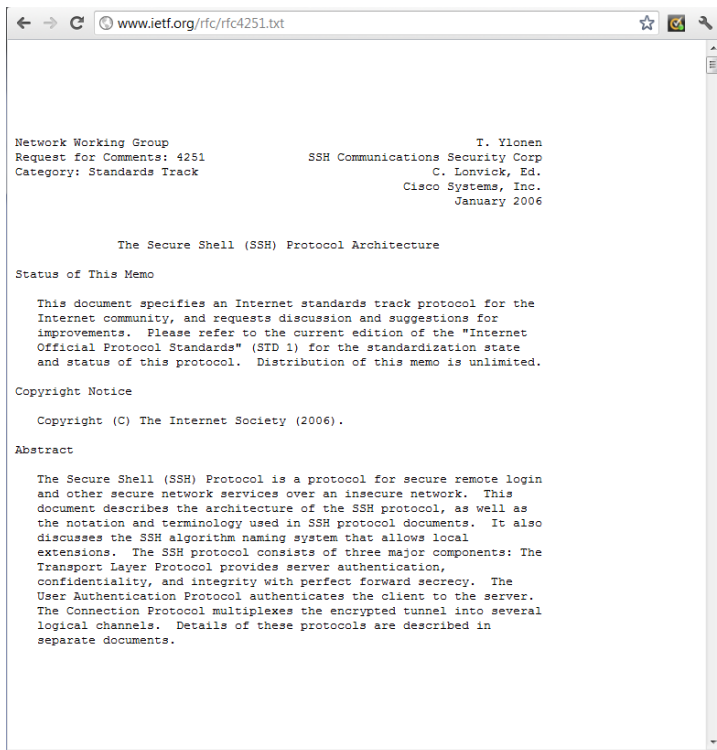
SSH is encrypted

*With ssh, everything is encrypted. This is how we will access all UNIX/Linux systems in CIS 90.*



**Local computer at home or on campus**

SSH (secure shell) is a standards based protocol. We will use it for remotely logging into and running commands on UNIX/Linux systems.



- See RFCs 4250 to 4254 at [www.ietf.org](http://www.ietf.org) for the gory details
- “RFC” = Request for Comment
- “IETF” = Internet Engineering Task Force








## SSH apps may need to be installed

- ✓ Linux and Mac already have SSH built in (i.e. the **ssh** command)
- ❑ Android smartphones and tablets can use SSH apps such as the free **ConnectBot** or **Juice** apps
- ❑ Apple iPhones and iPads can use ssh apps such as the **iSSH** app
- ❑ Windows users can download and install the **Putty** program



Putty is written and maintained primarily by Simon Tatham.  
<http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/>  
Thank you Simon!

## Class Activity – Install SSH software if necessary

<b>Operating System</b>	 <b>Students in the classroom</b>	 <b>Students at home</b>
 Windows	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Find and run the Putty program</li> </ul>	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Google “putty download”</li> <li>Download the <u>putty.exe</u> binary to your desktop</li> <li>Run the downloaded putty.exe program</li> </ul> <a href="http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html">http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html</a>
  Linux or Mac		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Search for and run the terminal app</li> </ul>



# First Login



Get into  
the car

# SSH connection to a UNIX/Linux Server

To connect and login to a remote system you must know:

- The **hostname or IP Address** of the remote server (hostnames must be *fully qualified domain names* when going over the Internet)
- The **port** number the SSH service is listening on (the default is port 22)
- Your login credentials (**username** and **password**) on the remote server



## How people get into another home

<http://modernwarpoetry.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/09/Vertical-Siding-Brick-wall-white-house-with-a-big-house.jpg>

1) You need an address to find someone's home

2) Some doors are locked and some are open.  
You can only enter if the door is open.

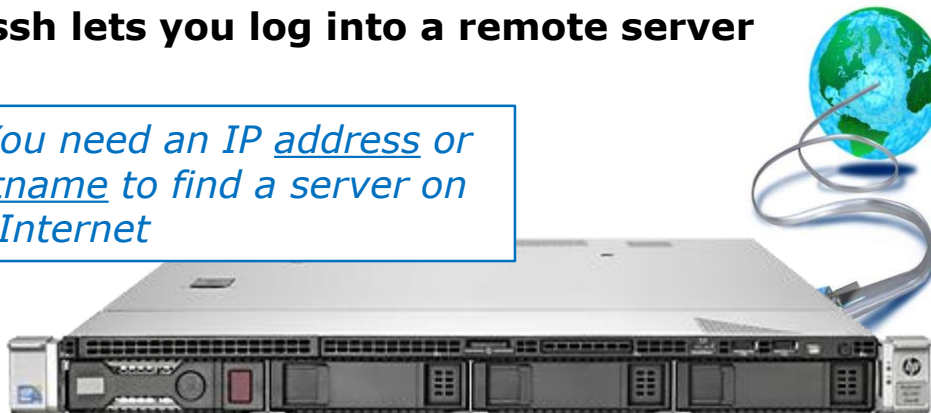


3) Homer owner: Who the heck are you?

4) Visitor: My name is Rich and I live next door in the small shack

## How ssh lets you log into a remote server

1) You need an IP address or hostname to find a server on the Internet



<http://product-images.www8-hp.com/digmedialib/prodimg/lowres/c03120597.png>

2) Some ports are locked and some are open. You can only connect if the port is open.

3) Server: Enter username & password

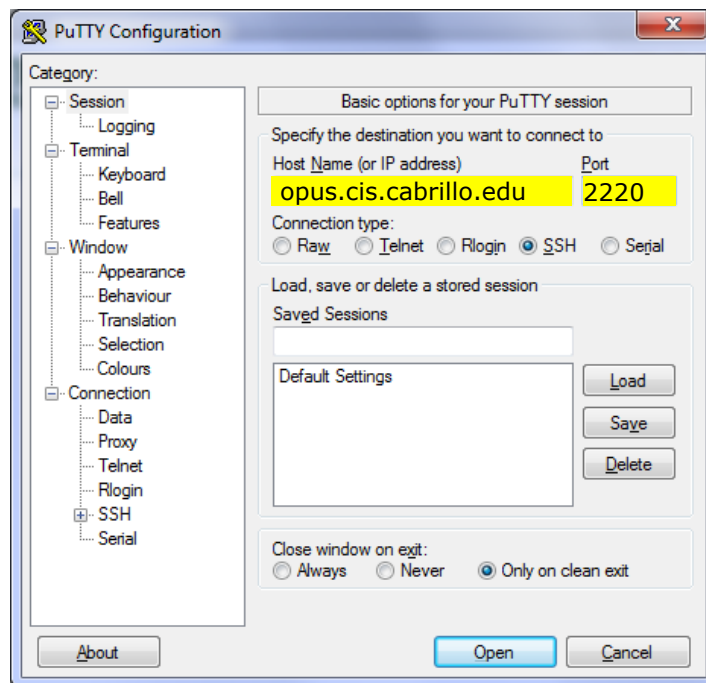
4) Visiting user: rsimms & <secret>

# SSH connection to a UNIX/Linux Server - from Windows

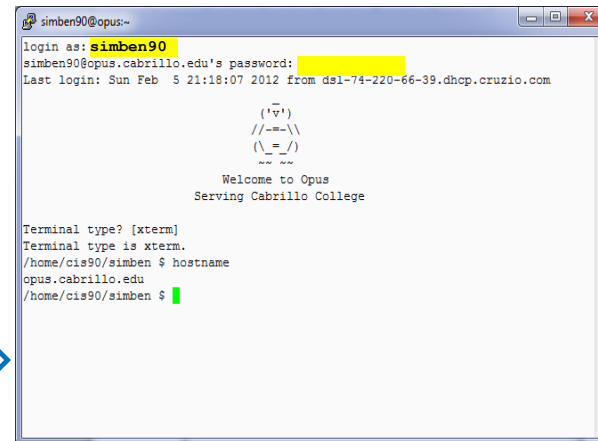
(specify hostname, username, password and port)



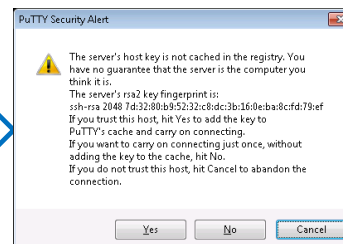
On Windows run Putty



Click Open



The password is not echoed (printed) as you type it



The first time a connection is made to a server this warning is displayed.

Click Yes



# SSH connection to a UNIX/Linux Server - from Linux/Mac

(specify hostname, username, password and port)



Opus



On a Mac or Linux terminal type:

**ssh -p 2220 *username*@opus.cis.cabrillo.edu**

The authenticity of host '[opus.cis.cabrillo.edu]:2220  
([2607:f380:80f:f425::230]:2220)' can't be established.  
RSA key fingerprint is 7d:32:80:b9:52:32:c8:dc:3b:16:0e:ba:8c:fd:79:ef.  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? **yes**

```

simben90@oslab:~
[rsimms@batman ~]$ ssh -p 2220 simben90@oslab.cabrillo.edu
simben90@oslab.cabrillo.edu's password:
Last login: Tue Jan 29 16:07:08 2013 from 50-0-68-177.dsl.dynamic.fusionbroadband.com

      ( 'v' )
    //  -  -  \
   ( \  _  / )
     ~~~~

Welcome to Opus
Serving Cabrillo College

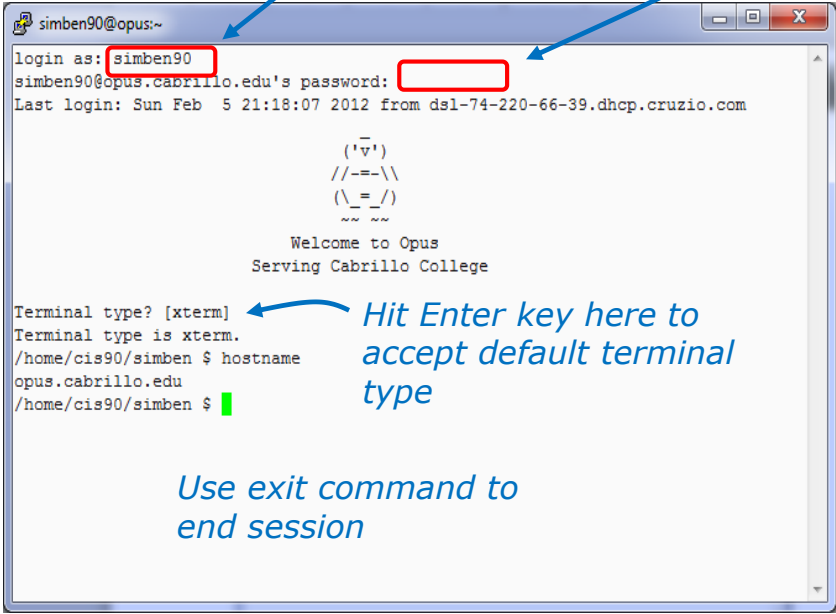
Terminal type? [xterm]
Terminal type is xterm.
/home/cis90/simben $
    
```

*Enter yes if you get  
this authenticity  
warning*

## SSH login to a UNIX/Linux Server

**username**

**password**  
(not echoed)

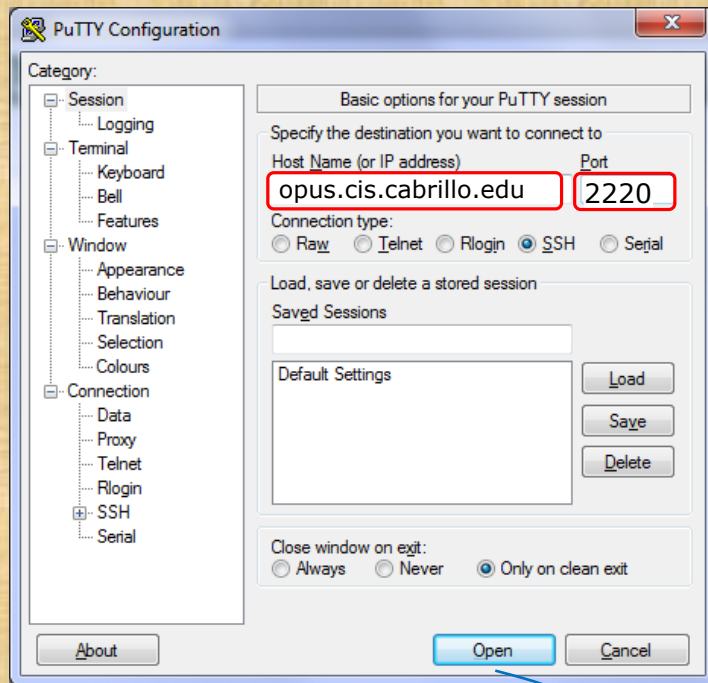


```
simben90@opus:~  
login as: simben90  
simben90@opus.cabrillo.edu's password:  
Last login: Sun Feb  5 21:18:07 2012 from dsl-74-220-66-39.dhcp.cruzio.com  
  
      ('v')  
    //--\\  
   (\\_/_/)  
   ~~~~  
  
Welcome to Opus  
Serving Cabrillo College  
  
Terminal type? [xterm] Hit Enter key here to accept default terminal type  
Terminal type is xterm.  
/home/cis90/simben $ hostname  
opus.cabrillo.edu  
/home/cis90/simben $
```

*Use exit command to end session*

*Note: If you specified the username in Putty or on the ssh command you will not be prompted for the username again.*

## 1) On Windows run Putty:



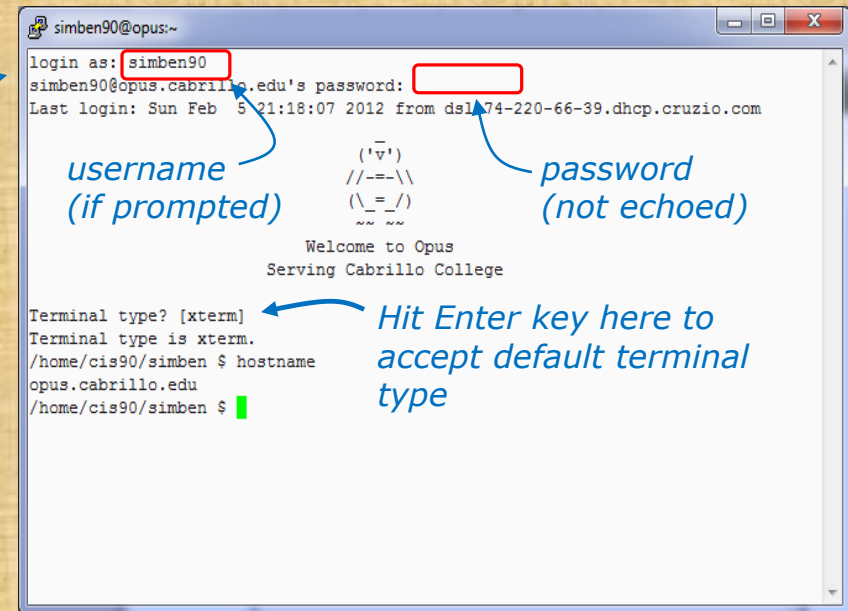
*Respond "yes" to  
authenticity warning if  
it appears*

## Class Activity

### Log into Opus using SSH

(specify hostname, username, password, and port)

## 2) Enter your credentials (not Benji's)

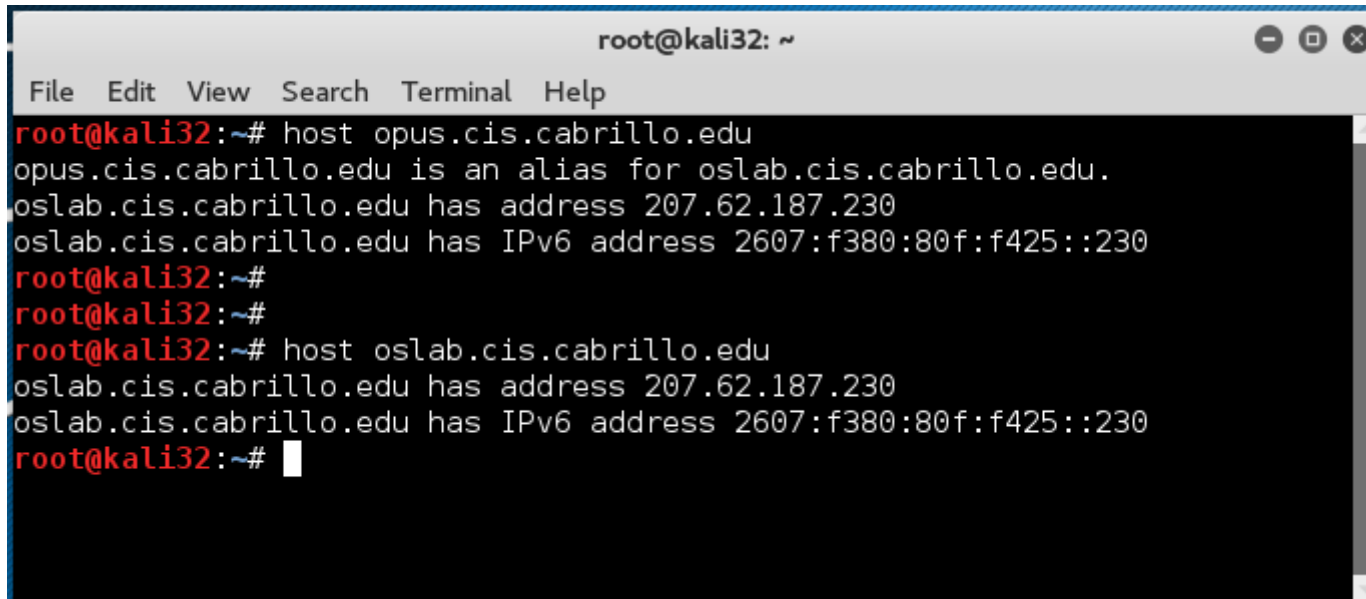


## 1) On a Mac or Linux terminal type:

**ssh -p 2220 username@opus.cis.cabrillo.edu**

## opus or oslab?

*It doesn't matter. The Opus server has more than one name. It is also known as oslab.*



```
root@kali32: ~  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
root@kali32:~# host opus.cis.cabrillo.edu  
opus.cis.cabrillo.edu is an alias for oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu.  
oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu has address 207.62.187.230  
oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu has IPv6 address 2607:f380:80f:f425::230  
root@kali32:~#  
root@kali32:~#  
root@kali32:~# host oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu  
oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu has address 207.62.187.230  
oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu has IPv6 address 2607:f380:80f:f425::230  
root@kali32:~#
```

## Additional Resources

- How to open the terminal window on a mac

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zw7Nd67\\_aFw](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zw7Nd67_aFw)

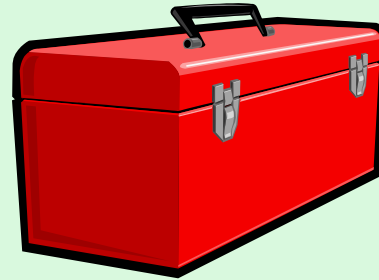


- Howto #144: Logging into Opus

<https://simms-teach.com/howtos/144-opus-access.pdf>







# First Commands

A wide-angle photograph of a desert landscape. A long, straight asphalt road stretches from the foreground into the distance, leading the eye towards a range of low, brown mountains on the horizon. The sky is a clear, vibrant blue with a single, small white cloud. The ground on either side of the road is dry and sandy, dotted with small, green desert shrubs. The overall scene conveys a sense of vastness and isolation.

# First driving lesson



## Lesson 1 commands for your toolbox

<b>cal</b>	- show calendar
<b>date</b>	- show current time and date
<b>clear</b>	- clear the terminal screen
<b>hostname</b>	- show the host name of the computer being accessed
<b>ps</b>	- show processes, including the name of the shell being run
<b>uname</b>	- show the kernel name
<b>cat /etc/issue</b>	- usually shows distro (distribution) name
<b>cat /etc/*-release</b>	- usually shows distro (distribution) name
<b>who</b>	- shows current login sessions
<b>who am i</b>	- identifies which login session you are using
<b>tty</b>	- shows your terminal device
<b>id</b>	- show user info including username/UID and group/GID
<b>history</b>	- show previous commands
<b>ssh</b>	- Connect and login to remote system
<b>exit</b>	- terminate your shell and log off

## Terminal type

```
login as: simben90  
simben90@oslab.cabrillo.edu's password:  
Last login: Sun Aug 26 08:54:09 41-3-21-105.dsl.fusion.com
```

```
      _  
    ('v')  
  //--=\ \  
  (\_=_/)  
   ~ ~ ~ ~
```

```
      Welcome to Opus  
    Serving Cabrillo College
```

```
Terminal type? [xterm] ← Hit Enter key here to accept  
Terminal type is xterm. default terminal type  
/home/cis90/simben $
```

*The terminal type in this case is "xterm". The terminal type is different than the terminal device (more on this later)*

## Shell Prompt

login as: **simben90**

simben90@oslab.cabrillo.edu's password:

Last login: Sun Aug 26 08:54:09 41-3-21-105.dsl.fusion.com

```
( _  
//--\\  
( _ _ / )  
~~  ~~
```

Welcome to Opus  
Serving Cabrillo College

Terminal type? [xterm]

Terminal type is xterm.

```
/home/cis90/simben $  
/home/cis90/simben $
```

*Hit Enter key here to accept  
default terminal type*

*Shell prompt - used by the shell to prompt the  
user to enter a command. The shell will display  
this prompt every time you hit the Enter key.*

**Question:** What is your exact prompt string on this system?

**Answer:** /home/cis90/simben \$



# First Commands supplemental

## **cal** command

*prompt*                      *command*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ cal  
    August 2012  
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa  
      1  2  3  4  
 5  6  7  8  9 10 11  
12 13 14 15 16 17 18  
19 20 21 22 23 24 25  
26 27 28 29 30 31
```

*The **cal** command outputs the calendar for the current month.*

## cal command continued

*prompt* *command* *arguments*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ cal 12 2012
December 2012
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
      1
 2  3  4  5  6  7  8
 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28 29
30 31
```

*Adding the month and year arguments to the **cal** command lets you specify a specific month and year*

**Question:** What day of the week (e.g Su Mo, Tu ...) was December 25, 2012?

**Answer:** Tu

## date command

*prompt*  
/home/cis90/simben \$ *command* **date**  
Tue Aug 26 08:11:31 PDT 2014

*The **date** command outputs the current date and time.*

*Day-of-the-week Month Day-of-the-month Hours:Minutes:Seconds Time-Zone Year*

**Question:** What time is it on this system? (use HH:MM format and don't dawdle!)

**Answer:** 08:11

# Command Line Interface (CLI) terminology

*This portion is the shell **prompt***

```
/home/cis90/simben $ cal 12 2012
```

```
December 2012
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
                1
 2  3  4  5  6  7  8
 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28 29
30 31
```

*This is the **command**  
which includes two  
**arguments** 12 and 2012*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ cal 12 2012
```

```
December 2012
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
                1
 2  3  4  5  6  7  8
 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28 29
30 31
```

*These are **arguments** for  
the command to process*

*This is the **output** of  
the command*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ cal 12 2012
```

```
December 2012
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
                1
 2  3  4  5  6  7  8
 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
16 17 18 19 20 21 22
23 24 25 26 27 28 29
30 31
```



## clear command

*prompt* *command*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ clear
```

*The clear command will clear the screen.*

*(On scrollable terminals you are still able to scroll back to see previous commands entered)*

```
simben90@oslab:~$
lopces172:x:1356:172:Cesar Lopez:/home/cis172/lopces:/bin/bash
maljas172:x:1357:172:Jason Malone:/home/cis172/maljas:/bin/bash
mccpat172:x:1358:172:Patrick McCabe:/home/cis172/mccpat:/bin/bash
oreefr172:x:1359:172:Efrain Orellana:/home/cis172/oreefr:/bin/bash
quifra172:x:1360:172:Francisco Quintero:/home/cis172/quifra:/bin/bash
raytyl172:x:1361:172:Tyler Raymond:/home/cis172/raytyl:/bin/bash
rickel172:x:1362:172:Kellen Rice:/home/cis172/rickel:/bin/bash
rosari172:x:1363:172:Aries Rose:/home/cis172/rosari:/bin/bash
schmar172:x:1364:172:Mark Schatz:/home/cis172/schmar:/bin/bash
schjas172:x:1365:172:Jason Schell:/home/cis172/schjas:/bin/bash
smitre172:x:1366:172:Trevor Smith:/home/cis172/smitre:/bin/bash
sormic172:x:1367:172:Micha Sorkin:/home/cis172/sormic:/bin/bash
zamhum172:x:1368:172:Humberto Zamora:/home/cis172/zamhum:/bin/bash
boyjef172:x:1369:172:Jeffrey Boylan:/home/cis172/boyjef:/bin/bash
/home/cis90/simben $ who
root      tty1      2014-08-13 17:07
root      tty2      2014-08-13 17:07
rsims     pts/0      2014-08-12 18:10 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
simben90  pts/1      2014-08-13 16:39 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
simben90  pts/2      2014-08-12 10:41 (2601:9:6680:53b:edf7:ab23:af8b:7b73)
milhom90  pts/3      2014-08-13 16:39 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
rsims     pts/4      2014-08-13 16:40 (ec2-54-193-87-225.us-west-1.compute.amaz
onaws.com)
/home/cis90/simben $ clear
```

*before*

```
simben90@oslab:~$
/home/cis90/simben $
```

*after*

**Question: What happens when you use the clear command?**  
**Answer: The terminal window is cleared (scrolled up and out of sight)**

## hostname command

*prompt*                      *command*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ hostname  
oslab.cishawks.net
```

The **hostname** command outputs the hostname of the system you are interacting with.

**Question:** What is the hostname of this system?

**Answer:** oslab.cishawks.net

## ps command

The **ps** command outputs the processes (programs loaded into memory and running) belonging to your username.

*prompt* *command*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ ps
```

PID	TTY	TIME	CMD
21629	pts/0	00:00:00	bash
21674	pts/0	00:00:00	ps

*name of the shell being run*

*name of the ps command running that produces this output*

There are a number of different shells such as **bash** (Bourne Again shell), **sh** (original Bourne shell), **ksh** (Korn shell), **dash** (Debian Almquist shell), **tcsh** (TENEX C Shell) and **csh** (C shell).

**Question:** What is the name of the shell running on this system?  
**Answer:** bash

## **uname** command

```
/home/cis90/simben $ uname  
Linux
```

*The **uname** command outputs the name of the kernel being used.*

**Question:** What is the name of the kernel running on this system?  
**Answer:** Linux

## **cat** command (to show the name of the distribution)

```
/home/cis90/simben $ cat /etc/issue  
CentOS release 6.2 (Final)  
Kernel \r on \l
```

*Name of distro*

*Version of distro*

*These two **cat** commands will usually (but not always) output something that contains the name of the distribution being used.*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ cat /etc/*-release  
CentOS release 6.2 (Final)  
CentOS release 6.2 (Final)  
CentOS release 6.2 (Final)
```

**Question:** Which distro has been installed on this system?  
(single word answer only please)

**Answer:** CentOS



## cat command (to show the name of the distribution)

```
simben90@doc:~$ cat /etc/issue
Ubuntu 13.04 \n \l
```

*Name of distro*

*Version of distro*

*These two **cat** commands will usually (but not always) output something that contains the name of the distribution being used.*

```
simben90@doc:~$ cat /etc/*-release
DISTRIB_ID=Ubuntu
DISTRIB_RELEASE=13.04
DISTRIB_CODENAME=raring
DISTRIB_DESCRIPTION="Ubuntu 13.04"
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION="13.04, Raring Ringtail"
ID=ubuntu
ID_LIKE=debian
PRETTY_NAME="Ubuntu 13.04"
VERSION_ID="13.04"
HOME_URL="http://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="http://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="http://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
```

**Question: Which distro has been installed on this system?  
(single word answer only please)**

**Answer: Ubuntu**

## who command

/home/cis90/simben \$ **who**

root	tty1	2014-08-13 17:07	
root	tty2	2014-08-13 17:07	
rsimms	pts/0	2014-08-12 18:10	(2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
simben90	pts/1	2014-08-13 16:39	(2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
simben90	pts/2	2014-08-12 10:41	(2601:9:6680:53b:edf7:ab23:af8b:7b73)
milhom90	pts/3	2014-08-13 16:39	(2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
rsimms	pts/4	2014-08-13 16:40	(ec2-54-193-87-225.us-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com)

*username*

*terminal  
device  
used for  
login  
session*

*date and time  
of login*

*where user logged in from (remote hostname  
or IP address) . If empty the user logged on  
locally rather than over the network.*

*Show information about current login sessions*

## who command

```

/home/cis90/simben $ who
local {root      tty1      2014-08-13 17:07
      root      tty2      2014-08-13 17:07
remote {rsimms    pts/0      2014-08-12 18:10 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
      simben90 pts/1      2014-08-13 16:39 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
      simben90 pts/2      2014-08-12 10:41 (2601:9:6680:53b:edf7:ab23:af8b:7b73)
      milhom90 pts/3      2014-08-13 16:39 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
      rsimms    pts/4      2014-08-13 16:40 (ec2-54-193-87-225.us-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com)

```

*Users in the same room as the system can login locally. Everyone else must login remotely over the network. The IP address or hostname in the last column indicates a remote login session.*

## who command

```
/home/cis90/simben $ who
root      tty1      2014-08-13 17:07
root      tty2      2014-08-13 17:07
rsimms    pts/0      2014-08-12 18:10 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
simben90  pts/1      2014-08-13 16:39 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
simben90  pts/2      2014-08-12 10:41 (2601:9:6680:53b:edf7:ab23:af8b:7b73)
milhom90  pts/3      2014-08-13 16:39 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
rsimms    pts/4      2014-08-13 16:40 (ec2-54-193-87-225.us-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com)
```

**Question:** How many login sessions (including yours) are there on this system?

**Answer:** 7

**Question:** Regarding the users logged in REMOTELY (over the network rather than local). Who has been logged in the longest?

**Answer:** simben90

**Question:** Where did that REMOTE user (the one logged in longest) login from?

**Answer:** 2601:9:6680:53b:edf7:ab23:af8b:7b73 (this is an IPv6 address)

## who am i command

*The **who am i** command lists just the session you are using*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ who am i
simben90 pts/1      2014-08-13 16:39  (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
```

<i>username</i>	<i>terminal device used for login session</i>	<i>date and time of login</i>	<i>where user logged in from (remote hostname or IP address) . If empty the user logged on locally rather than over the network.</i>
-----------------	---	-----------------------------------	--

*This is a good way to distinguish which session you are currently interacting with when you have logged in more than once on the same system.*



## **tty** command

```
/home/cis90/simben $ tty  
/dev/pts/0
```

*The **tty** command shows the terminal device being used for the login session.*

*Every login session uses a unique terminal device.*

*The terminal device is different than the terminal type you accepted during login.*

Question: **Which terminal device are you using to connect to this system?**  
Answer: **/dev/pts/0**

## **tty** command

```
/home/cis90/simben $ who am i
simben90 pts/1          2014-08-13 16:39 (2601:9:6680:53b:1918:aee5:1785:79f4)
/home/cis90/simben $
/home/cis90/simben $
/home/cis90/simben $ tty
/dev/pts/1
```

*The terminal device is abbreviated in **who** output. The **tty** command on the other hand shows the entire terminal device.*

**Question:** Run the who am i and tty commands.

What portion of the output from these commands is identical?

**Answer:** pts/1

## id command

*The **id** command outputs information about the user*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ id  
uid=1201(simben90) gid=190(cis90) groups=190(cis90),100(users)  
context=unconfined_u:unconfined_r:unconfined_t:s0-s0:c0.c1023
```

**Question:** What is your uid (user ID) number on oslab?

**Answer:** 1201

**Question:** What is your username on oslab?

**Answer:** simben90

**Question:** What is your gid (group ID) number on oslab?

**Answer:** 190

## history command

```
/home/cis90/simben $ history
```

<snipped>

```
54  cal
55  cal 12 2012
56  date
57  clear
58  hostname
59  ps
60  uname
61  cat /etc/issue
62  cat /etc/*-release
63  who
64  who am i
65  tty
66  id
67  id milhome90
68  id milhom90
69  id rsimms
70  history
```

*The **history** command shows all previously entered commands.*

*The list can span multiple login sessions.*

**Question: What happens when you use the history command?**  
**Answer: Shows previously entered commands**

## **ssh** command

(to securely log into a remote UNIX/Linux system)

### **Basic command syntax:**

*Optional. Specifies the port on the remote system. The default is port 22.*

*If a username is specified the "@" is used to separate the username from the hostname.*

**ssh -p nnnn username@hostname**

*Optional. Specifies the account username on the remote system. The default is the username on the local system.*

*Required. This can be the hostname or IP address of the remote system. If a hostname is used for a server on the Internet it must be the entire fully qualified domain name (FQDN).*



## Example **ssh** command Logging into a Pxx-Arwen system from Opus

*username* → *short hostname*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ ssh cis90@arya-03
```

The authenticity of host 'arya-03 (172.20.90.3)' can't be established.  
RSA key fingerprint is 8b:a0:ef:d2:52:e4:f3:a3:c2:41:b5:93:89:c3:1d:58.  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes  
Warning: Permanently added 'arya-03,172.20.90.3' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.

*password is typed but not echoed* →  
cis90@arya-03's password:  
Welcome to Linux Mint 15 Olivia (GNU/Linux 3.8.0-26-generic x86\_64)

Welcome to Linux Mint  
\* Documentation: <http://www.linuxmint.com>  
Last login: Mon Jan 27 17:13:33 2014 from opus.cis.cabrillo.edu  
cis90@arya-03:~ > **exit**  
logout  
Connection to arya-03 closed.  
/home/cis90/simben \$

*Note how the prompt changes (highlighted above) when on a different system*

## Example **ssh** command Logging into son-of-opus from Opus

*non-standard ssh port* → *username* → *FQDN hostname*

```
/home/cis90/simben $ ssh -p 2220 simben90@son-of-opus.simms-teach.com
simben90@son-of-opus.simms-teach.com's password: ← password is typed
Last login: Mon Jan 27 18:14:32 2014 from oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu

      _
     ('v')
    //---\\
   ( \  _  / )
    ~~  ~~

Welcome to Son of Opus
Serving Cabrillo College
```

```
[simben90@son-of-opus ~]$ exit
logout
Connection to son-of-opus.simms-teach.com closed.
/home/cis90/simben $
```

*Note how the prompt changes (highlighted above) when on different systems*

## **exit** command

```
/home/cis90/simben $ exit
```

*The **exit** command logs out and ends the session.*

# Housekeeping



## Add Codes

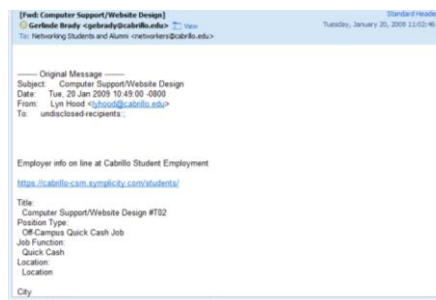
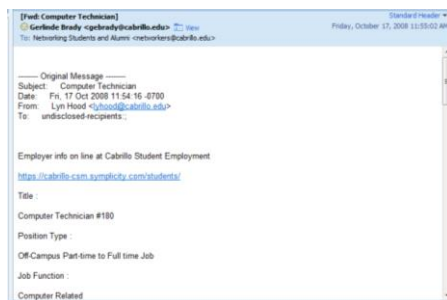
- Available after class (stop by or email me).
- Please use them online ASAP!
- If you missed the first class obtaining an Add code will be conditional on catching up before the next class:
  - a) making a forum post.
  - b) answering one of the "first minute" quiz questions.
  - c) submitting the survey (part of the first assignment).
  - d) collecting at least one item on the scavenger hunt.



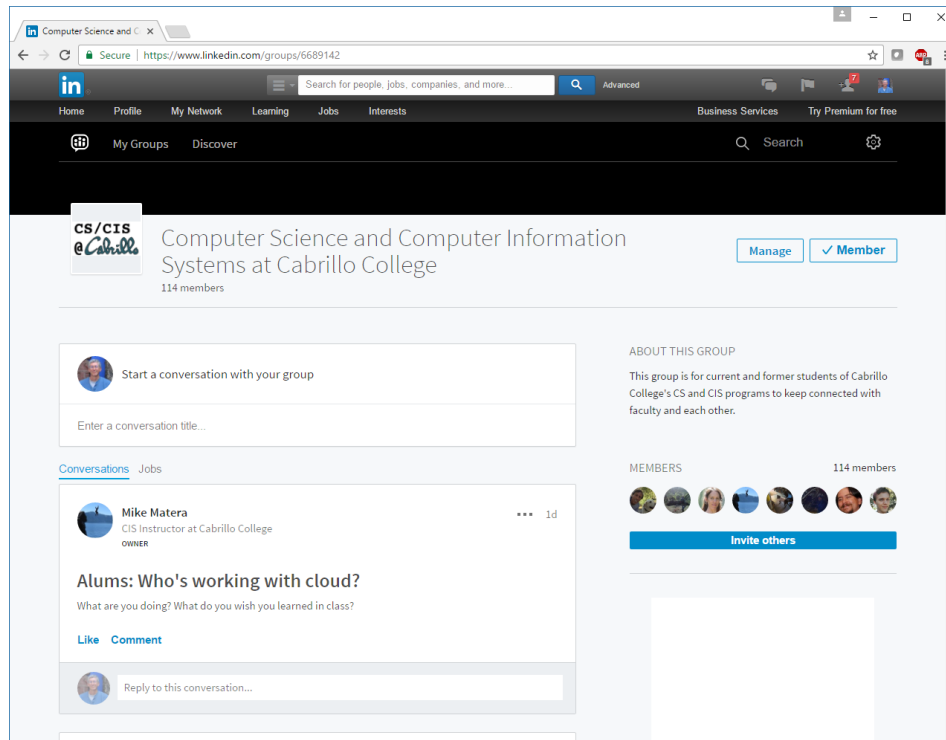
## Cabrillo Networking Program Mailing list

Subscribe by sending an email (no subject or body) to:  
**networkers-subscribe@cabrillo.edu**

- Program information
- Certification information
- Career and job information
- Short-term classes, events, lectures, tours, etc.
- Surveys
- Networking info and links



# LinkedIn Computer Science and Computer Information Systems at Cabrillo College

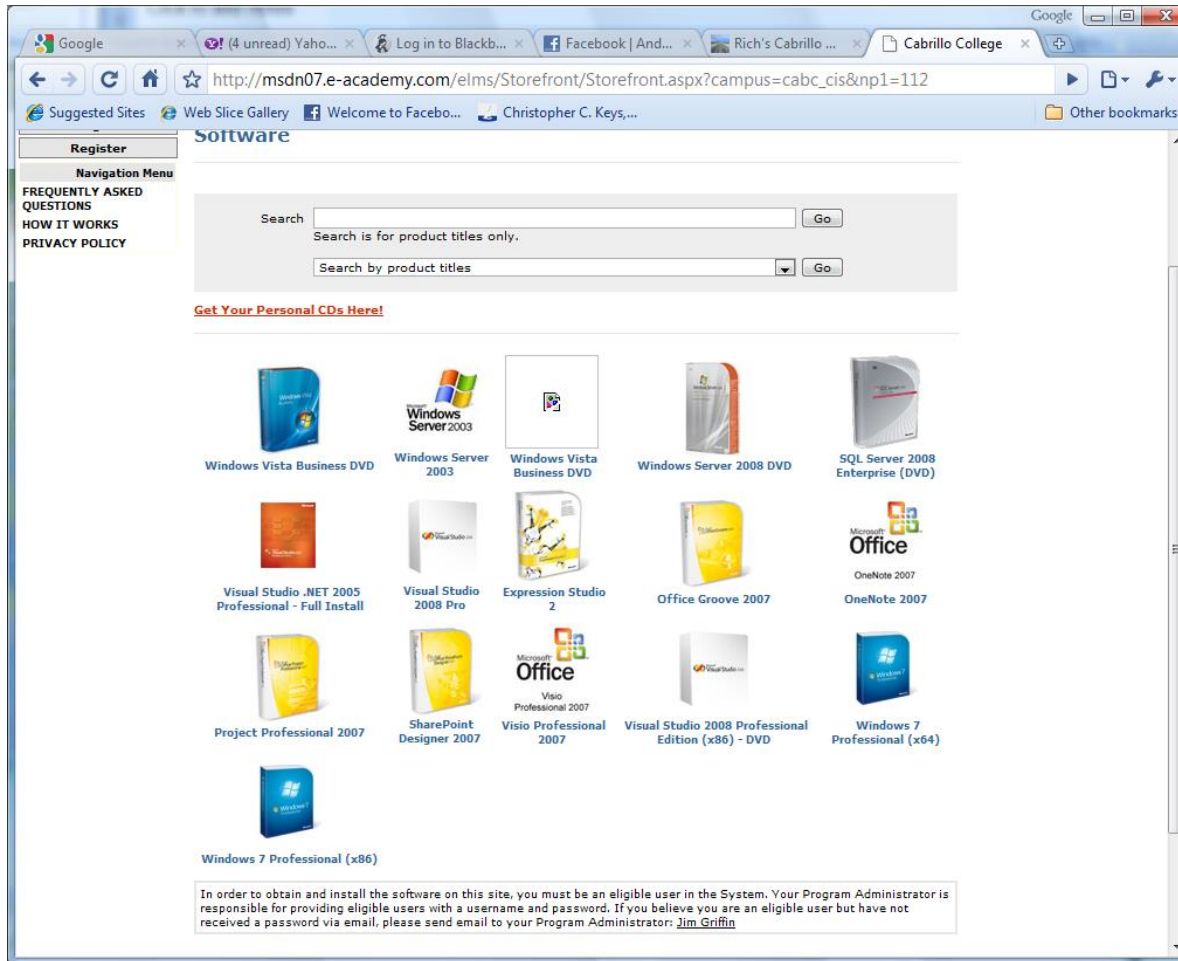


***For 3 points extra credit:***

- 1) Join LinkedIn.com
- 2) Join this group
- 3) Send me an email when finished.

<https://www.linkedin.com/groups/6689142>

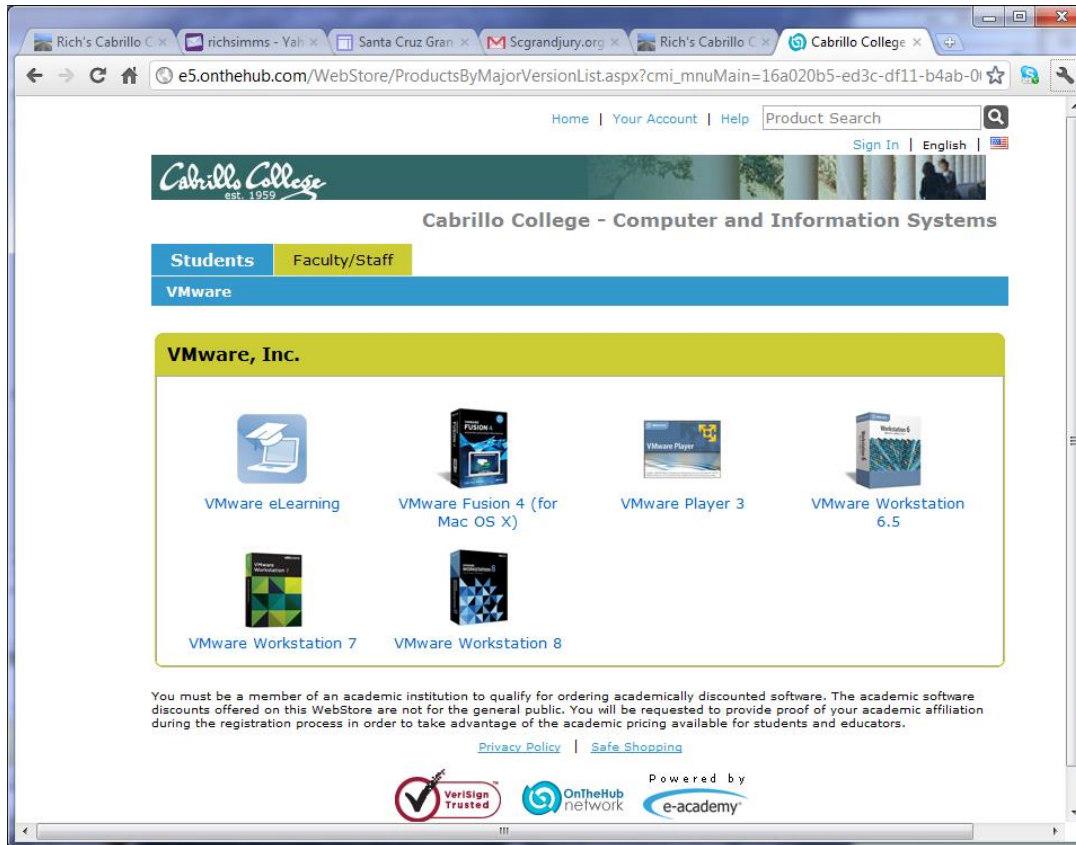
# MSDN Academic Alliance



- Microsoft software for students registered in a CIS or CS class at Cabrillo
- Available after registration is final (two weeks after first class)

To get to this page, go to **<http://simms-teach.com/resources>** and click on the appropriate link in the Tools and Software section

# VMware e-academy



- VMware software for students registered in a CIS or CS class at Cabrillo
- Available after registration is final (two weeks after first class)

To get to this page, go to **<http://simms-teach.com/resources>** and click on the appropriate link in the Tools and Software section

## Help Available in the CIS Lab

*Instructors, lab assistants and equipment are available for CIS students to work on assignments.*



### CIS 90 Student Lab Assistants



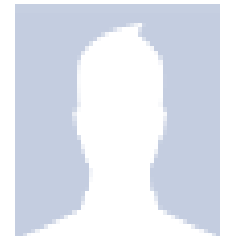
Kevin

T/Th 1:30-4:30  
W 12:30-4:30



Roberto

T/Th 3:30-7:30



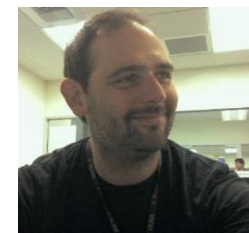
Tess

T/F 2-6:30  
W/Th 12-5

### Linux Instructors



Rich Simms  
M 9-11:30



Mike Matera

Rich's Cabrillo College CIS Classes  
Home Page

Home

Resources

Forums

CIS Lab

Canvas



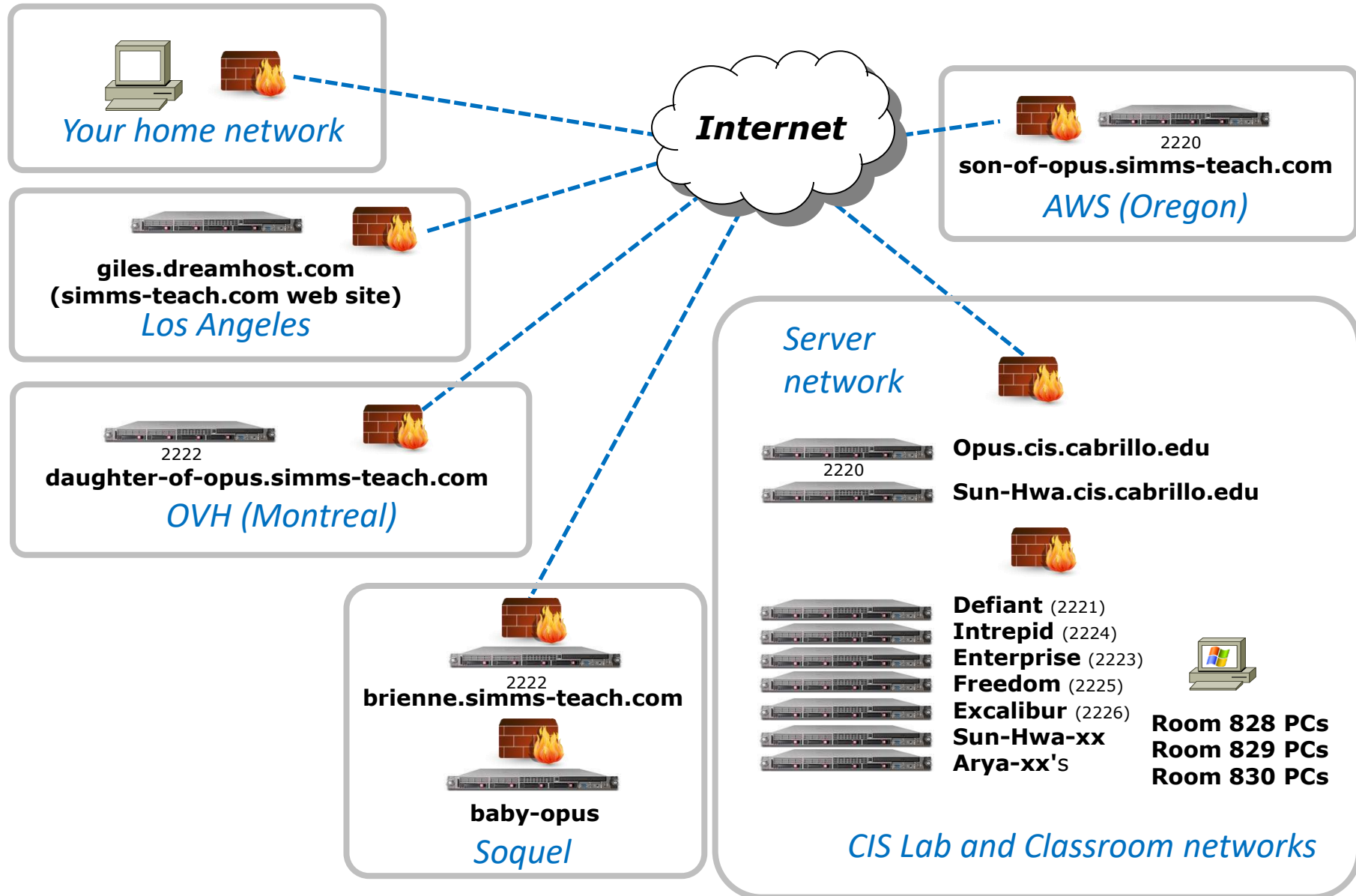
# Study Groups

- Two heads are better than one!
- Great way to work lab assignments and prepare for tests.
- Excellent way to learn.
- Less time being in the "I'm stuck" zone.
- A great way to develop teamwork skills.
- Improves scheduling and organization skills.
- Let me know on the student survey if you are interested and would like my help finding study partners.

## Additional Resources

- My office hours for additional hands-on help, feedback and development planning.
- Cabrillo CS/CIS LinkedIn group for students and alumni  
<http://www.linkedin.com/groups/Computer-Science-Computer-Information-Systems-6689142>
- Society of Women Engineers (SWE) Facebook page  
<https://www.facebook.com/SWEorg>
- Syssters Listserv  
<http://anitaborg.org/get-involved/syssters/>

# CIS 90 systems Roadmap





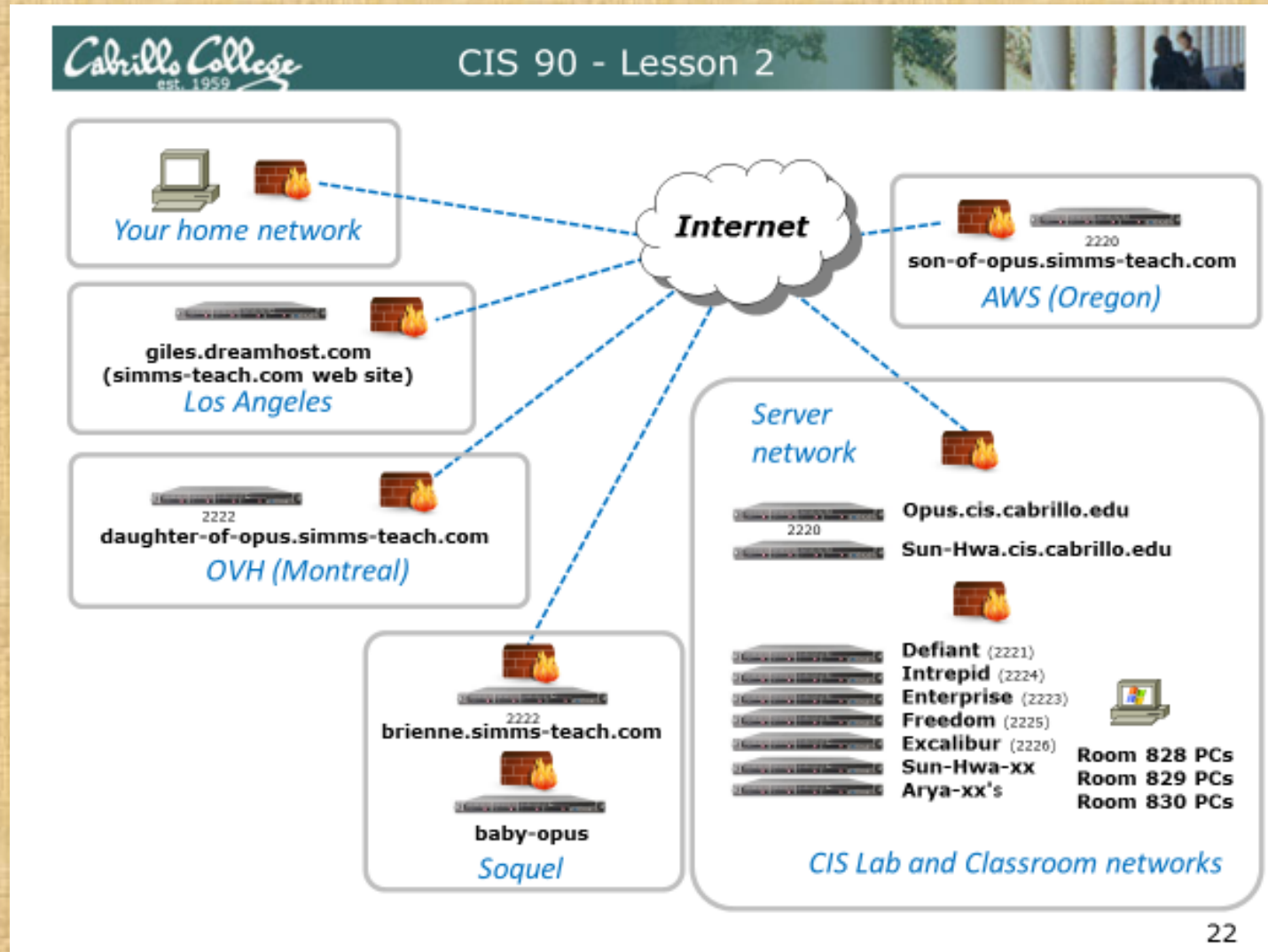
# Navigating the Internet using SSH

Second driving lesson



## Class Activity

Follow me if you can!

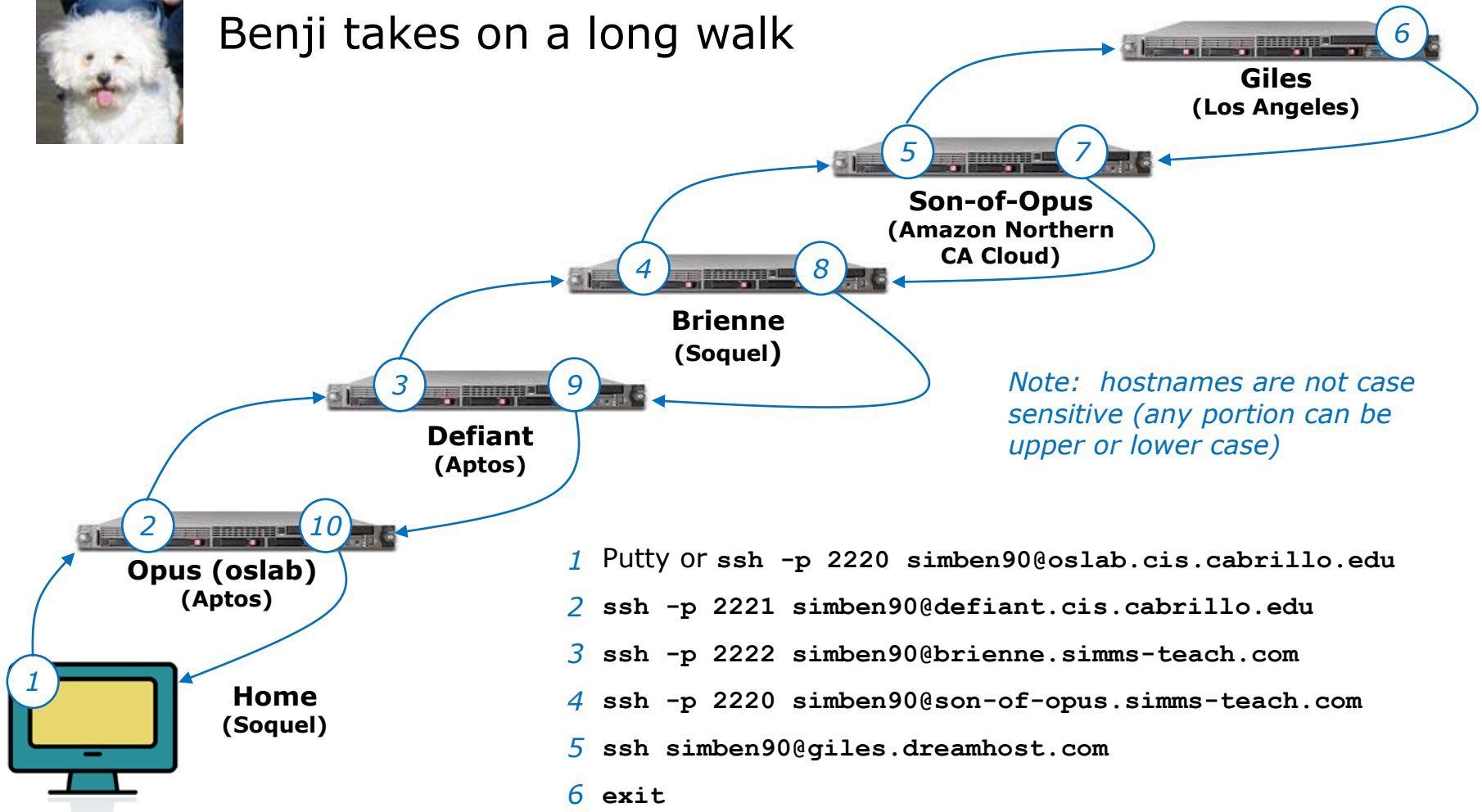


# Navigating the Internet using SSH

supplemental



Benji takes on a long walk

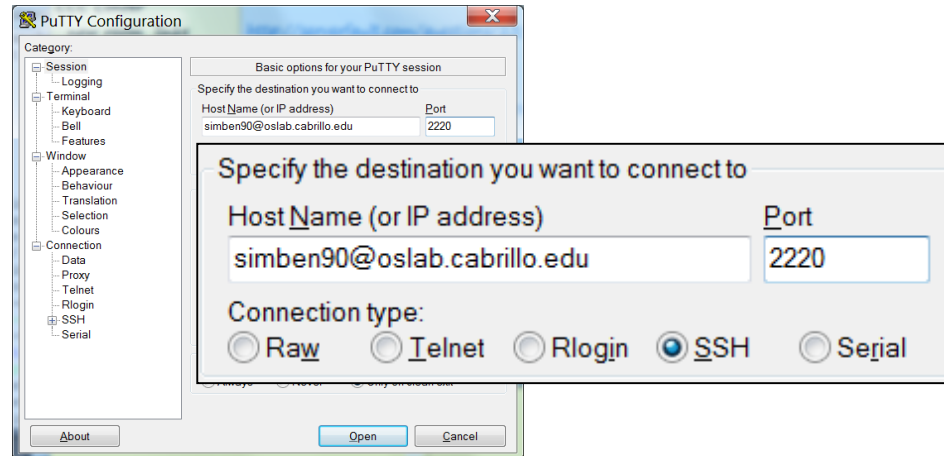
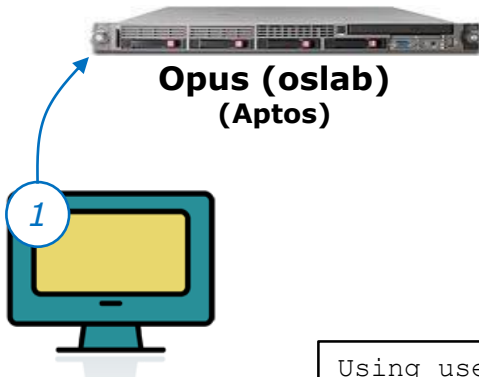


```

1 Putty or ssh -p 2220 simben90@oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu
2 ssh -p 2221 simben90@defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu
3 ssh -p 2222 simben90@brienne.simms-teach.com
4 ssh -p 2220 simben90@son-of-opus.simms-teach.com
5 ssh simben90@giles.dreamhost.com
6 exit
7 exit
8 exit
9 exit
10 exit
  
```



## Benji takes on a long walk



```
Using username "simben90".
simben90@oslab.cabrillo.edu's password:
Last login: Mon Aug 18 09:09:14 2014 from 2601:9:6680:53b:93f:8df2:6592:a958
```

```
( 'v' )
\ / - - \ /
( \ _ _ / )
~ ~ ~ ~
```

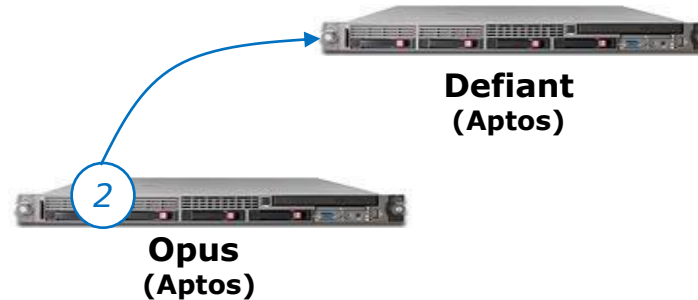
Welcome to Opus  
Serving Cabrillo College

```
Terminal type? [xterm]
Terminal type is xterm.
/home/cis90/simben $ hostname
oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu
/home/cis90/simben $
```

*Note: usernames and  
passwords are case sensitive*



# Benji takes on a long walk



```
/home/cis90/simben $ ssh -p 2221 simben90@defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu
The authenticity of host '[defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu]:2221 ([172.20.90.51]:2221)' can't
be established.
RSA key fingerprint is 98:09:e7:d3:b2:89:e5:3a:57:b0:59:ff:86:7e:8e:50.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '[defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu]:2221' (RSA) to the list of known
hosts.
simben90@defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu's password:
Welcome to Linux Mint 17 Qiana (GNU/Linux 3.13.0-24-generic x86_64)

Welcome to Linux Mint
 * Documentation: http://www.linuxmint.com

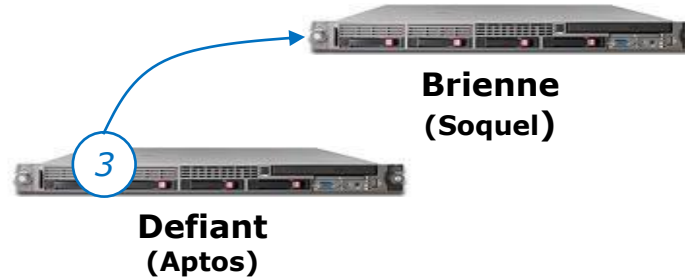
  _____
 /         \ /         \ /         \ |         \ /         \ /         \
|         | |         | |         | |         | |         | |         |
|         | |         | |         | |         | |         | |         |
/         / \         / \         / \         / \         / \         /
 \         \ \         \ \         \ \         \ \         \ \         \
  _____ > _____ ( _____ /         \ /         \
 \         \ \         \ \         \ \         \ \         \ \         \
  _____ \         \         \         \         \         \         \

Last login: Fri Aug 15 07:07:25 2014 from opus.cis.cabrillo.edu
[defiant] $ hostname
defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu
[defiant] $
```



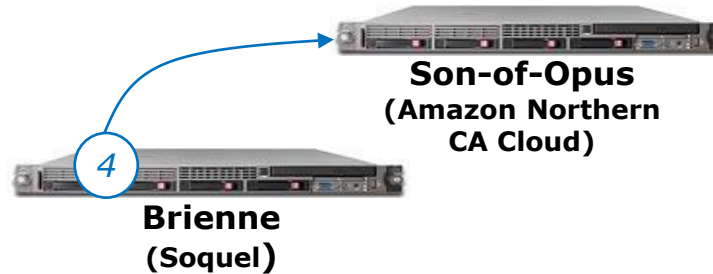


# Benji takes on a long walk

[illegible]



## Benji takes on a long walk



```
[simben90@brienne ~]$ ssh -p 2220 simben90@son-of-opus.simms-teach.com
The authenticity of host '[son-of-opus.simms-teach.com]:2220 ([54.193.87.225]:2220)' can't
be established.
RSA key fingerprint is 05:02:f7:48:00:e6:af:a9:dd:47:33:c3:82:80:29:4d.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '[son-of-opus.simms-teach.com]:2220,[54.193.87.225]:2220' (RSA)
to the list of known hosts.
simben90@son-of-opus.simms-teach.com's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
simben90@son-of-opus.simms-teach.com's password:
Last login: Mon Aug 18 12:55:04 2014 from 207.62.187.227
```

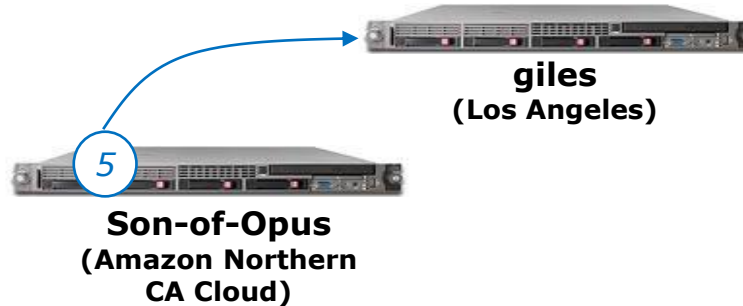
```
  _
 ('v')
//---\
(\_=_/)
  ~ ~
```

Welcome to Son-of-Opus  
Serving Cabrillo College

```
[simben90@son-of-opus ~]$
```



## Benji takes on a long walk



```
[simben90@son-of-opus ~]$ ssh simben90@giles.dreamhost.com
The authenticity of host 'giles.dreamhost.com (208.113.153.233)' can't be established.
RSA key fingerprint is d8:3c:65:de:d3:43:ef:aa:76:13:d9:16:85:b9:36:9a.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'giles.dreamhost.com,208.113.153.233' (RSA) to the list of known
hosts.
simben90@giles.dreamhost.com's password:
```

```

  _ _
 / _ \ _ _ | / _ \ _ _ |
 | ( _ | | | _ _ \ _ _ \
 \ _ / | | | \ _ | | | /
  | _ /

```

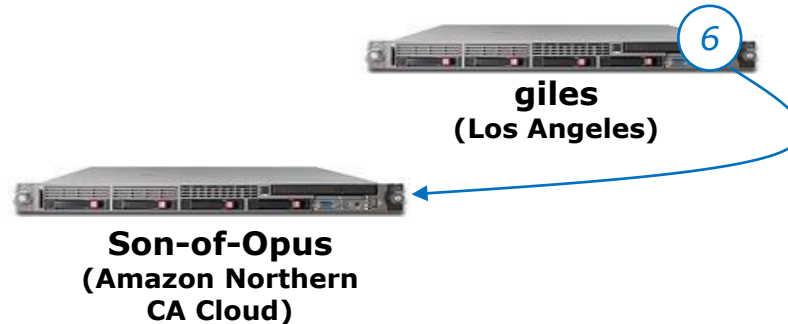
Welcome to giles.dreamhost.com

Any malicious and/or unauthorized activity is strictly forbidden.  
All activity may be logged by DreamHost Web Hosting.

```
[giles]$ hostname
giles
```



Benji takes on a long walk



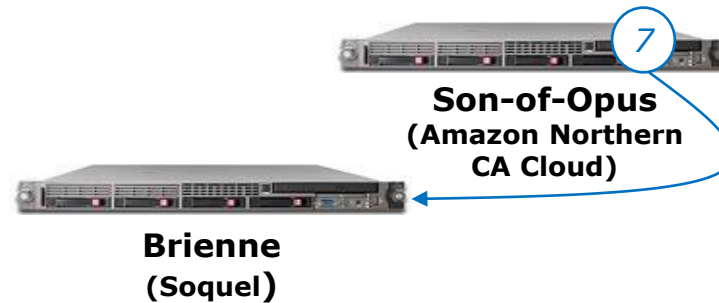
```
[giles]$ exit
logout
Connection to giles.dreamhost.com closed.
[simben90@son-of-opus ~]$ hostname
son-of-opus.simms-teach.com
[simben90@son-of-opus ~]$
```



When you **exit** a server it's like you pop it off the top of a stack and return to the previous server underneath



Benji takes on a long walk



```
[simben90@son-of-opus ~]$ exit
logout
Connection to son-of-opus.simms-teach.com closed.
[simben90@brienne ~]$ hostname
brienne.simms-teach.com
[simben90@brienne ~]$
```

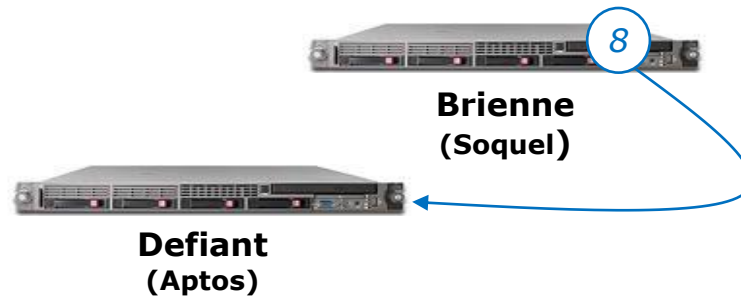


When you **exit** a server it's like you pop it off the top of a stack and return to the previous server underneath





Benji takes on a long walk



```
[simben90@brienne ~]$ exit
logout
Connection to brienne.simms-teach.com closed.
[defiant] $ hostname
defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu
[defiant] $
```

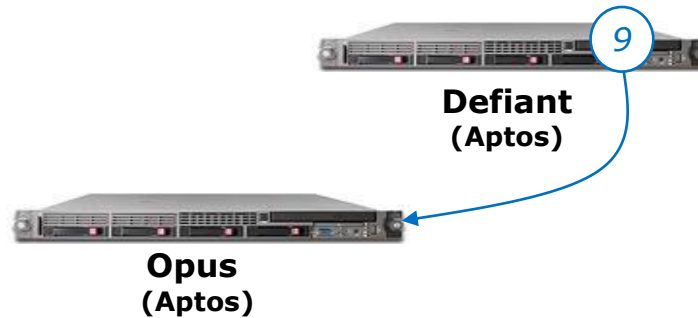


~~brienne~~  
defiant  
opus (oslab)

When you **exit** a server it's like you pop it off the top of a stack and return to the previous server underneath



Benji takes on a long walk



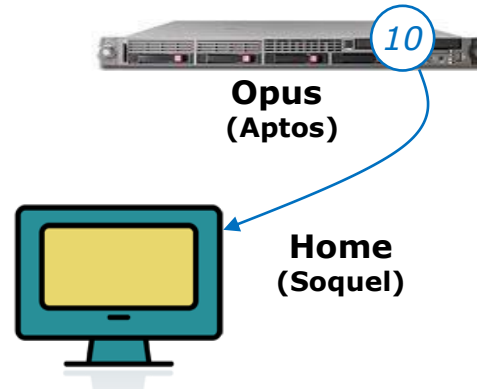
```
[defiant] $ exit
Connection to defiant.cis.cabrillo.edu closed.
/home/cis90/simben $ hostname
oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu
/home/cis90/simben $
```



When you **exit** a server it's like you pop it off the top of a stack and return to the previous server underneath



Benji takes on a long walk



```
/home/cis90/simben $ exit
```

*And the Putty terminal program closes*



*When you **exit** a server it's like you pop it off the top of a stack and return to the previous server underneath*



# Assignment





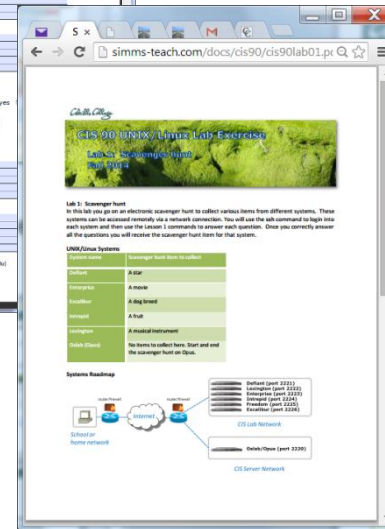
<http://simms-teach.com/cis90calendar.php>

Lesson	Date	Topics	Chapter	Due*
1	1/25	<b>Class and Linux Overview</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how this course will work</li> </ul>	1.1-1.15 (Gillay)	
		<b>Materials</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Presentation slides (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> <li>Login Credentials Sheet (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> </ul> <b>Supplemental</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Howto #144: Logging into Opus (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> </ul> <b>Assignment</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Student Survey</a></li> <li><a href="#">Lab 1</a></li> </ul> <b>CCC Confer</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Enter virtual classroom</a></li> <li><a href="#">Class archives</a></li> </ul>		
2	2/1	<b>Quiz 1</b> <b>Commands</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand how the UNIX login operation works</li> <li>Meet John the Ripper and learn how vulnerable a poor password is</li> <li>Understand basic command syntax and operation</li> <li>Understand program files and what happens when they are run</li> <li>Understand how the shell works and environment variables</li> <li>Understand how to get online documentation</li> </ul> <b>Materials</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Presentation slides (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> <li>Howto #106: Configuring Putty (<a href="#">download</a>)</li> </ul> <b>Assignment</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Lab 2</a></li> </ul> <b>CCC Confer</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Enter virtual classroom</a></li> <li><a href="#">Class archives</a></li> </ul>	2,4,5, p113-115, p164-172 (Hahn)	<b>Lab 1</b> <a href="#">Student Survey</a>

Assigned on 1/25

Survey

Lab 1  
Scavenger  
Hunt



Both due by 11:59PM on Wednesday 2/1



## Lab 1 - Scavenger Hunt

Starting on Opus you will log into several systems using ssh. On each system you will collect an item after answering correctly a series of questions.

*Start and  
end here*



**oslab.cis.cabrillo.edu  
(Opus)**

*Get a movie*



**Enterprise**

*Get a book*



**Freedom**

*Get a fruit*



**Intrepid**

*Get a star*



**Defiant**

*Get a musical instrument*



**Lexington**

*Get a dog*



**Excalibur**

# Lab 1 - Tips

Tip - as a shortcut, use **sc** instead of typing the full **scavenge** each time.

## Lab 1 - Tips

```
simben90@excalibur:~
#####
#  S C A V E N G E R  H U N T  #
#####

STAT
- Y
- Y
- Y

Nice work ... your answer to Q17 was:  C O R R E C T !!

You are off to a good start Benji!

Since you correctly answered all questions for the excalibur
system here is your dog:

Redbone Coonhound

(Please record the system name and dog in your notes because
you will need them when submitting this lab!)

You are not done yet.  Please continue on to the next system.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE NEXT SYSTEM:
With the ssh command login to the next Linux system using:
  Username: simben90
  Password: <the one assigned to you by the instructor>
  Hostname: freedom.cis.cabrillo.edu
  Port: 2225
You will be scavenging for books there.

Have fun scavenging!

[simben90@excalibur ~]$
```

*To copy text in Putty just select it (left mouse button and drag)*

*copy*

Tip - use two login sessions. Use one to collect scavenger hunt items and the other to record your work using the **submit** script. Submit as many times as you wish. Only the last submittal will be graded.

```
simben90@oslab:~
/home/cis90/simben $ submit
Which lab are you submitting? (1,2,3, ...) 1
Please stretch this window so it is a lot TALLER
Press Enter to continue

=====
                        Lab 1 Scavenger Hunt
Update the table below with your collected items then submit
=====

SYSTEM      ITEM      COLLECTED
defiant     star      <no entry>
lexington   instrument <no entry>
enterprise   movie     <no entry>
intrepid    fruit     <no entry>
freedom     book      <no entry>
excalibur   dog       Redbone Coonhound

BONUS QUESTION ANSWERS
Q1) <no entry>
Q2) <no entry>
Q3) <no entry>

SELECTION MENU
1) Set star
2) Set instrument
3) Set movie
4) Set fruit
5) Set book
6) Set dog
7) Answer bonus questions
8) Submit your work for grading
9) Quit without submitting
Enter selection (1-9): 6
Please enter your dog on excalibur: Redbone Coonhound
```

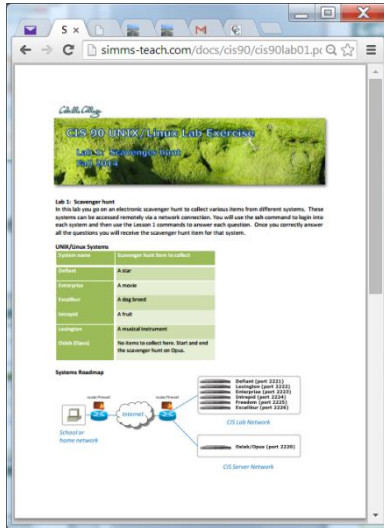
*To paste in Putty just use a right mouse click*

*paste*

# Lab Assignments

## Pearls of Wisdom:

- Don't wait till the last minute to start.
- The *slower* you go the *sooner* you will be finished.
- A few minutes reading the forum can save you hour(s).
- Line up materials, references, equipment and software ahead of time.
- It's best if you fully understand each step as you do it. Refer back to lesson slides to understand the commands you are using.
- Use Google when trouble-shooting
- Keep a growing cheat sheet of commands and examples.
- Study groups are very productive and beneficial.
- Use the forum to collaborate, ask questions, get clarifications and share tips you learned while doing a lab.
- Plan for things to go wrong and give yourself time to ask questions and get answers.
- **Late work is not accepted** so submit what you have for partial credit.



A full-page background image showing a sunset over a beach. The sky is filled with vibrant orange, pink, and purple clouds. The sun is low on the horizon, casting a warm glow. To the right, a dark, silhouetted cliff rises from the beach. The foreground shows the wet sand of the beach reflecting the colors of the sky, with some dark rocks scattered about.

# Wrap up



## New shell commands:

cal	- show calendar
cat /etc/issue	- usually shows distro (distribution) name
cat /etc/*-release	- usually shows distro (distribution) name
clear	- clear the terminal screen
date	- show current time and date
exit	- terminate your shell and log off
history	- show previous commands
hostname	- show the name of the computer being accessed
id	- show user and group id information
ps	- show processes (loaded programs) being run
ssh	- secure login to a remote system
uname	- show kernel name
tty	- show terminal device
who	- show everyone logged in
who am i	- identifies which login session you are using

## New Files and Directories:

## VMware:

## Next Class

Assignment: Check the Calendar Page on the web site to see what is due next week.

**Lab 1  
& Survey**

Quiz questions for next class:

- What part of UNIX/Linux is both a user interface and a programming language?
- What is the lowest level, inner-most component of a UNIX/Linux Operating System called?
- What command shows the other users logged in to the computer?



# Backup

# UNIX/Linux Commands on various systems

## Apple iPad



```
ipa$ v.2.5.1 - Copyright 2013, Martino Orlandi (www.treehousetec.com)
Type 'help' for a list of available commands
August 25, 2014 at 5:25 PM logged on Mary's iPad

ipa$ date
Monday, August 25, 2014 at 5:25:49 PM Pacific Daylight Time
ipa$ hostname
Mary's iPad
ipa$ uname
Darwin
ipa$ ps
PID  PROCESS NAME      USER      PRIORITY
18   timed              mobile    17
21   mediaremotd        mobile    17
23   fairplayd.A1       mobile    17
25   iaptransportd       mobile    24
28   softwareupdated     mobile    17
29   backboardd          mobile    24
33   SpringBoard         mobile    17
34   routined            mobile    17
35   softwarebehavior    mobile    17
37   aggregated          mobile    17
42   aosnotifyd          mobile    17
45   mediaserverd        mobile    24
54   identityservices    mobile    17
56   imagent             mobile    17
59   BTServer            mobile    24
60   installd            mobile    17
70   lsd                 mobile    17
72   xpcd                mobile    17
73   MobileGestaltHel    mobile    17
74   BlueTool            mobile    24
80   IMDPersistenceAg    mobile    17
83   apsd                mobile    24
85   accountsd           mobile    17
92   dataaccessd         mobile    24
94   itunescloudd        mobile    17
95   itunesstored        mobile    17
96   storebookkeeperd    mobile    17
97   gamed               mobile    24
99   medialibraryd       mobile    17
100  DuetLST             mobile    17
101  tccd                mobile    17
104  kbd                 mobile    17
105  MobileMail          mobile    24
106  softwareupdates     mobile    17
107  assetd              mobile    17
108  librariand          mobile    17
111  calaccessd          mobile    17
115  Skype              mobile    17
118  MobileSlideShow     mobile    24
124  geod                mobile    24
125  MobileCal           mobile    17
127  absd                mobile    17
128  ipash               mobile    17
ipa$
```



## Asus Router



```
172.30.1.1 - PuTTY
admin@RT-AC66U:/tmp/home/root# uname
Linux
admin@RT-AC66U:/tmp/home/root# date
Mon Aug 25 18:13:02 DST 2014
admin@RT-AC66U:/tmp/home/root# ps
  PID  USER    VSZ  STAT  COMMAND
    1  admin   2360  S     /sbin/init
    2  admin      0  SW<   [kthreadd]
    3  admin      0  SWN   [ksoftirqd/0]
    4  admin      0  SW<   [events/0]
    5  admin      0  SW<   [khelper]
   18  admin      0  SW<   [kblockd/0]
   49  admin      0  SW    [pdflush]
   50  admin      0  SW    [pdflush]
   51  admin      0  SW<   [kswapd0]
   52  admin      0  SW<   [aio/0]
   96  admin      0  SW<   [mtdblockd]
  125  admin      0  SW<   [kmmcd]
  129  admin    608  S     hotplug2 --persistent --no-coldplug
  162  admin   2344  S     console
  166  admin   1552  S     /bin/sh
  168  admin   1540  S     syslogd -m 0 -S -O /tmp/syslog.log -s 256 -l 6
  170  admin   1540  S     /sbin/klogd
  172  admin      0  SW<   [khubd]
  248  admin   2352  S     usbld
  320  admin   2352  S     /sbin/wanduck
  327  admin   1544  R     telnetd
  330  admin   1056  S     /bin/eapd
  335  admin   1492  S     nas
  336  admin   1860  S     /bin/wps_monitor
  337  admin   2352  S     wpsaide
  340  nobody  1100  S     dnsmasq --log-async
  341  admin   4356  S     httpd
  343  admin   1552  S     crond
  344  admin   1028  S     /usr/sbin/infosvr br0
  347  admin   3700  S     watchdog
  348  admin   2352  S     ots
  351  admin   1240  S     rstats
  365  admin   1072  S     lld2d br0
  375  admin   1376  S     /usr/sbin/acsd
  386  admin   2052  S     u2ec
  388  admin   1128  S     lpd
  391  admin   2052  S     u2ec
  395  admin   2052  S     u2ec
  412  admin   1016  S     rdnssd -u admin -i eth0
  413  admin   1084  S     rdnssd -u admin -i eth0
  461  admin   2352  S     ntp
  468  admin    748  S     dhcp6c -T LL eth0
  472  admin    744  S     dhcp6s -c /etc/dhcp6s.conf br0
  474  admin    768  S     radvd -u admin
  476  admin    768  S     radvd -u admin
  477  admin   1556  S     udhcpc -i eth0 -p /var/run/udhcpc0.pid -s /tmp/udhcp
  485  admin    760  S     miniupnpd -f /etc/upnp/config
  486  admin   2352  S     disk_monitor
  884  admin   1308  S     networkmap
 2734  admin   1692  S     -sh
 2794  admin   1544  R     ps
admin@RT-AC66U:/tmp/home/root#
```

## Samsung Galaxy smartphone



```

172.30.1.1 - PuTTY
u0_a61@d2vmu:/ $ clear
u0_a61@d2vmu:/ $ date
Wed Aug 27 17:52:55 PDT 2014
u0_a61@d2vmu:/ $ echo $SHELL
/system/bin/sh
u0_a61@d2vmu:/ $ id
uid=10061(u0_a61) gid=10061(u0_a61) groups=1015(sdcard_rw),1028(sdcard_r),3003(inet),50061(all_a61) context=u:
r:untrusted_app:s0
u0_a61@d2vmu:/ $ cat /proc/version
Linux version 3.4.0-1368792 (dpi@SWDD5612) (gcc version 4.7 (GCC) ) #1 SMP PREEMPT Wed Apr 30 20:46:12 KST 201
4
u0_a61@d2vmu:/ $ ps
USER      PID     PPID  VSIZE  RSS      WCHAN    PC         NAME
root         1         0    1372   888      ffffffff 00000000 S /init
root         2         0         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S kthreadd
root         3         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S ksoftirqd/0
root         6         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S migration/0
root         7         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S watchdog/0
root        12         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S khelper
root        13         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S suspend_sys_syn
root        14         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S suspend
root        17         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S irq/203-msmdata
root        18         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S sync_supers
root        19         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S bdi-default
root        20         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S kblockd
root        21         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S khubd
root        22         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S l2cap
root        23         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S a2mp
root        24         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S cfg80211
root        25         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S rpciod
root        26         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S modem_notifier
root        27         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S smd_channel_clo
root        28         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S smsm_cb_wq
root        30         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S qmi
root        31         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S nmea
root        32         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S msm_ipc_router
root        33         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S apr_driver
root        34         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S khungtaskd
root        35         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S kswapd0
root        36         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S fsnotify_mark
root        37         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S ecryptfs-kthrea
root        38         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S nfsiod
root        39         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S cifsiod
root        40         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S crypto
root        58         2         0       0      ffffffff 00000000 S mdp_dma_wq

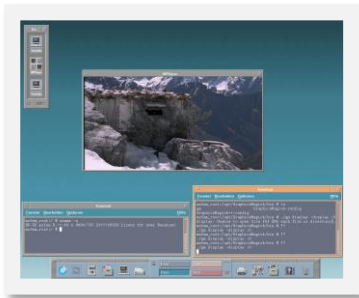
```

## VMware ESXi server



```
simben90@excalibur:~
~ # clear
~ # date
Thu Aug 28 00:59:38 UTC 2014
~ # hostname
vmserver3.cis.cabrillo.edu
~ # who
root          char/pty/t0      00:00   Aug 28 00:57:54   excalibur.cis.cabrillo.edu
~ # uname
VMkernel
~ # ps | head
WID  CID  World Name          Command
32769      idle1
32770      idle2
32771      idle3
32772      idle4
32773      idle5
32774      idle6
32775      idle7
32776      idle8
~ # ps | grep sh
32786      tlbflushcount
32787      tlbflushcountryflush
32788      vaSpaceTLBFlush
32873      pshare-est
32901      OCFlush
32903      BCFlush-0
33273 33273 sh                /bin/sh
33315 33315 sh                /bin/sh
33479 33479 sh                /bin/sh
33743 33743 sh                /bin/sh
33780 33780 sh                /bin/sh
33818 33818 sh                /bin/sh
33871 33871 sh                /bin/sh
33911 33911 sh                /bin/sh
33947 33947 sh                /bin/sh
33990 33990 sh                /bin/sh
34064 34064 sh                /bin/sh
34115 34115 sh                /bin/sh
34217 34217 sh                /bin/sh
34260 34260 sh                /bin/sh
34297 34297 sh                /bin/sh
34333 34333 sh                /bin/sh
34539 34539 sh                /bin/sh
34613 34613 sh                /bin/sh
34706 34706 sh                /bin/sh
35049 35049 sh                /bin/sh
4197333 4197333 sshd             sshd
4197376 4197376 sh                -sh
~ #
```

## HP-UX



```
cupsim98.cup.hp.com - PuTTY
restrictions as set forth in sub-paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in
Technical Data and Computer Software clause in DFARS 252.227-7013.

Hewlett-Packard Company
3000 Hanover Street
Palo Alto, CA 94304 U.S.A.

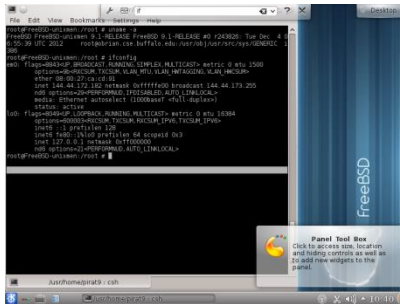
Rights for non-DOD U.S. Government Departments and Agencies are as set
forth in FAR 52.227-19(c)(1,2).
You have mail.

Value of TERM has been set to "xterm".
WARNING: YOU ARE SUPERUSER !!

# ls /
.mozilla          .sw              home            sbin
.mozilla-license  bin             lib             stand
.profile          core            lost+found      tmp
.rnd              dev             net             usr
.ssh              etc             opt             var

# uname -a
HP-UX cupsim98 B.11.23 U ia64 0564465391 unlimited-user license
#
```

## BSD Unix



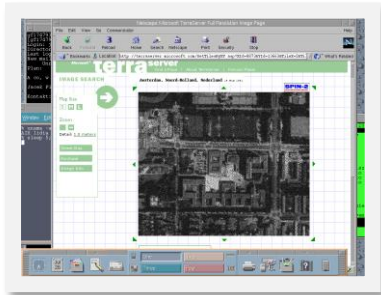
```

root@FreeBSD-unixmen:/root # uname -a
FreeBSD FreeBSD-unixmen 9.1-RELEASE FreeBSD 9.1-RELEASE #0 r243826: Tue Dec  4 0
6:55:39 UTC 2012      root@obrian.cse.buffalo.edu:/usr/obj/usr/src/sys/GENERIC i
386
root@FreeBSD-unixmen:/root # ifconfig
em0: flags=8843<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,SIMPLEX,MULTICAST> metric 0 mtu 1500
    options=9b<RXCSUM, TXCSUM, VLAN_MTU, VLAN_HWTAGGING, VLAN_HWCSUM>
    ether 08:00:27:ca:cd:91
    inet 144.44.172.182 netmask 0xfffffe00 broadcast 144.44.173.255
    nd6 options=29<PERFORMNUD,IFDISABLED,AUTO_LINKLOCAL>
    media: Ethernet autoselect (1000baseT <full-duplex>)
    status: active
lo0: flags=8049<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING,MULTICAST> metric 0 mtu 16384
    options=600003<RXCSUM, TXCSUM, RXCSUM_IPV6, TXCSUM_IPV6>
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128
    inet6 fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x3
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 0xff000000
    nd6 options=21<PERFORMNUD,AUTO_LINKLOCAL>
root@FreeBSD-unixmen:/root # █

```



## IBM AIX

A screenshot of a terminal window titled 'dtterm'. The terminal has a menu bar with 'Window', 'Edit', 'Options', and 'Help'. The command prompt is '\$'. The user has entered the command 'uname -a', which returned 'AIX aix 3 5 004518FC4C00'. The user then entered 'cat .screenrc', which displayed the following content:

```
log off
hardstatus alwayslastline "%{-b ck} %?%-w%?%{+b}%n%f %t%{-b} %?%+w%? %=- %l %
D %d/%m/%Y %Oc "
hardstatus on
escape ^Tt
```

The terminal status bar at the bottom shows '0 ksh', '1 irssi', '2 VMS', and a question mark, followed by the date and time '? Sat 15/03/2008 00:35'.